Quality control monitoring for WFCAM



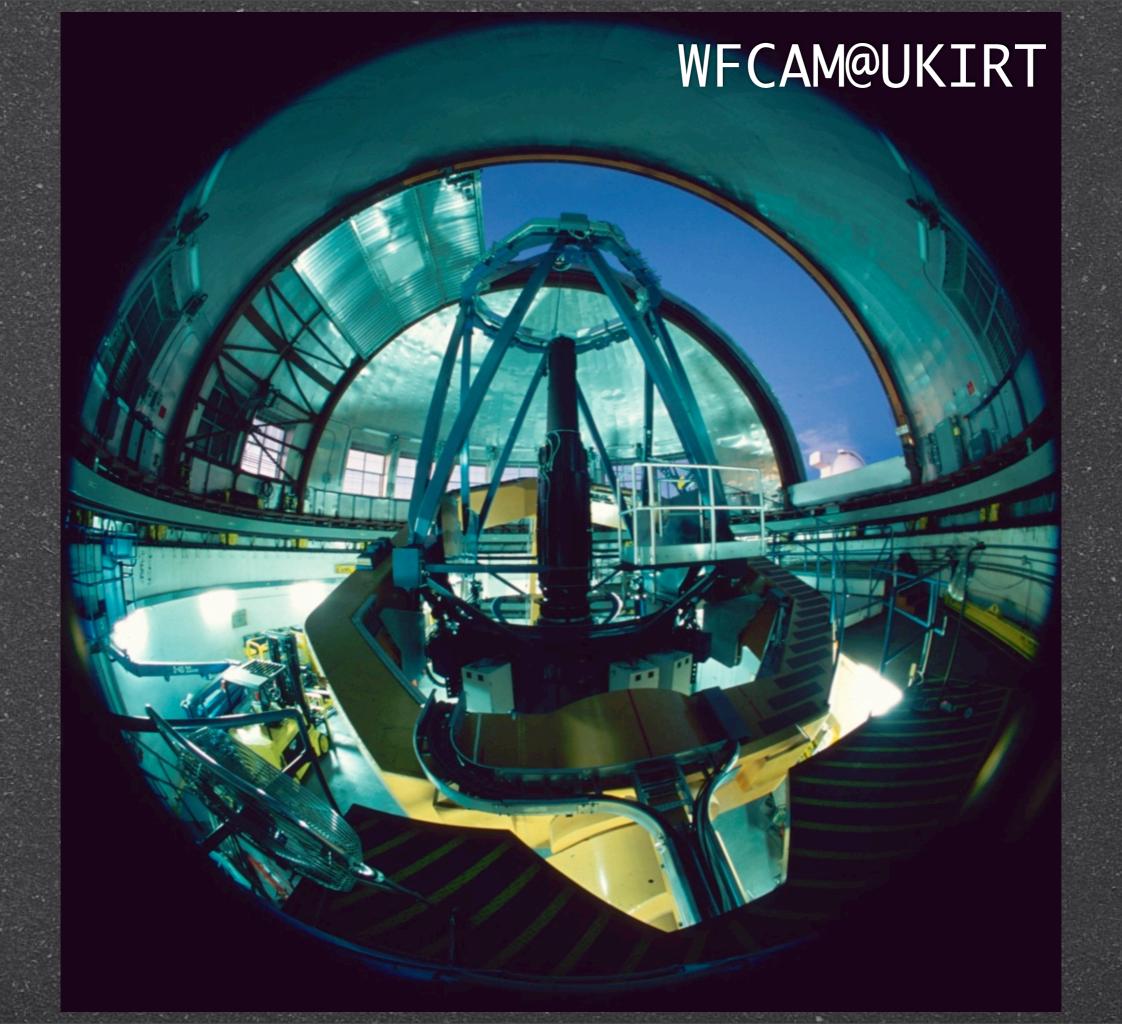
Marco Riello CASU - Cambridge, UK

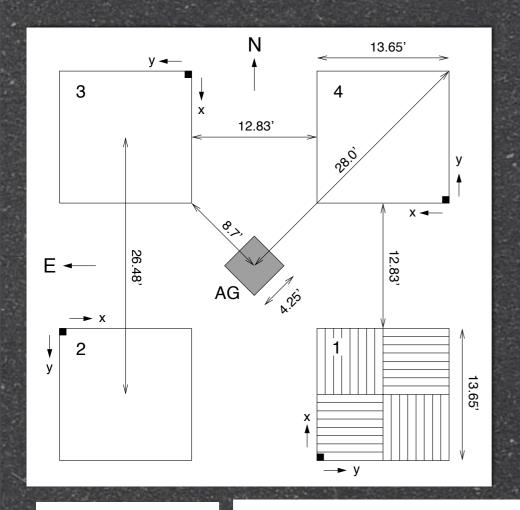


mriello@ast.cam.ac.uk

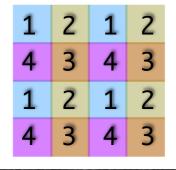
Talk outline

- WFCAM overview
- WFCAM operations at CASU
- Quality control
- Mauna Kea NIR sky

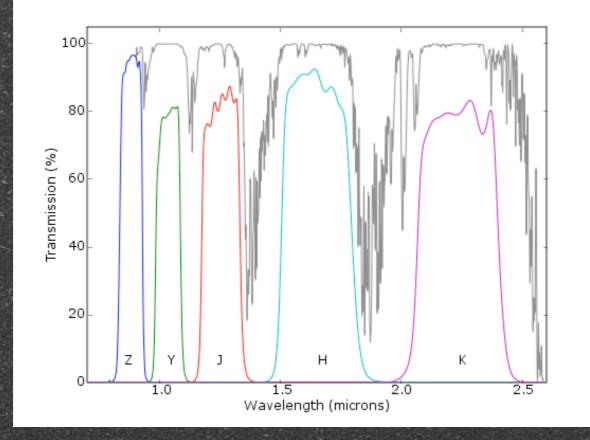


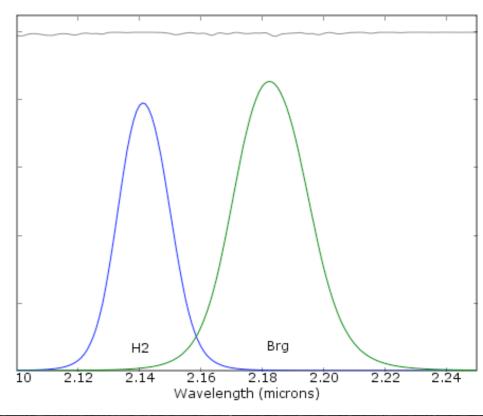


Detectors	4 Rockwell-Hawaii-II (HgCdTe 2K x 2k)
Scale	0.4 arcsec/pix
F.O.V.	0.8 sq.deg.
Filter set	ZYJHK-H2BrY
Data Volume	~140 Gb/night

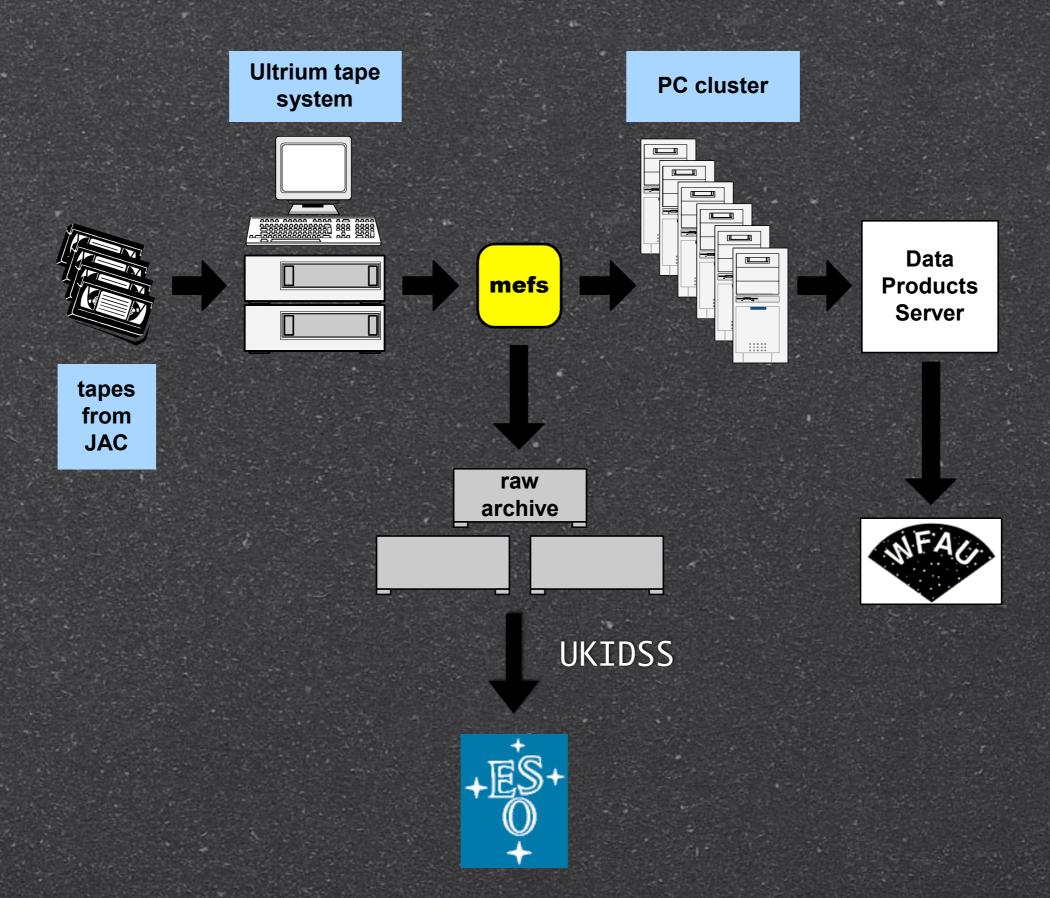


Tile





Data Flow



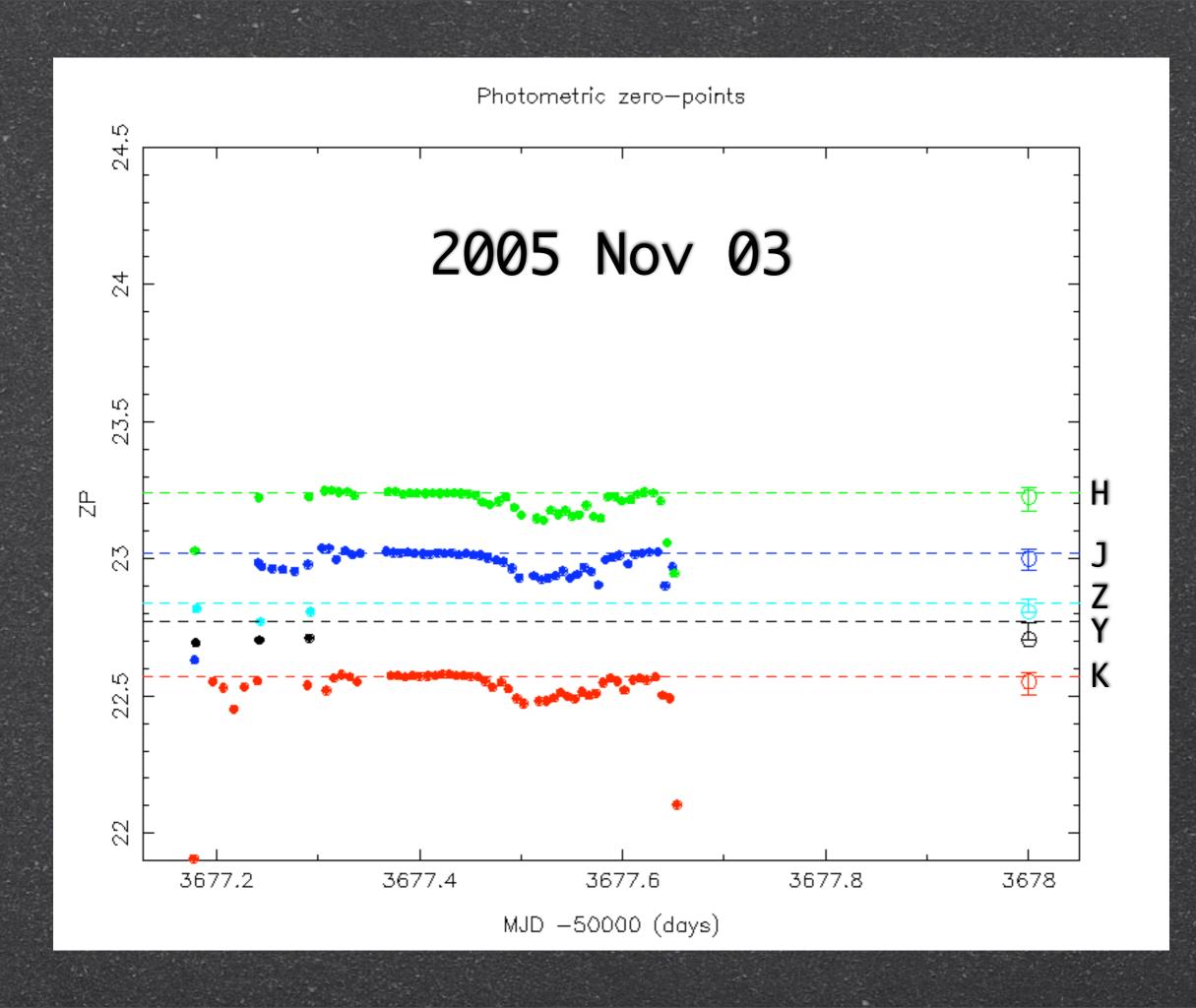
Operations Summary

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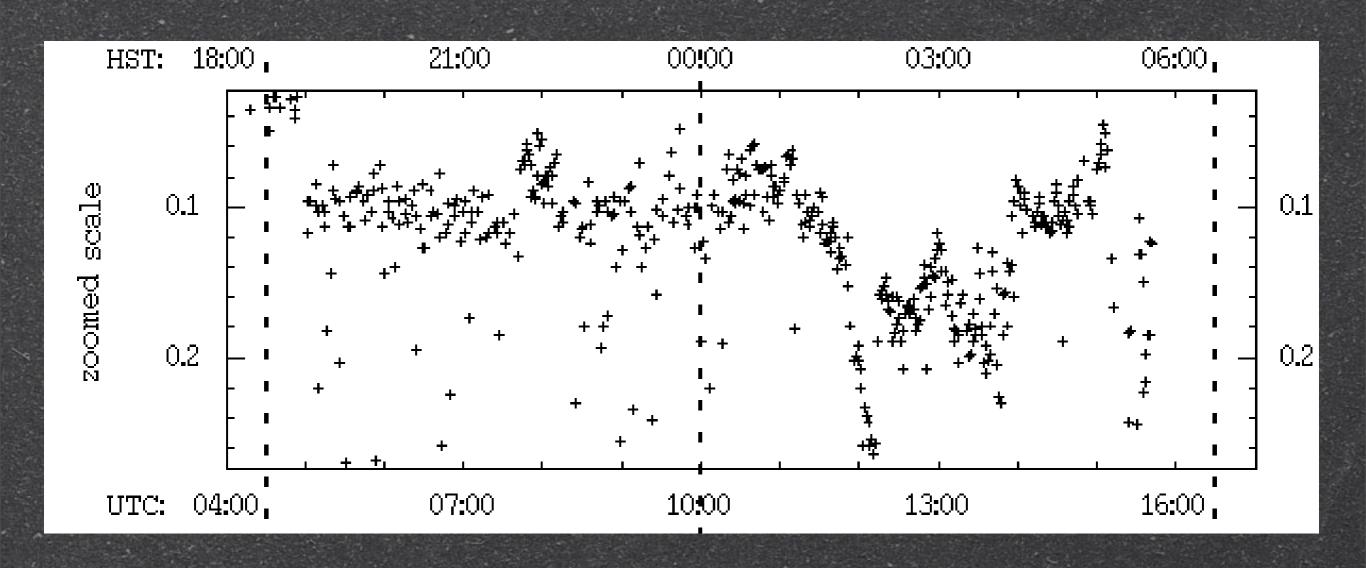
- 3 semesters of operations (05A, 05B, 06A):
 - 329 nights, ~30 Tb raw, ~70 Tb reduced
 - ~400000 raw files transferred to the ESO archive
 - 600000+ raw files, ~2.5m after processing
 - 2100 raw images/night [1500,2500] (inc. cal.)
 - 765m detected objects
 - Effort required: ~1 FTE

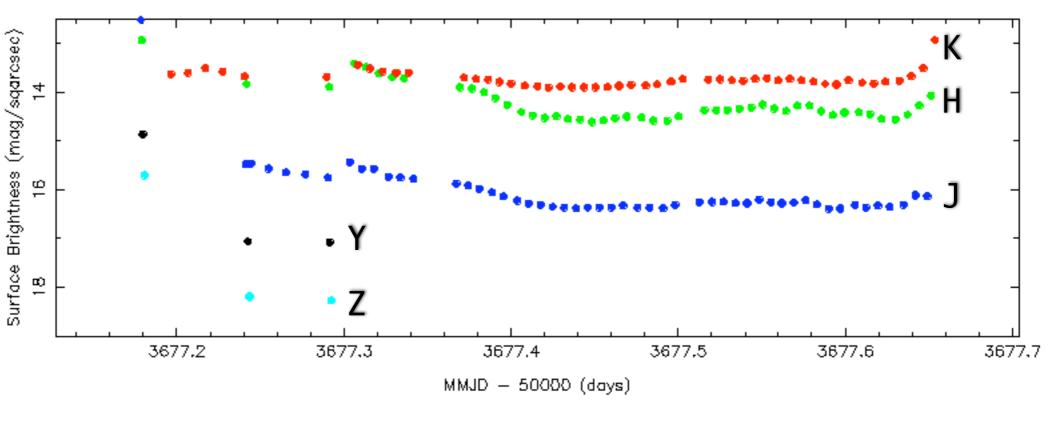
Operations Summary

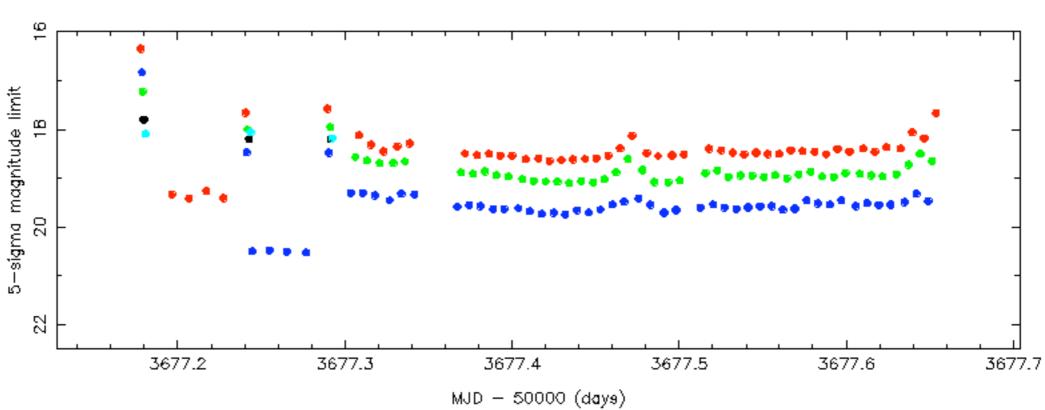
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 - Effort required: ~1 FTE
- Processed data:
 - Images (stacked/interleaved) + confidence maps
 - Source catalogues (FITS binary tables, 80 cols.)
 - QC measures (FITS headers) + summary plots/ascii

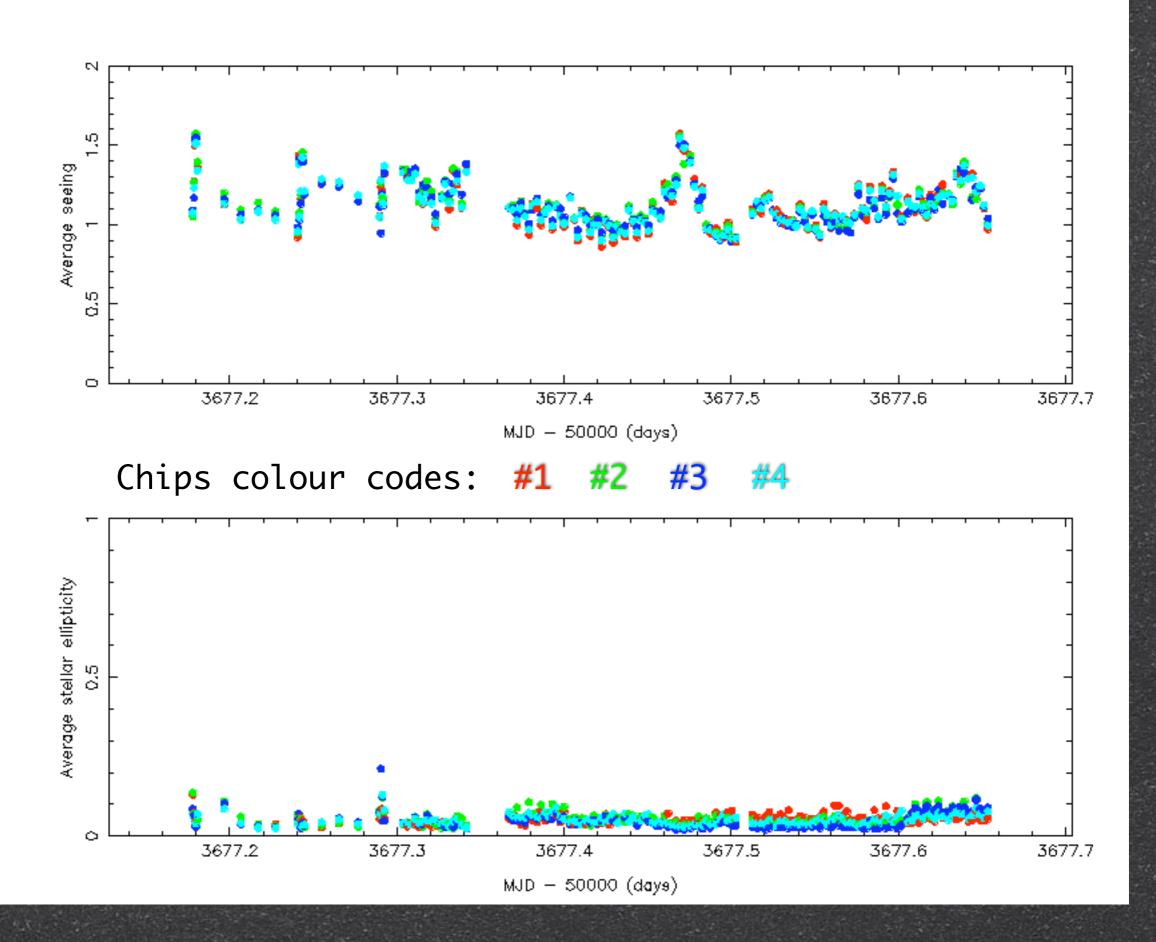


Attenuation (SkyProbe@CFHT)







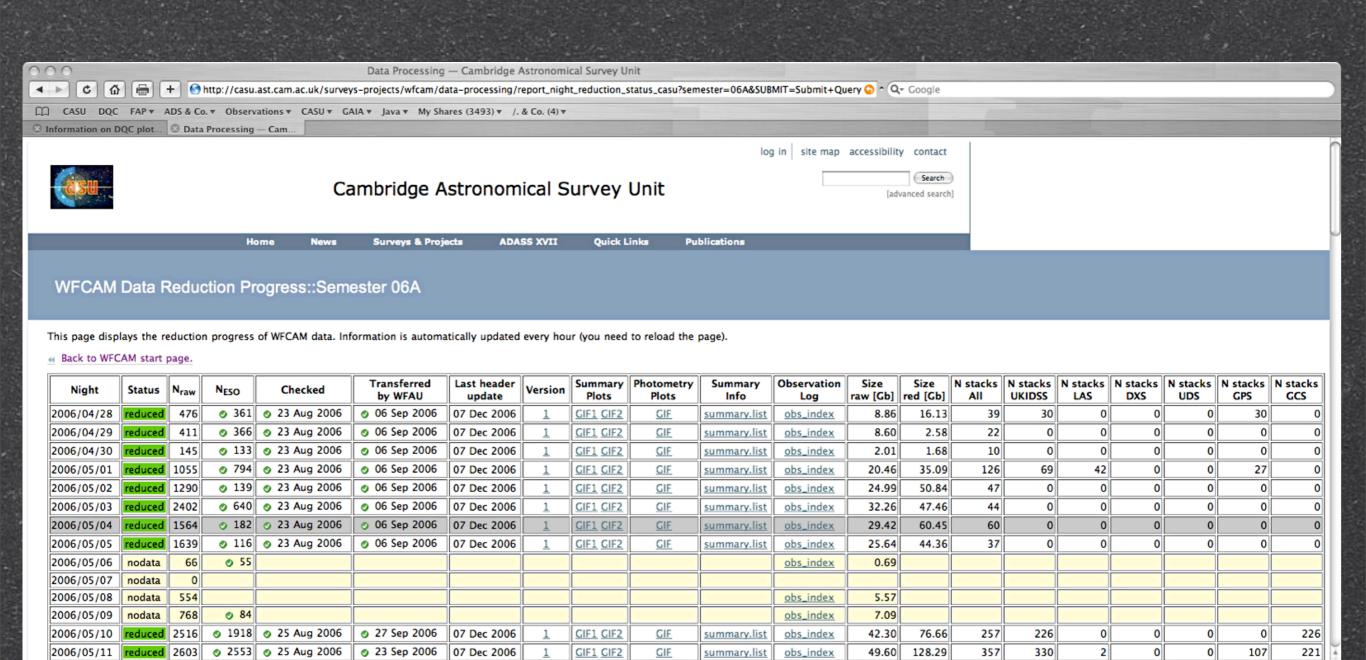




- PostgreSQL Database
 - Normalised, Materialised Views
 - Ingestion layer validates data
 - Only image metadata not the catalogues

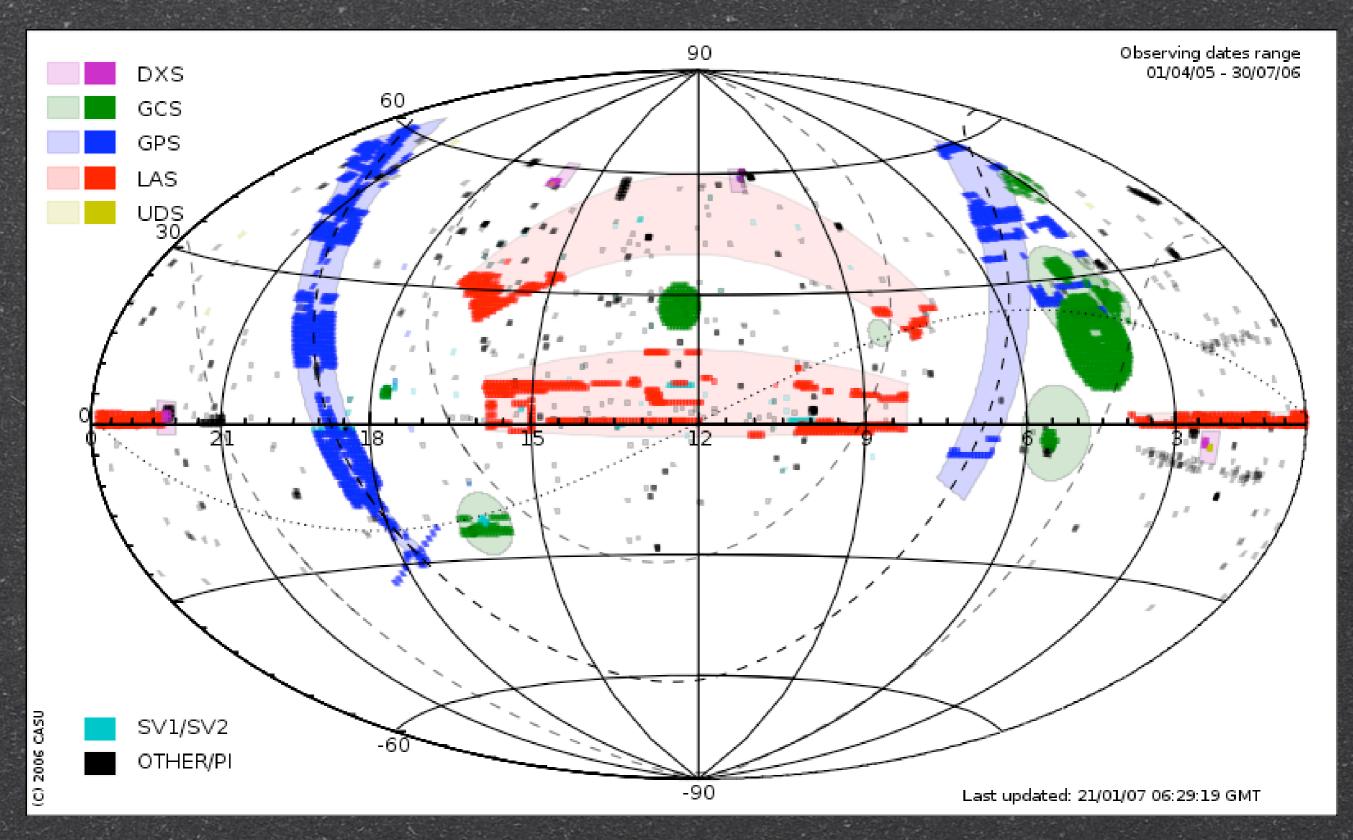
- PostgreSQL Database
 - Normalised, Materialised Views
 - Ingestion layer validates data
 - Only image metadata not the catalogues
- Feeding/allowing:
 - Internal data management
 - Data processing status (night basis)
 - UKIDSS Survey progress
 - Feedback on survey efficiency/statistics
 - Sky brightness analysis

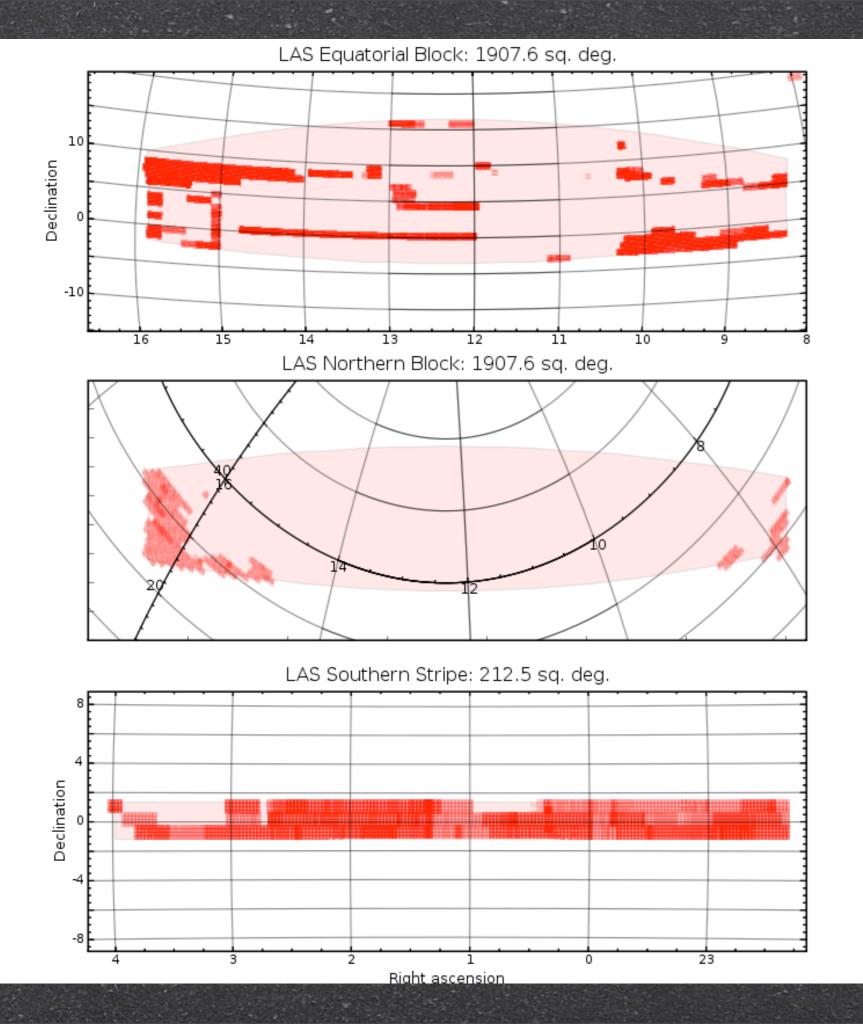
WFCAM Data Reduction Progress

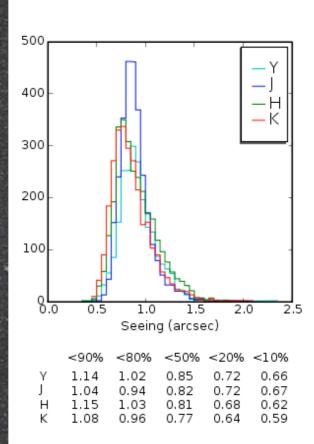


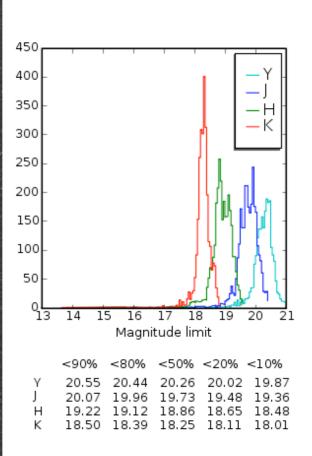
http://casu.ast.cam.ac.uk/surveys-projects/wfcam

UKIDSS Survey Progress





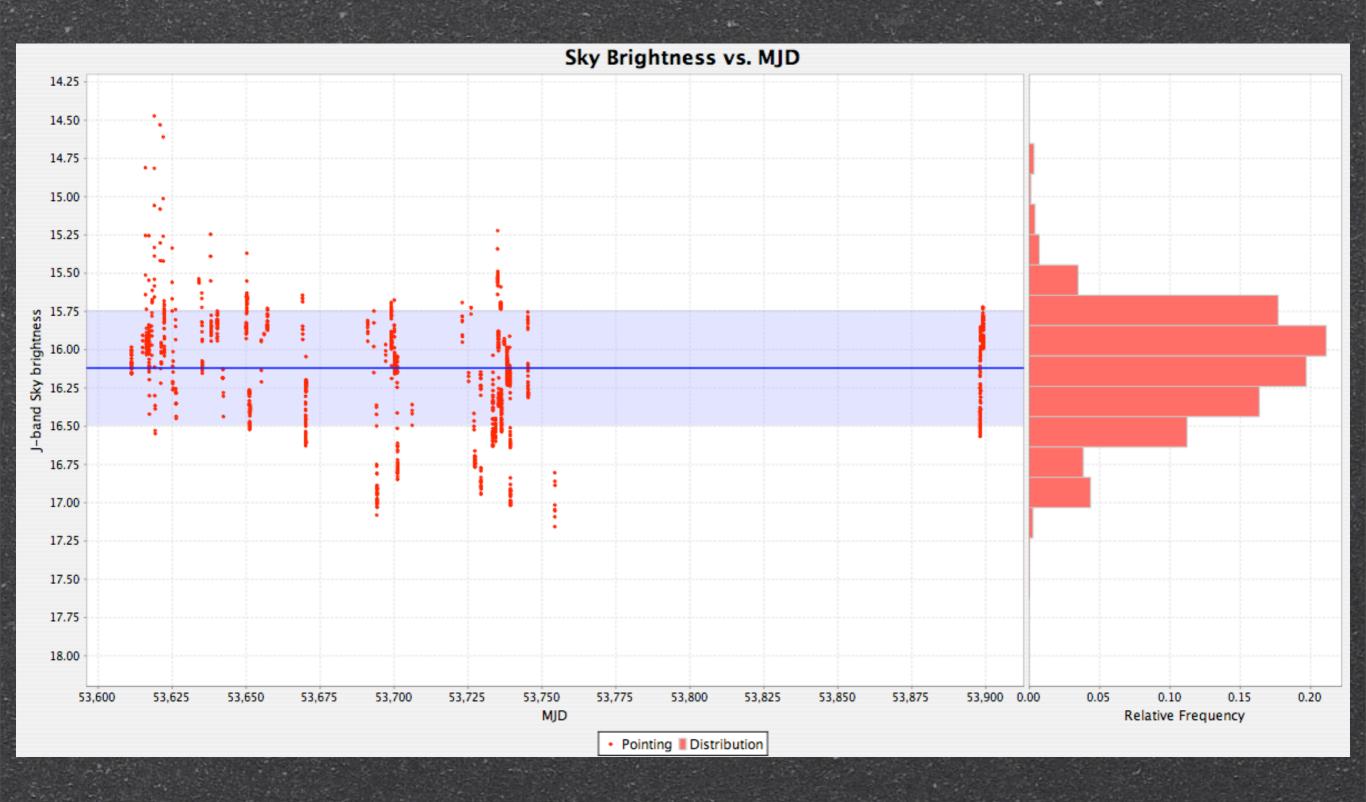




Sky Brightness at Mauna Kea

(work in progress)

Dark-time: J-band

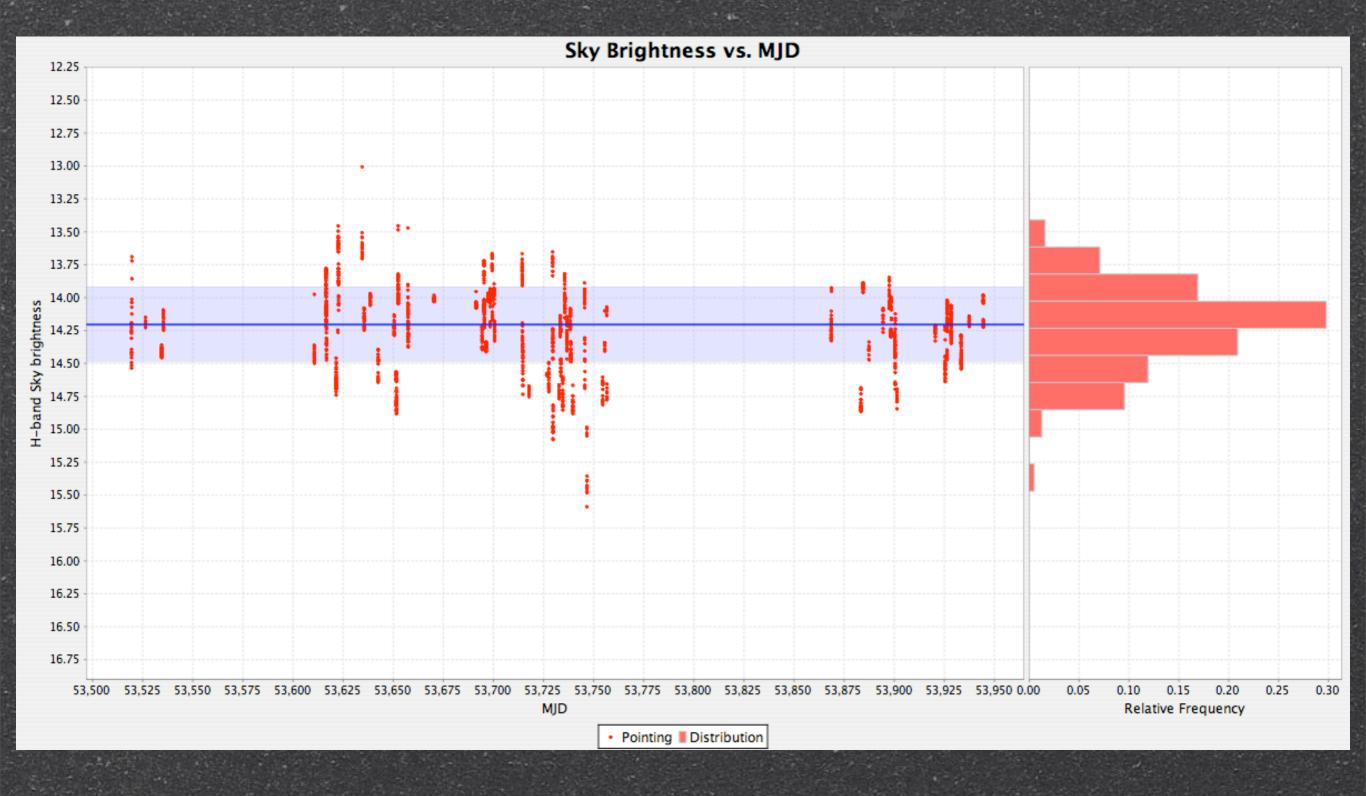


 $sky_J=16.11$ mag

 $\sigma_{J}=0.38$ mag

N=1343

Dark-time: H band

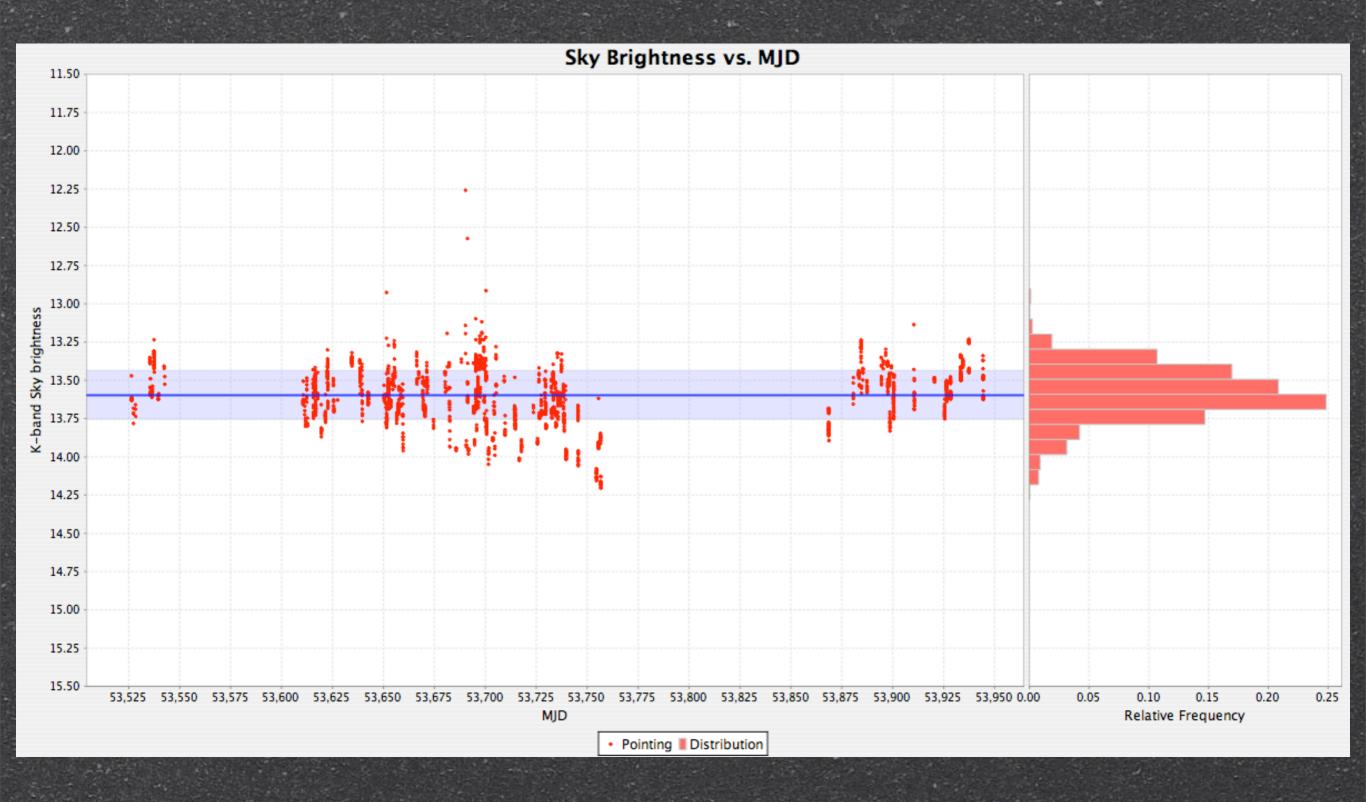


 $sky_H=14.20$ mag

 $\sigma_{H}=0.29$ mag

N=1824

Dark-time: K band

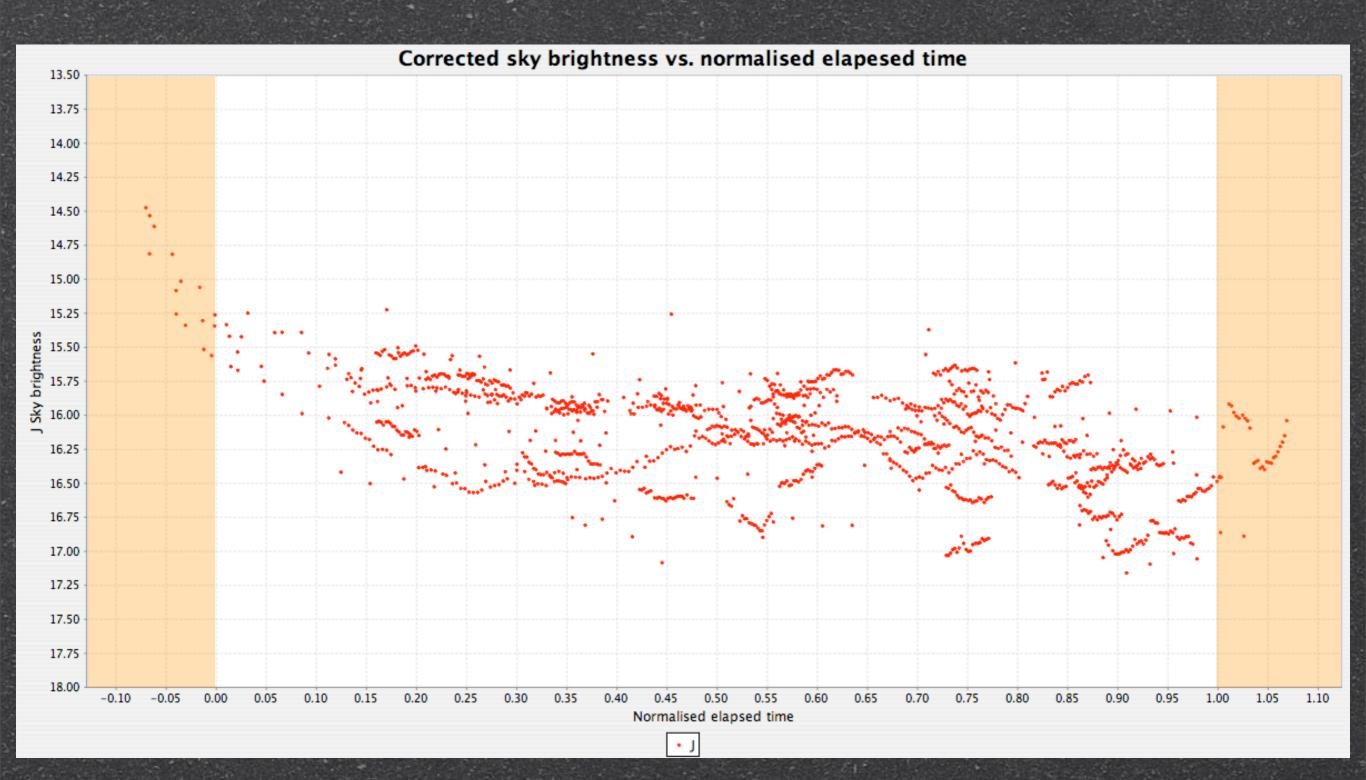


 $sky_K=13.59$ mag

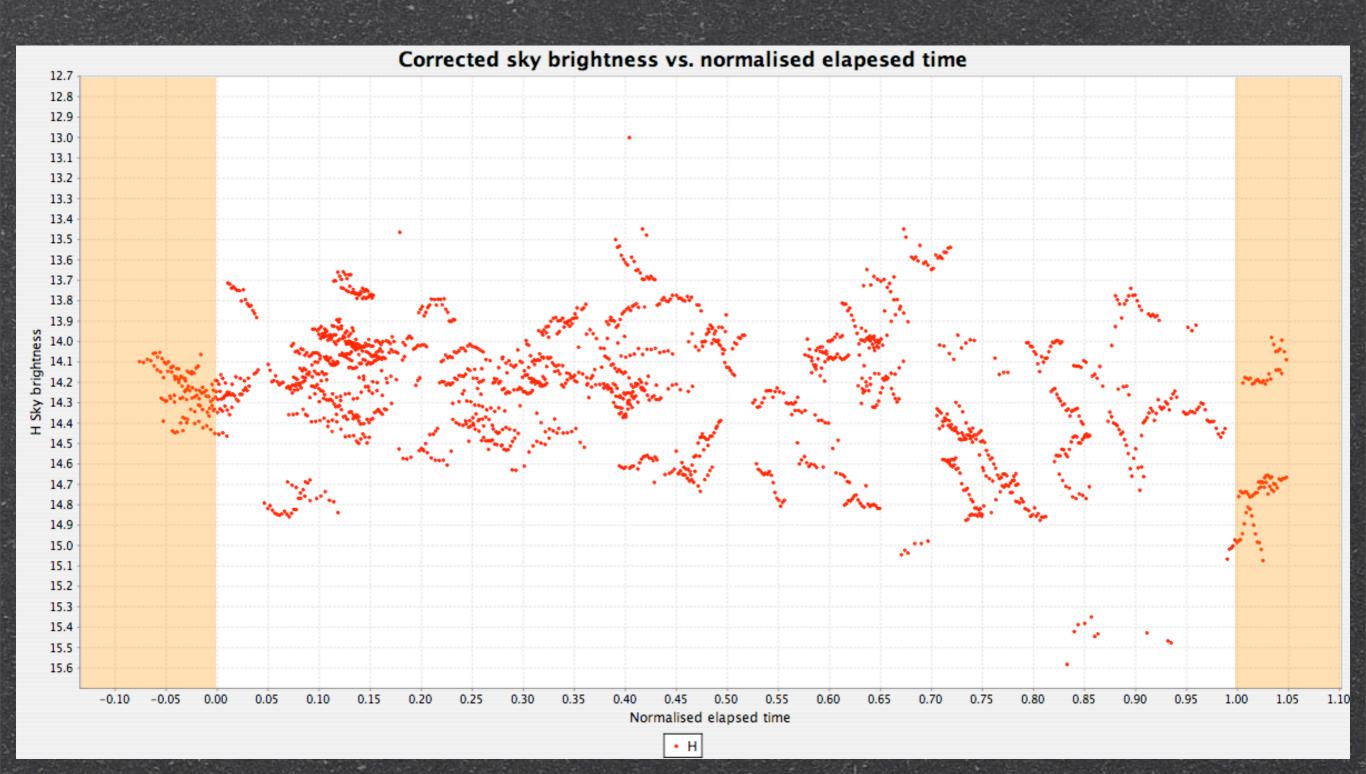
 $\sigma_K=0.16$ mag

N = 2423

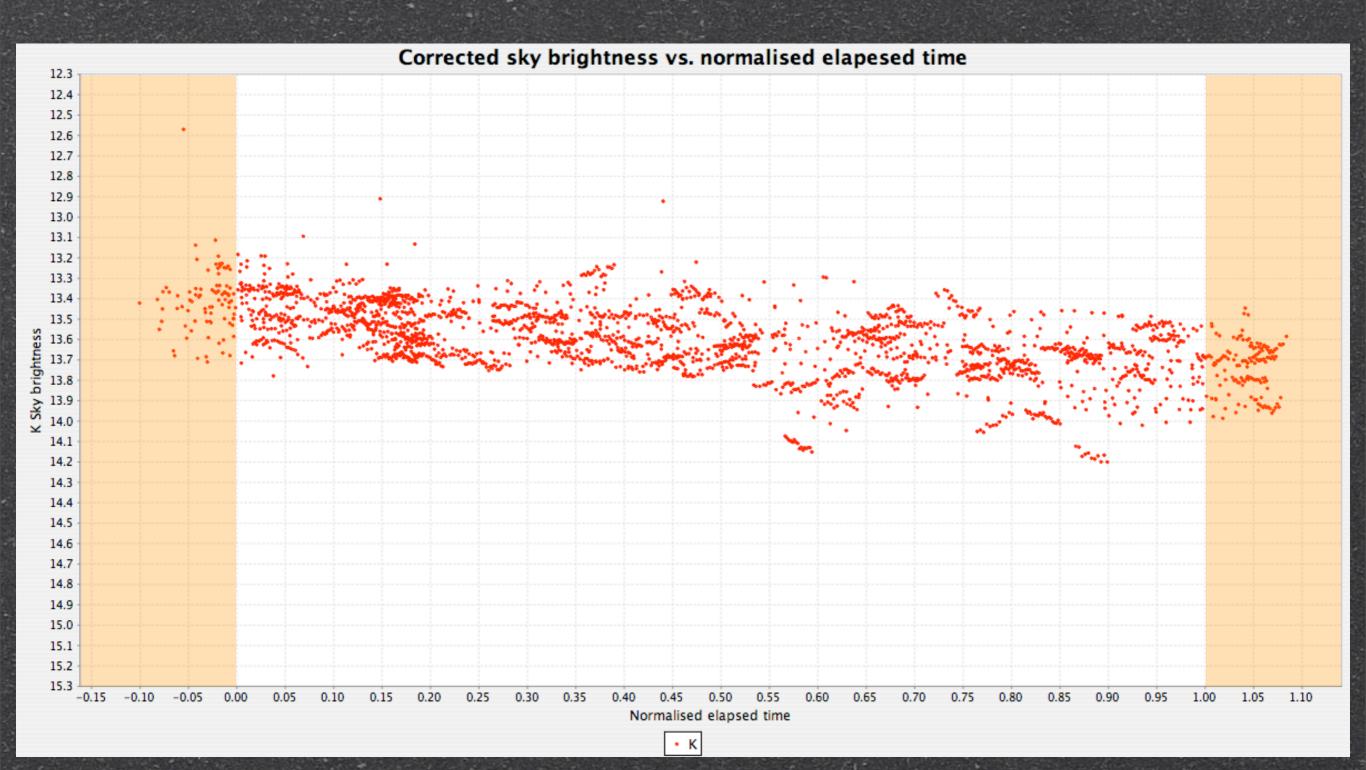
Trends I - time J



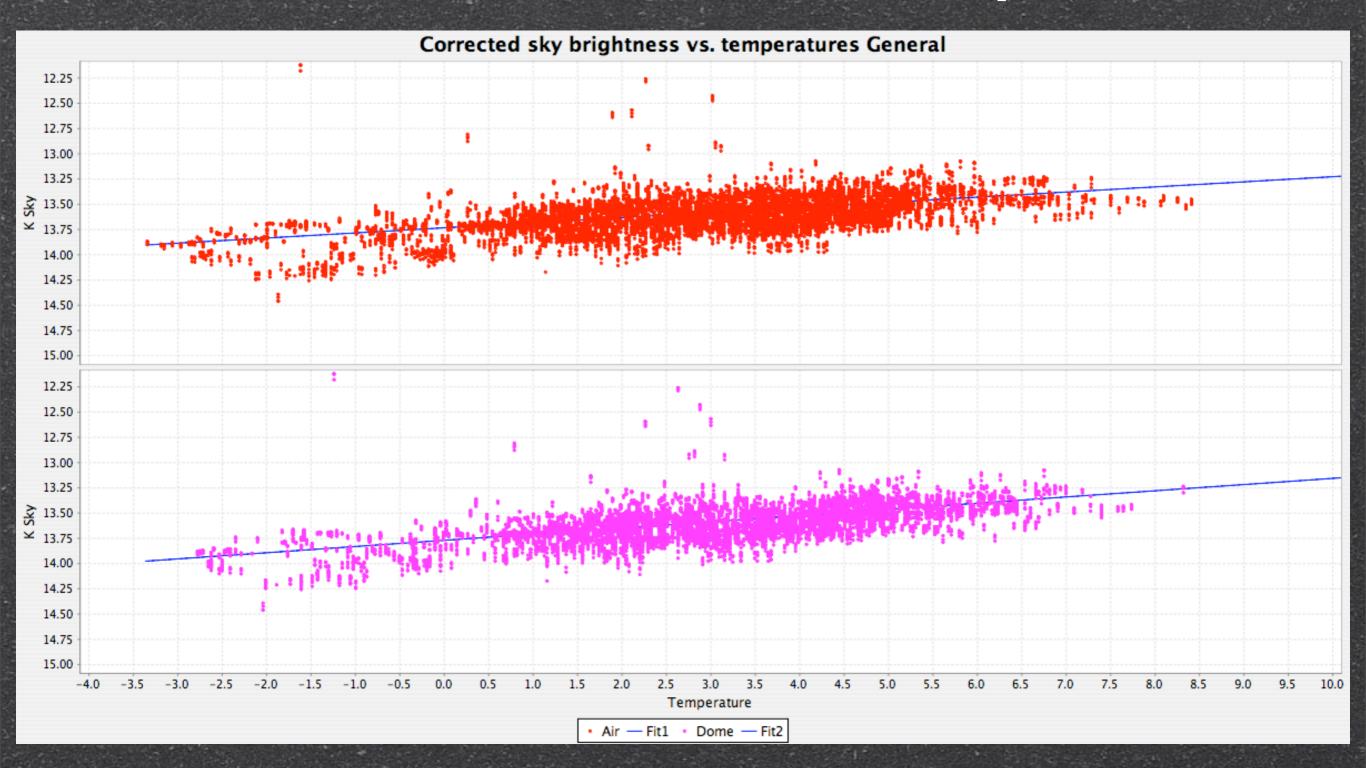
Trends I - time H



Trends I - time K



Trends II - Temp. K



Sky brightness trends Conclusions

- Sky gets darker toward the end of the night
- HK see "dark" twilights
- K sky gets brighter with increasing T at a rate of ~0.03 mag/deg
- Moon does not make an appreciable difference

Thanks for your attention

Any questions?

mriello@ast.cam.ac.uk

CASU: http://casu.ast.cam.ac.uk

http://www.ukidss.org

http://www.vista.ac.uk