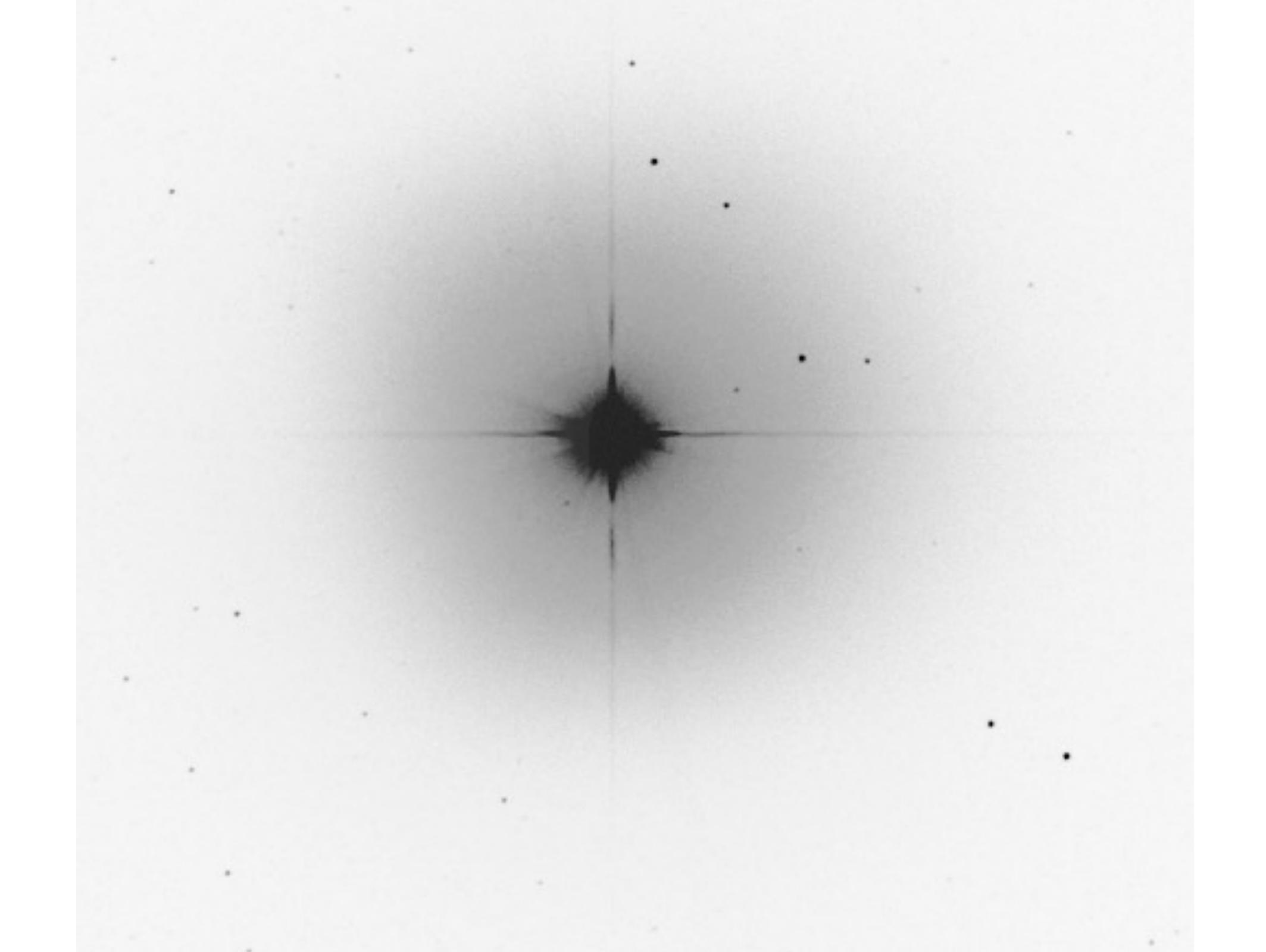
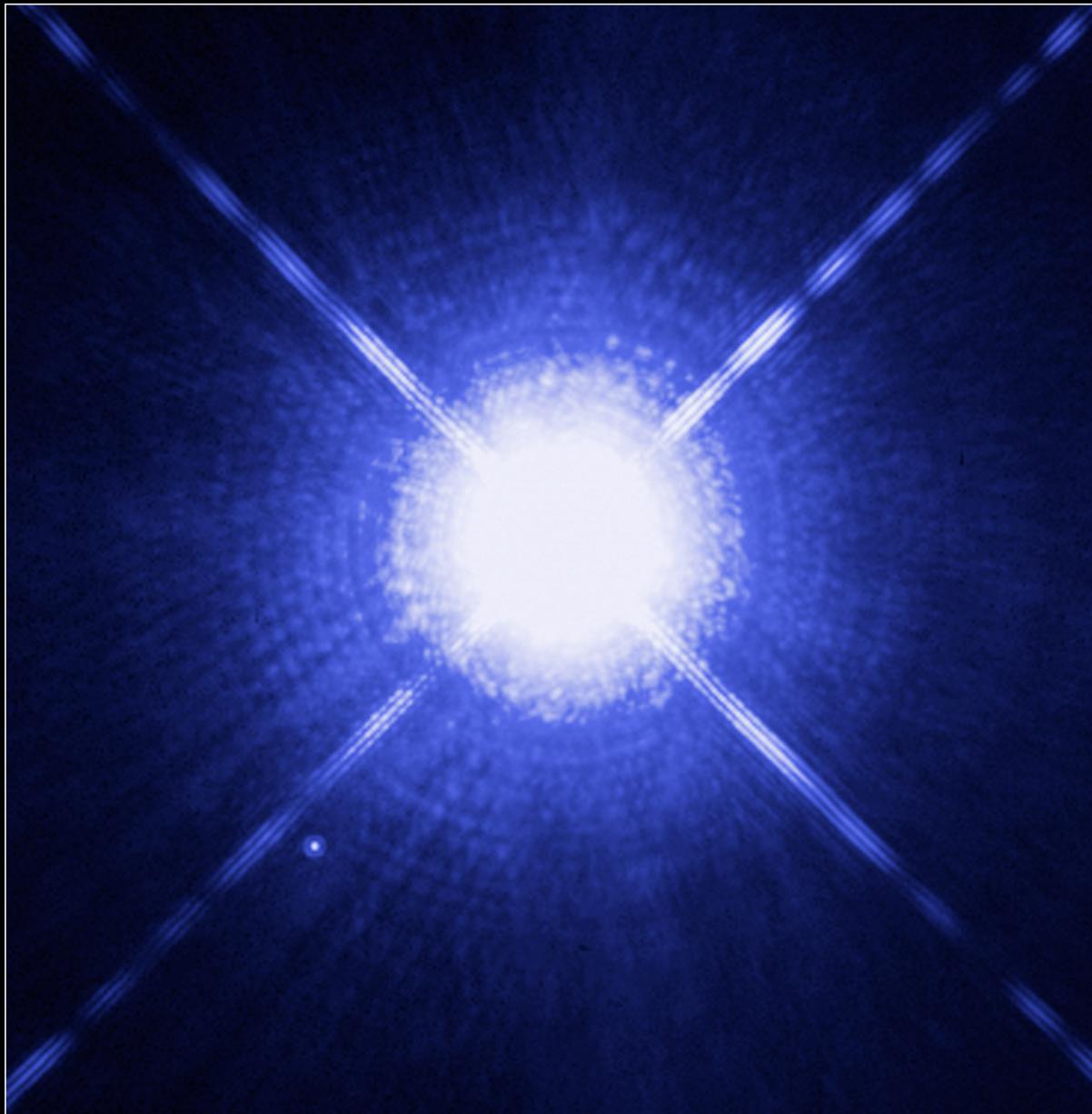


# Structure and Evolution of Stars



## Lecture 14





Sirius A and Sirius B  
Hubble Space Telescope • WFPC2

NASA, ESA, H. Bond (STScI), and M. Barstow (University of Leicester)

STScI-PRC05-36a

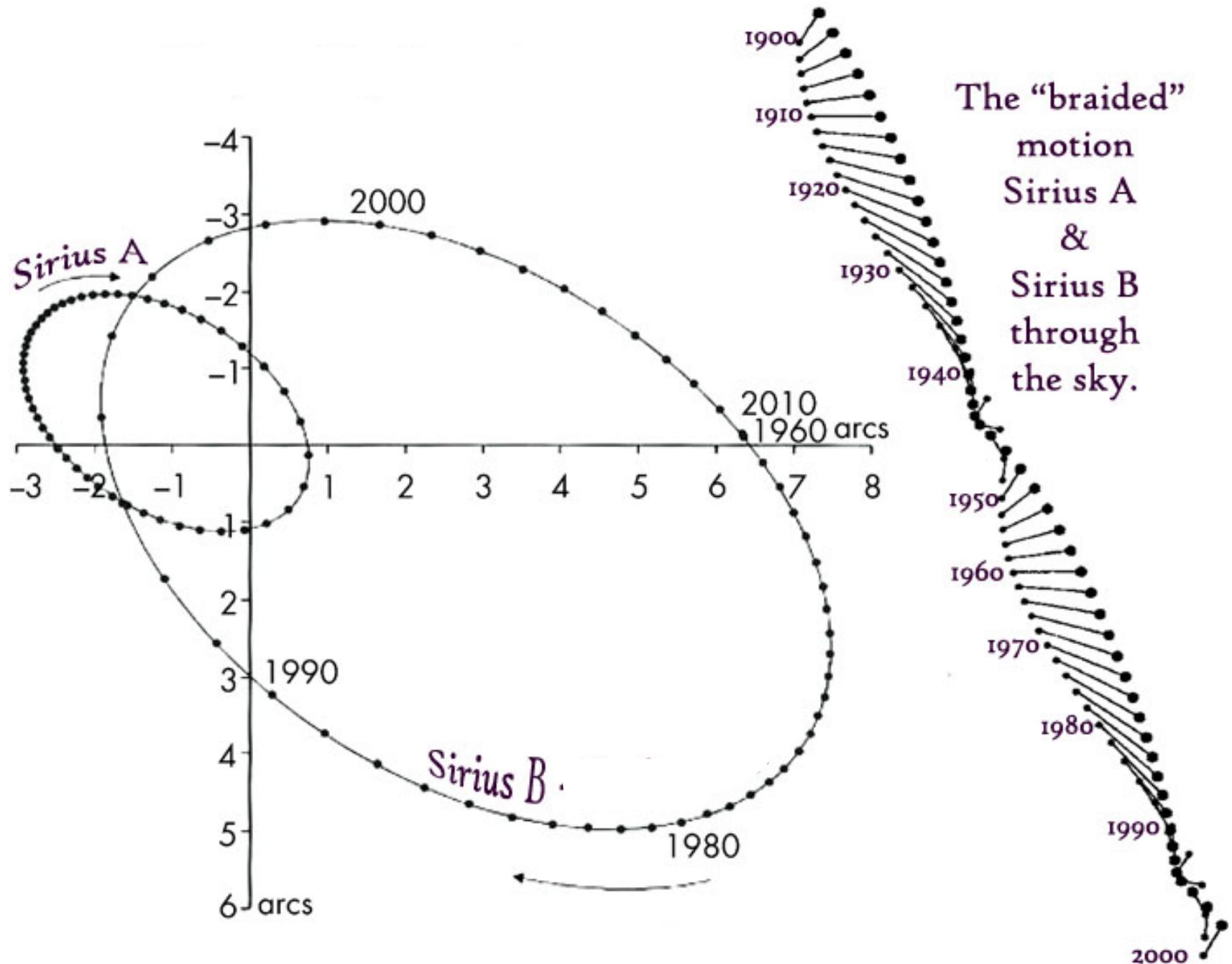
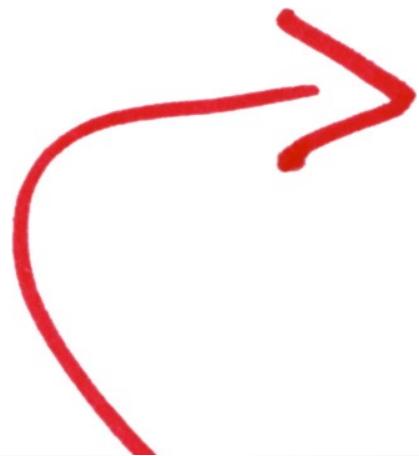
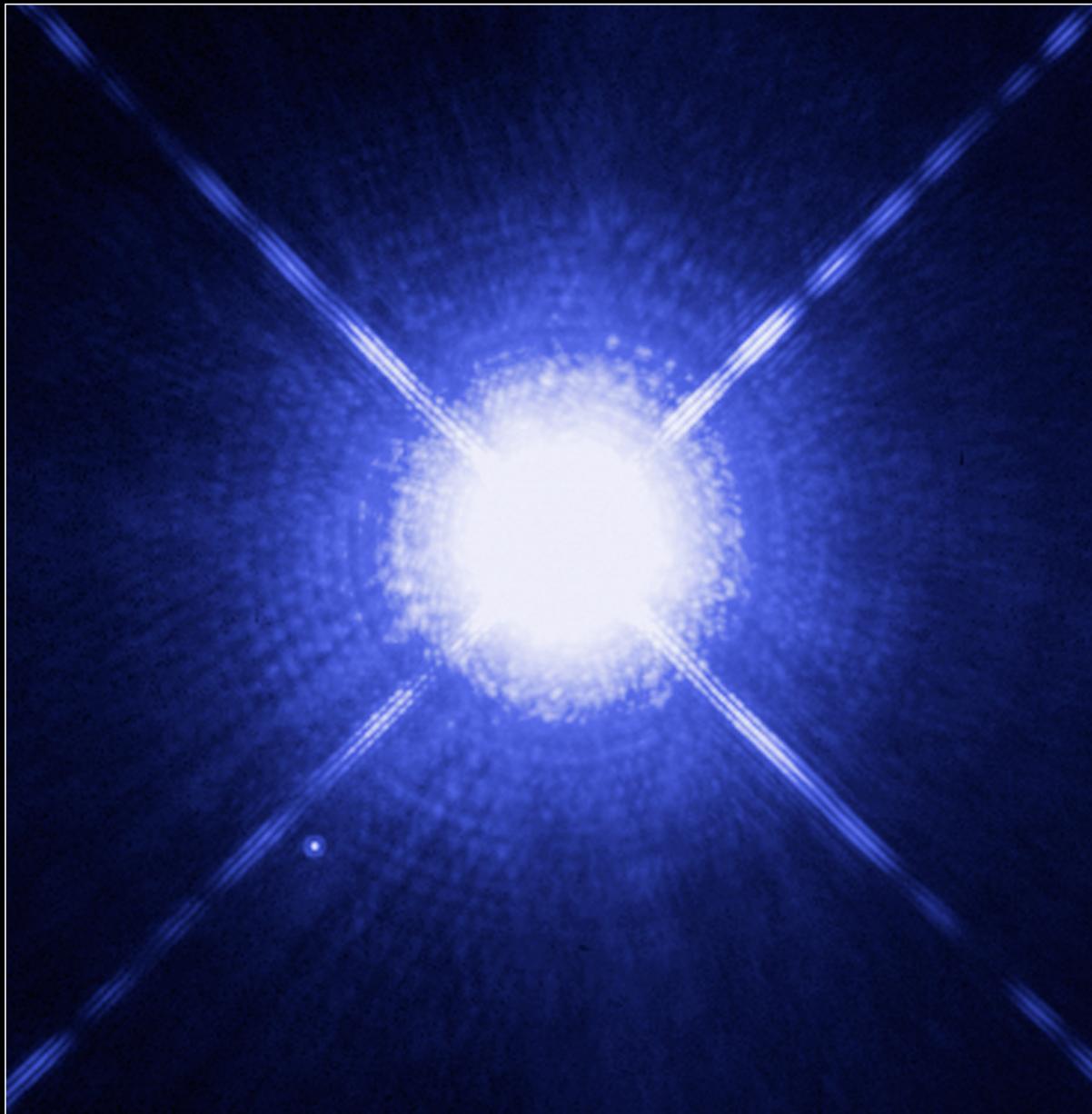


Table 14.1 Physical Parameters of the Sirius A B Binary System.

Property	Sirius A	Sirius B
Spectral type	A1V	DA2
$M_V$ (mag)	1.4	11.2
Mass ( $M_\odot$ )	2.0	0.98
Radius ( $R_\odot$ )	1.7	0.0084
Surface gravity ( $\log g$ )	4.3	8.57
Luminosity ( $L_\odot$ )	25	0.026
Temperature (K)	9940	25 200





Sirius A and Sirius B  
Hubble Space Telescope • WFPC2

NASA, ESA, H. Bond (STScI), and M. Barstow (University of Leicester)

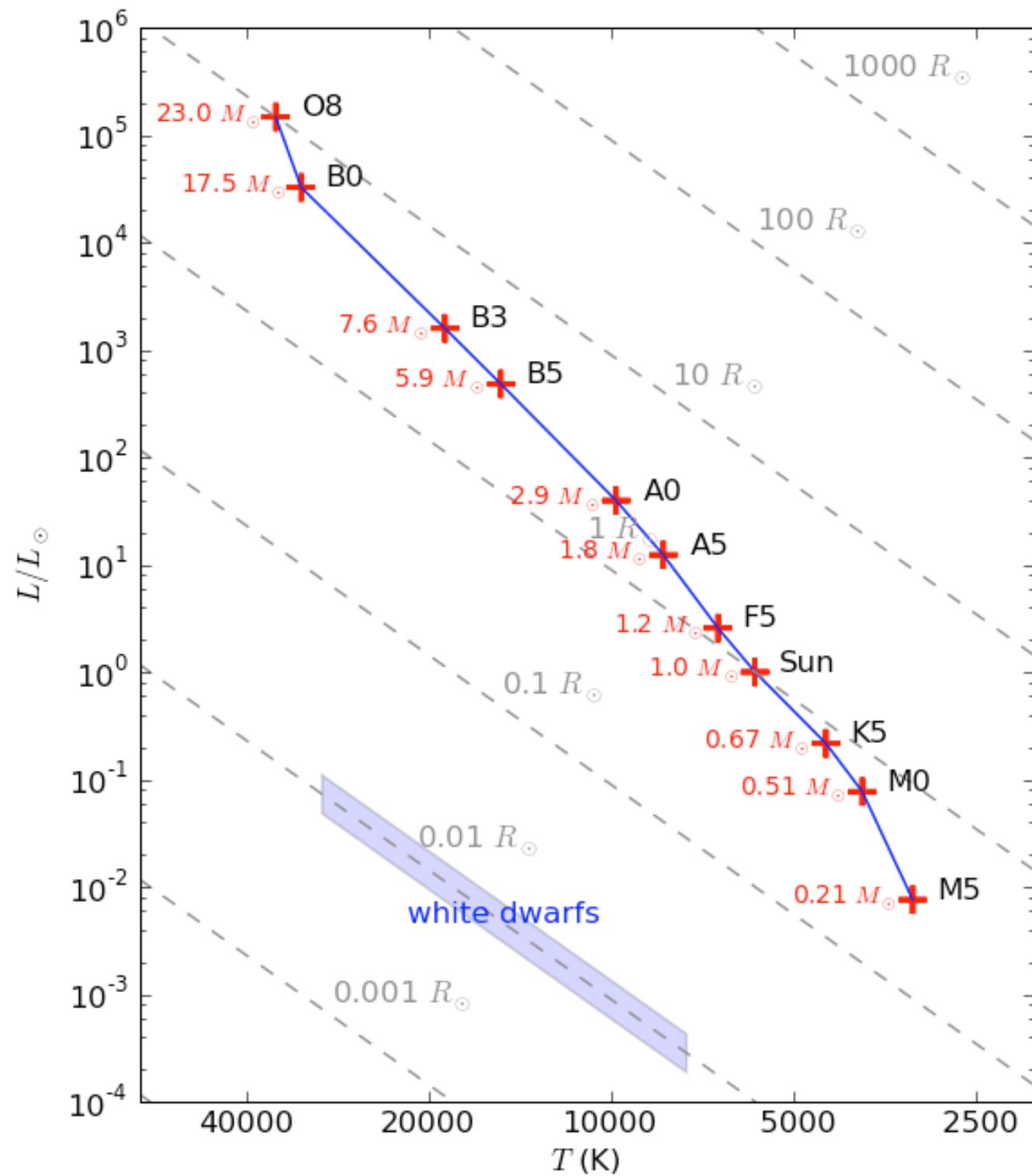
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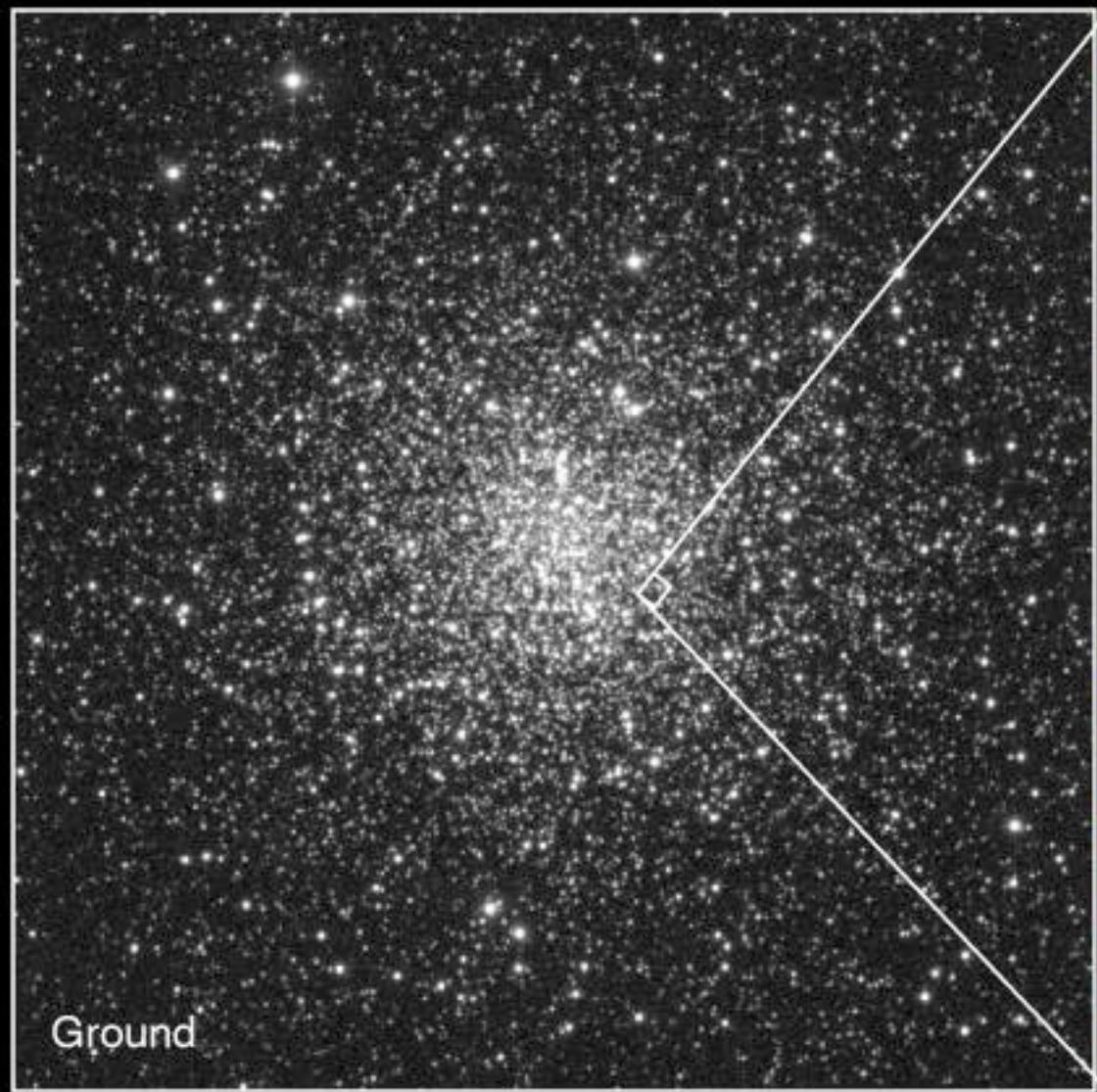
*Chandra X-ray Observatory*  
[chandra.harvard.edu](http://chandra.harvard.edu)



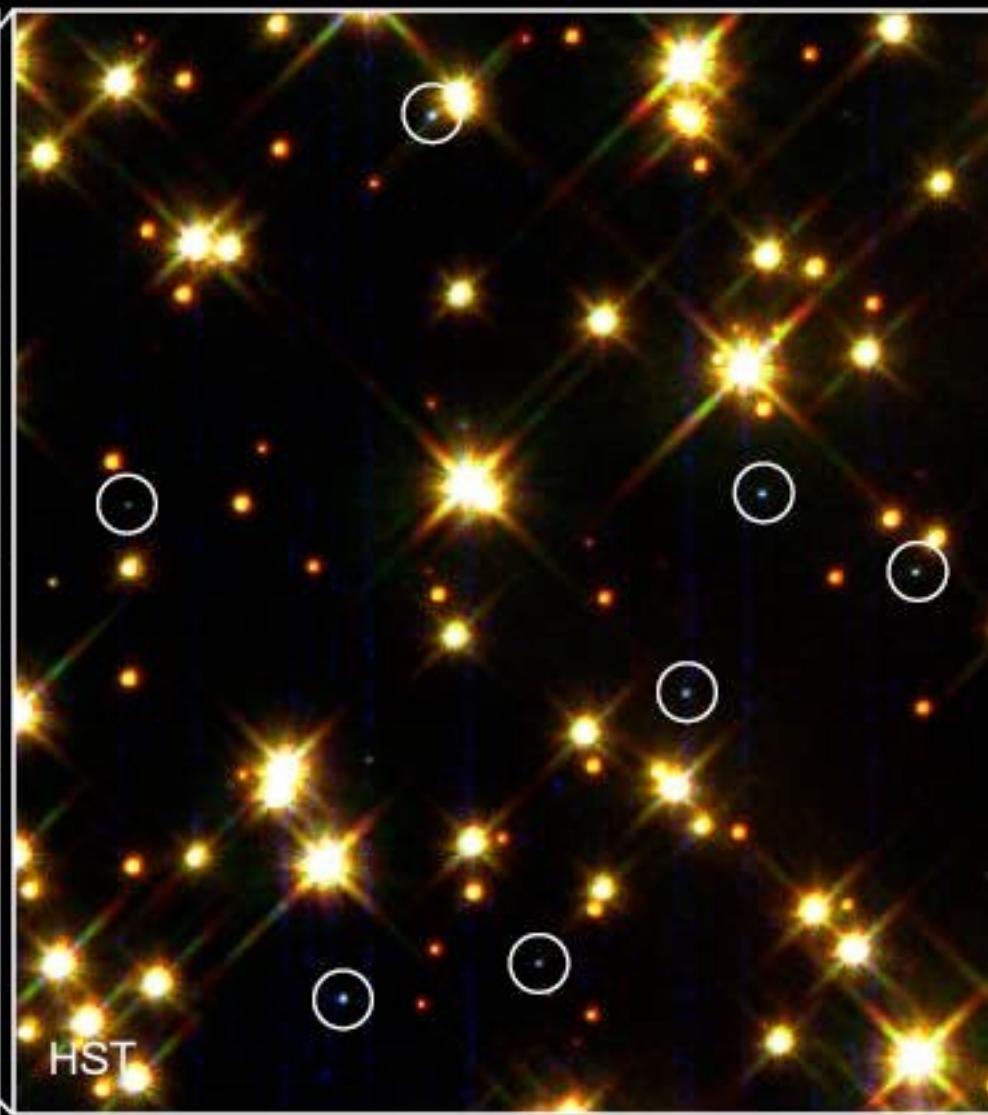
Sirius A & B  
NASA/SAO/CXC







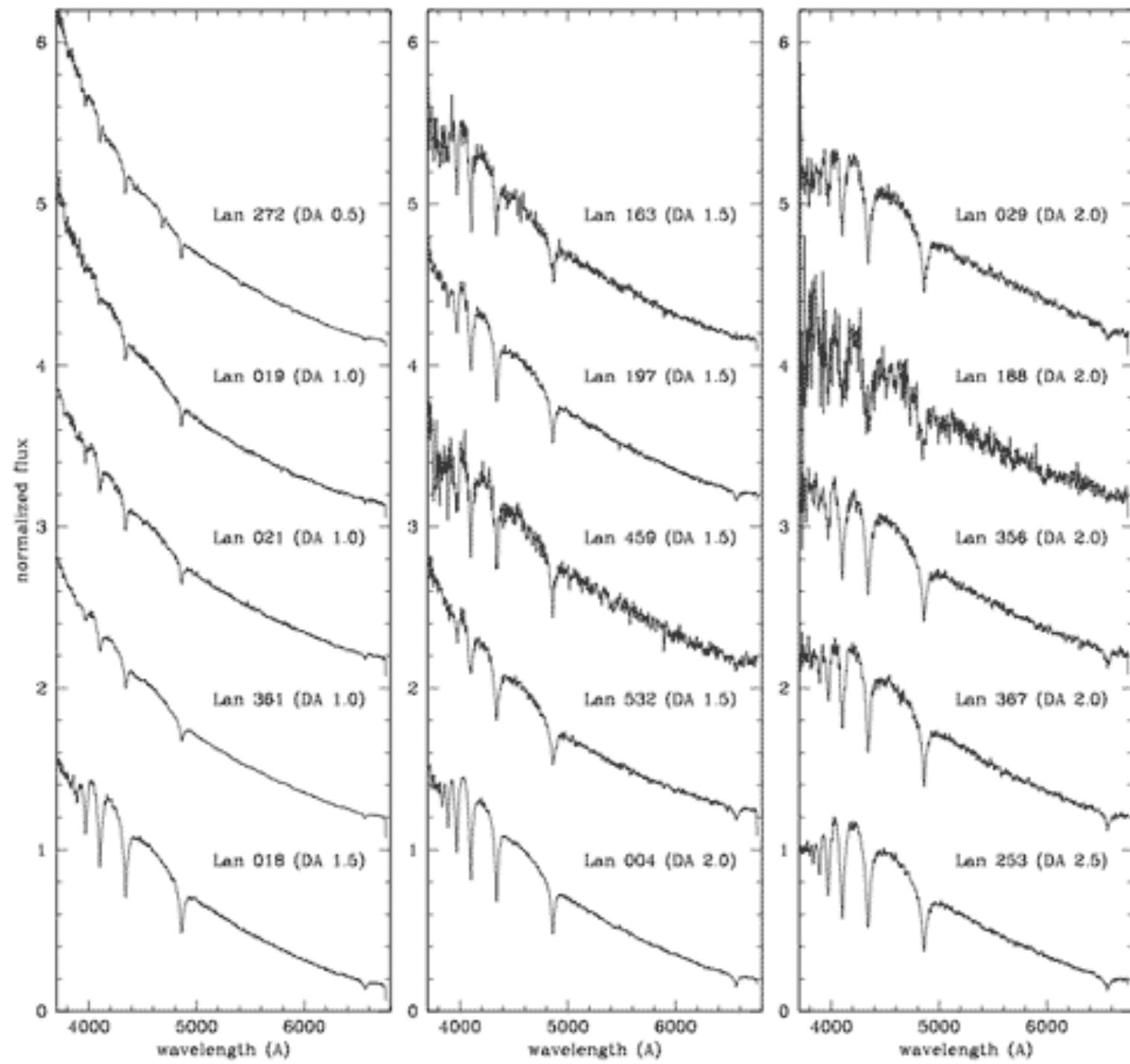
Ground

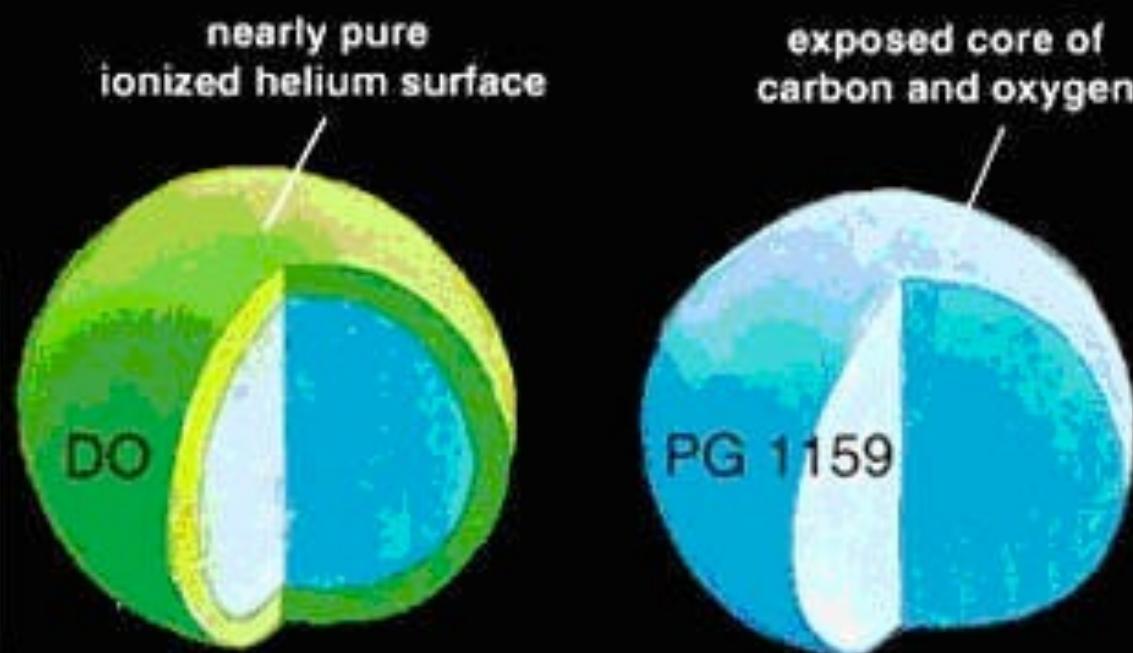
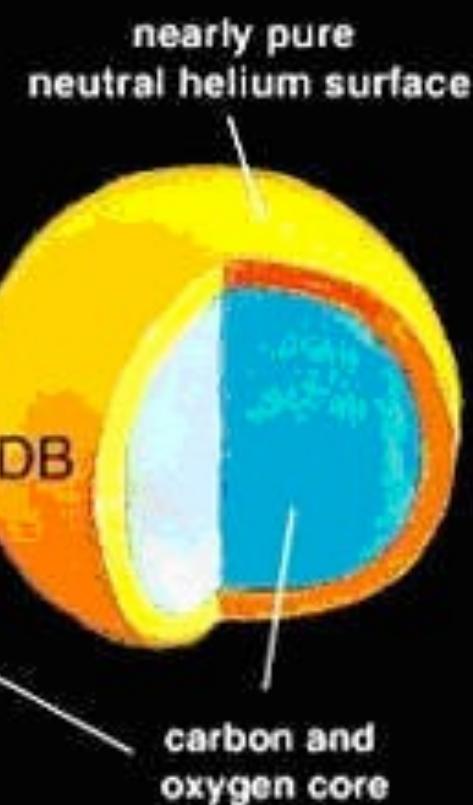
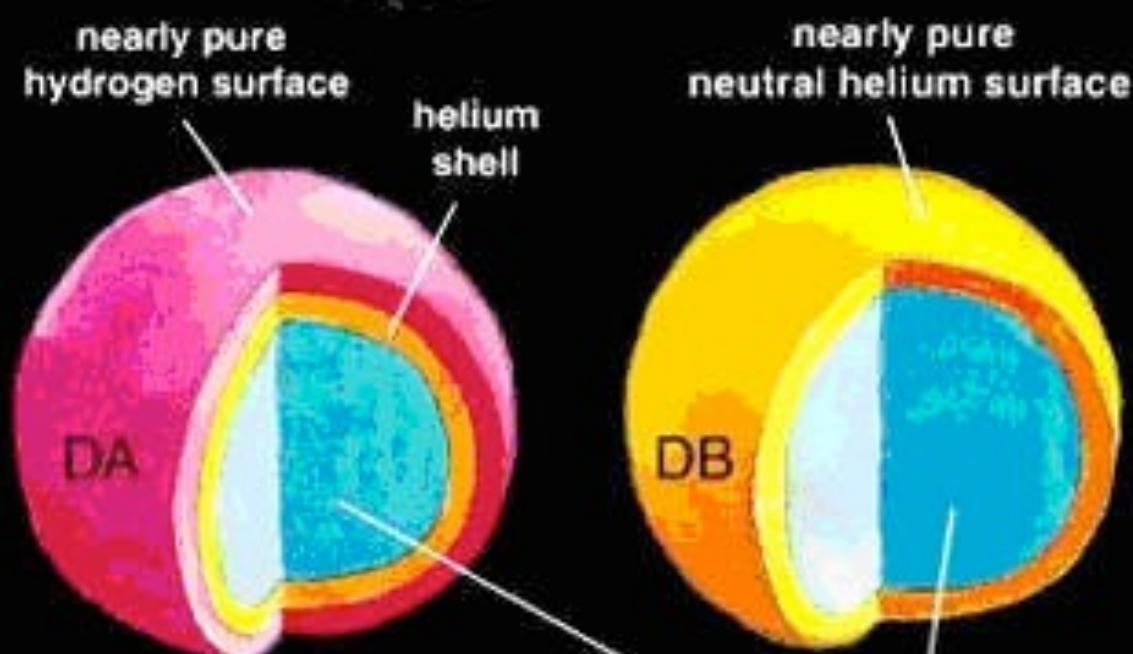


HST • WFPC2

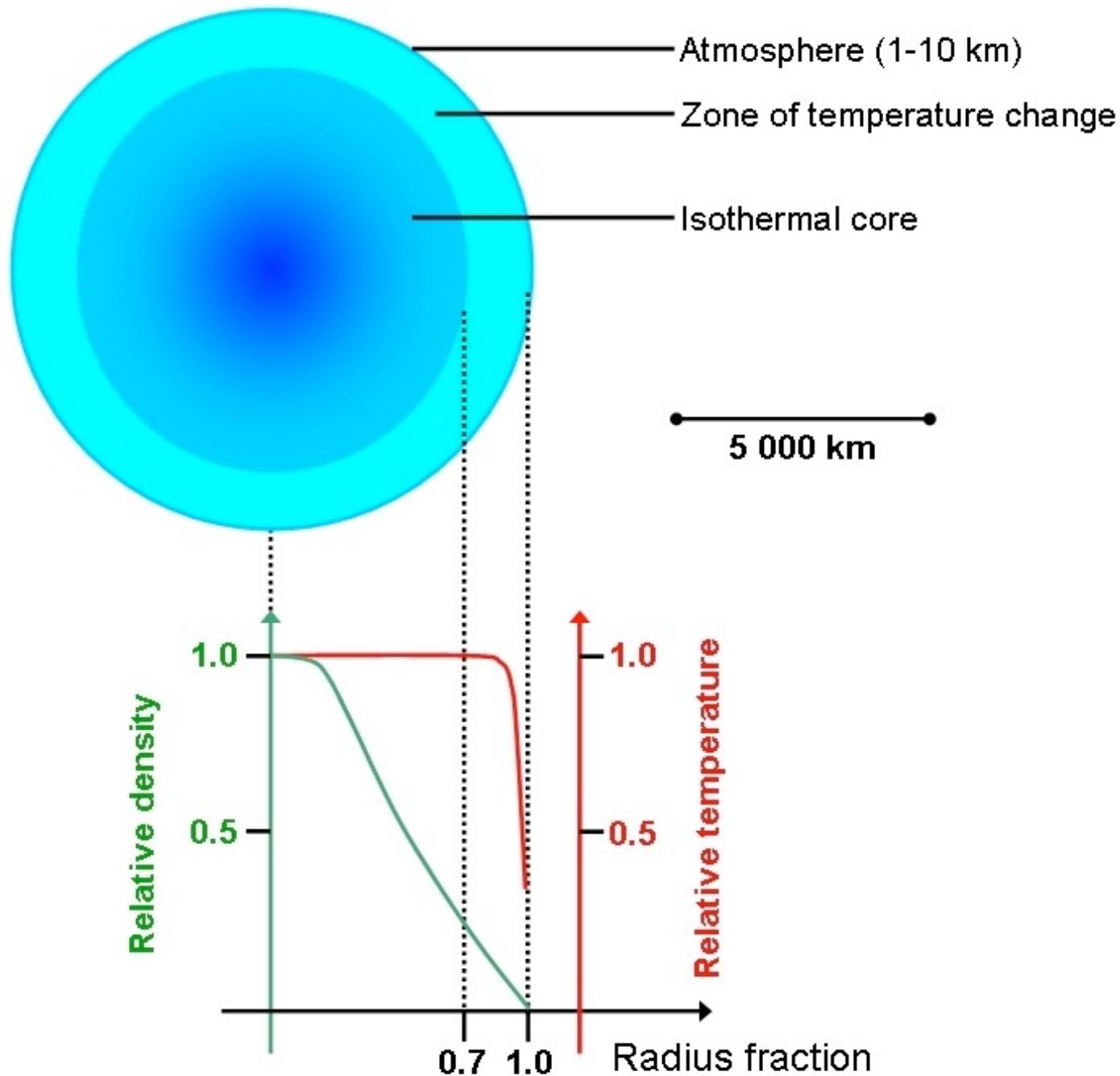
## White Dwarf Stars in M4

PRC95-32 · ST Scl OPO · August 28, 1995 · H. Bond (ST Scl), NASA

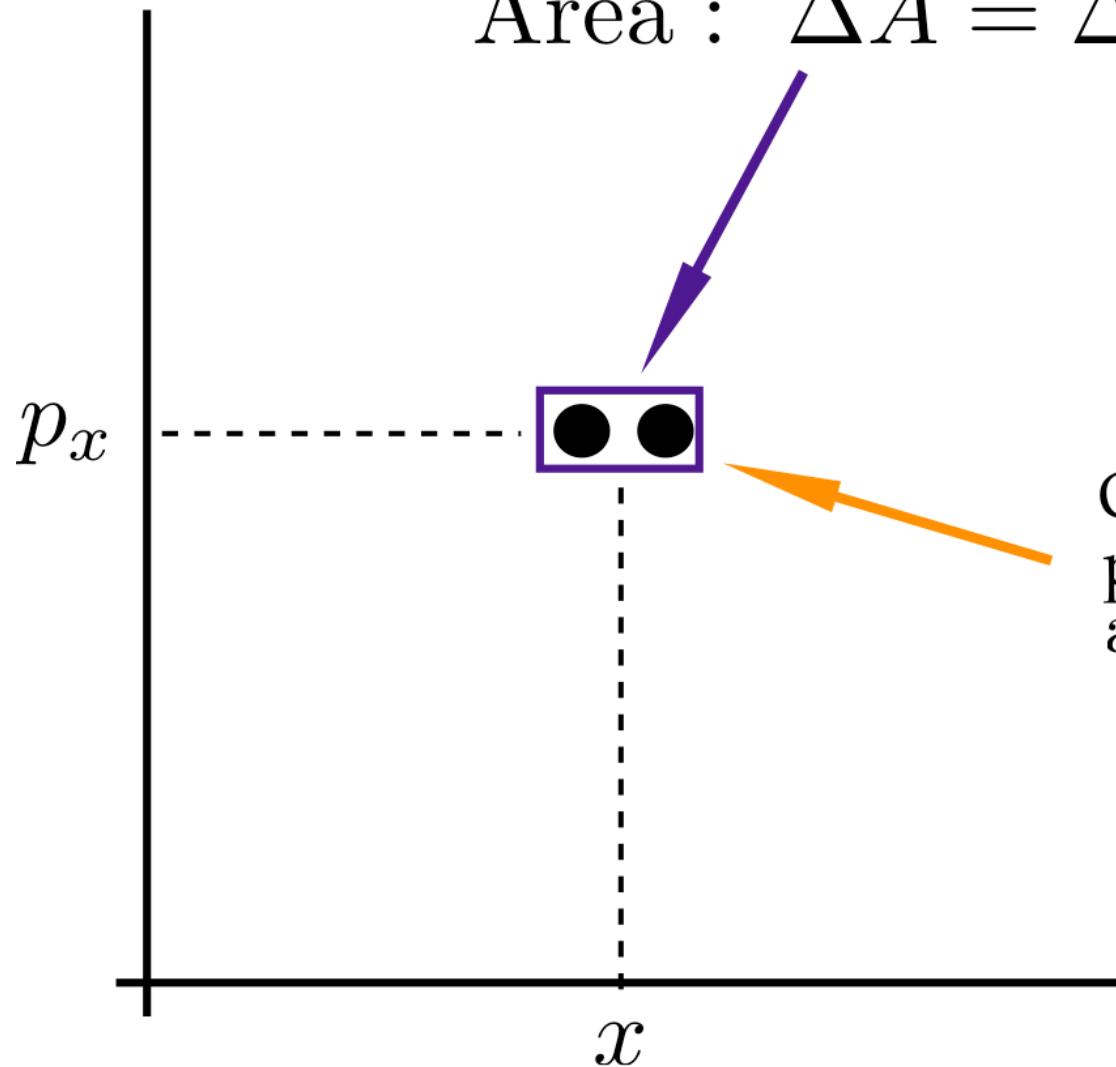




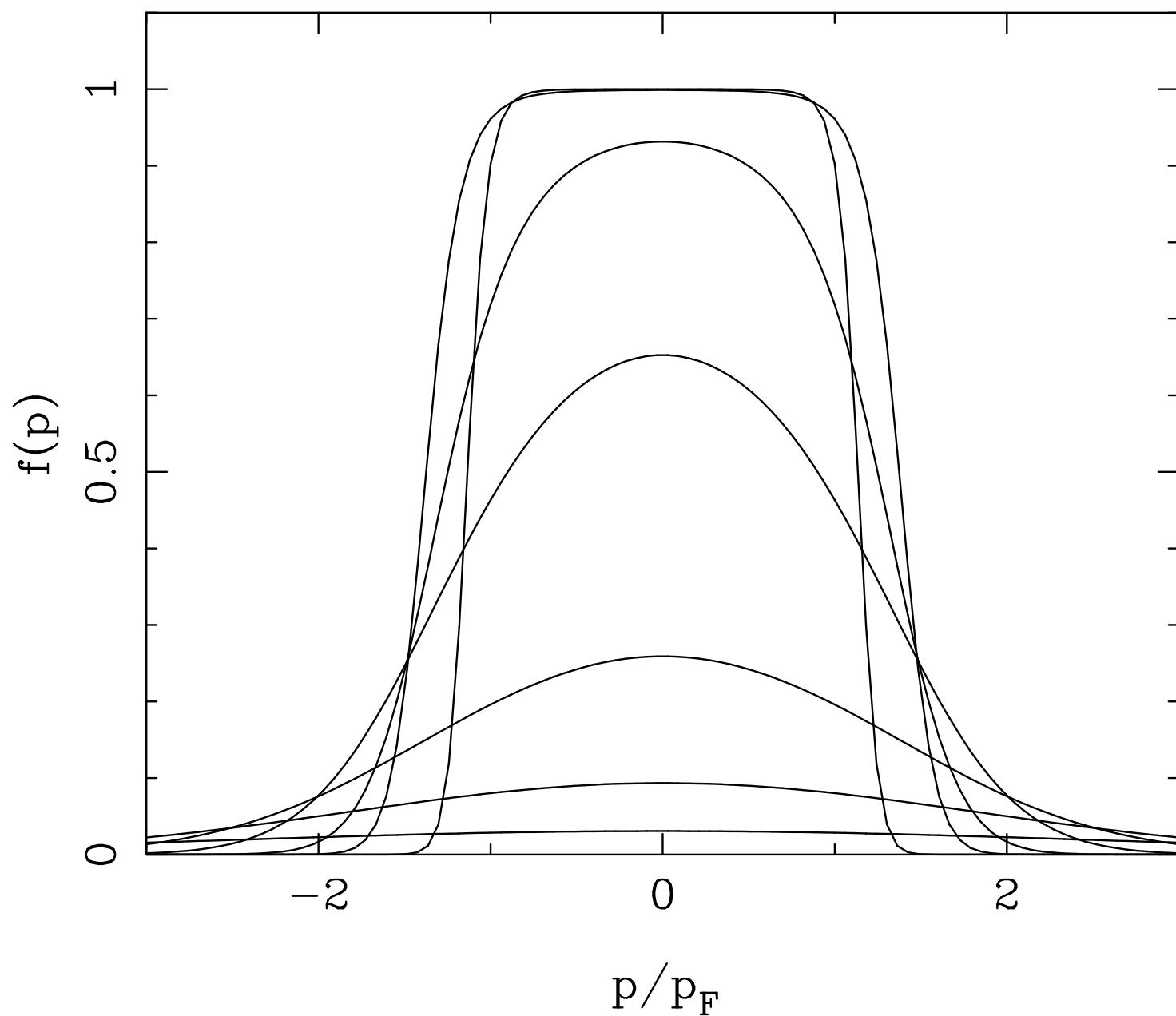
## Structure of a White Dwarf

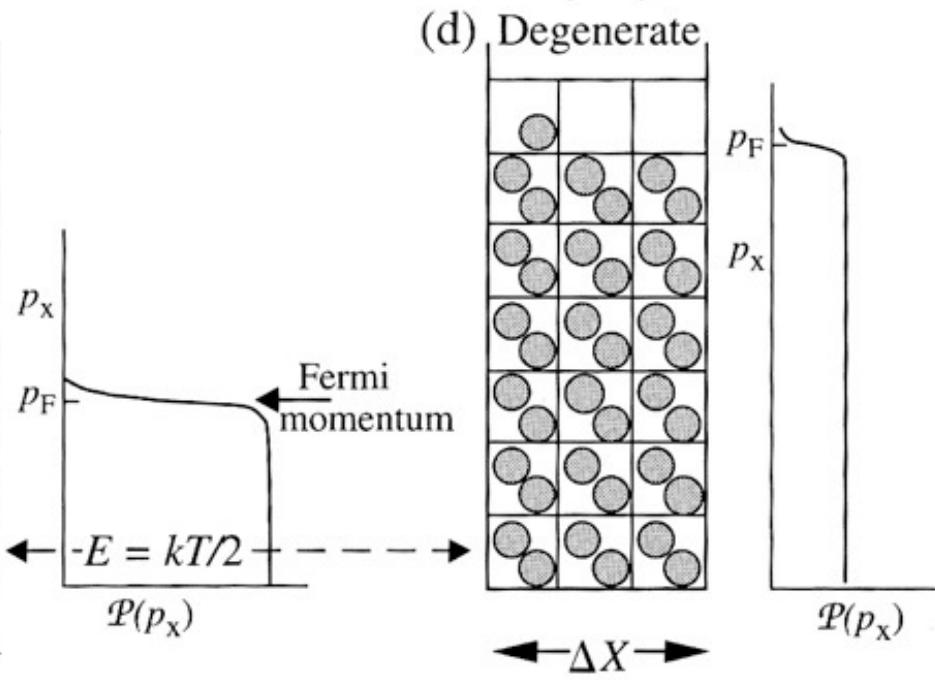
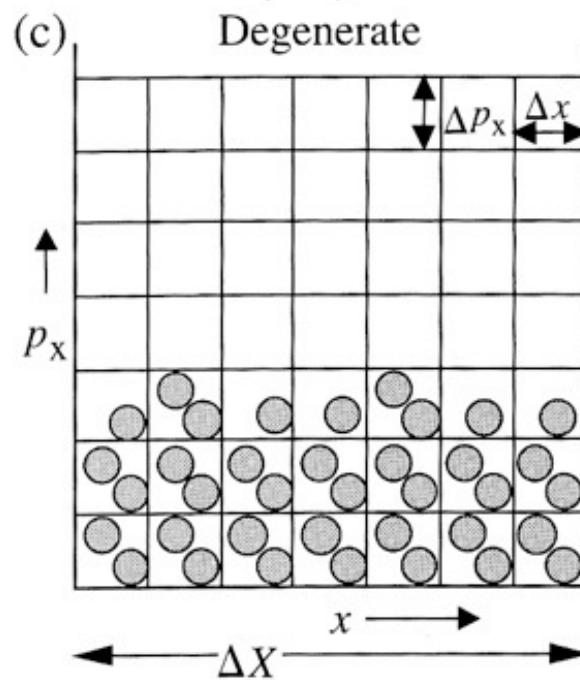
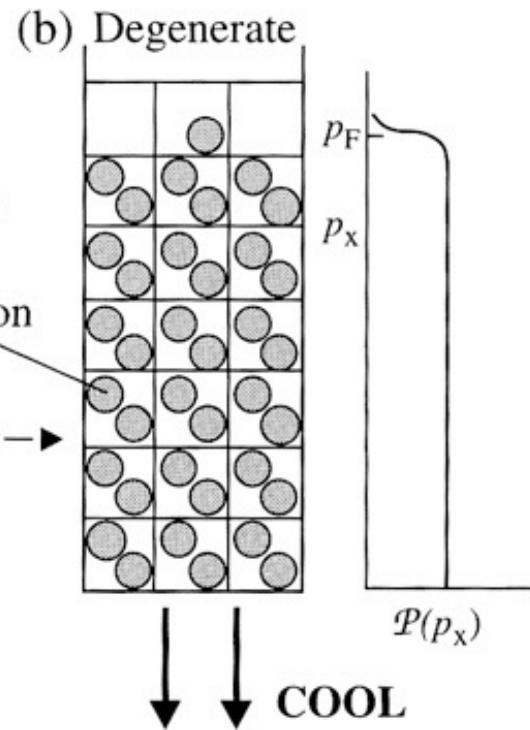
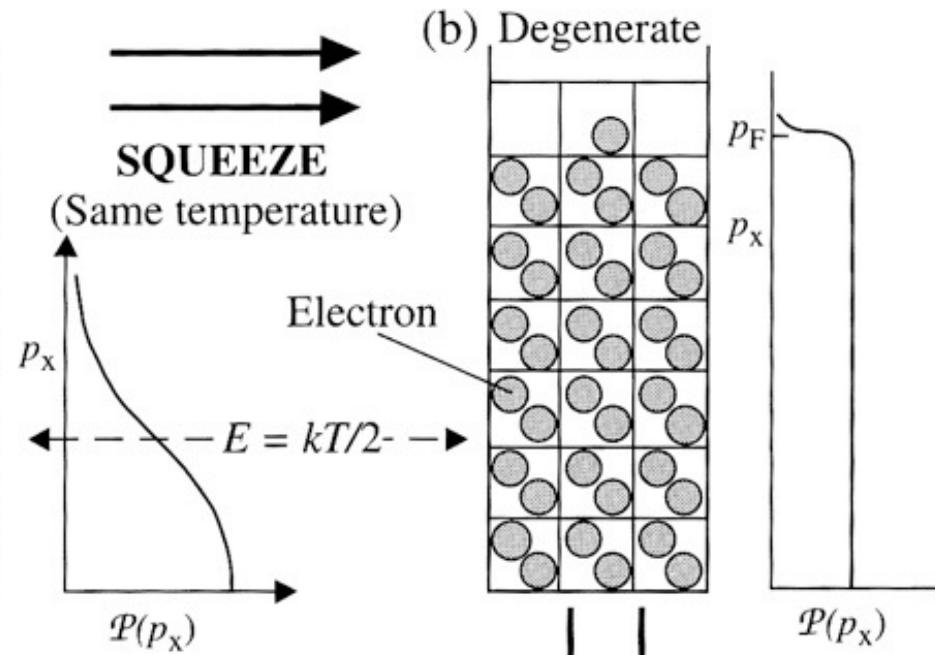
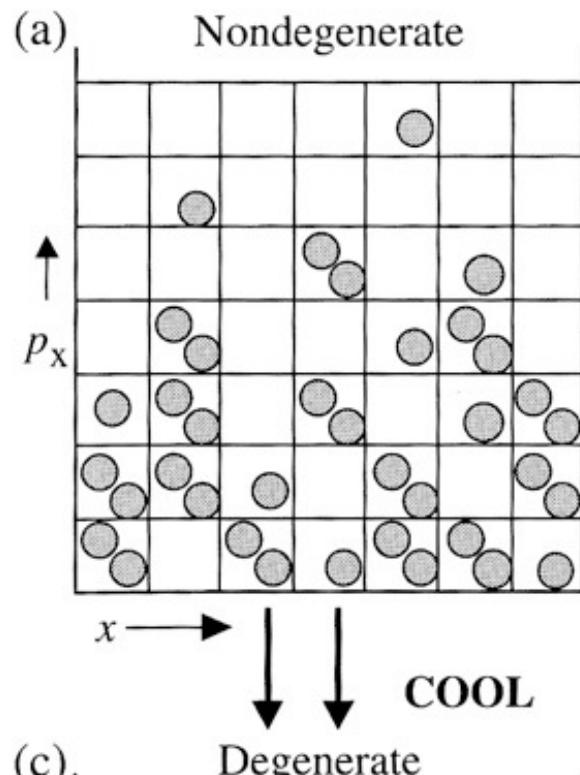


$$\text{Area} : \Delta A = \Delta p_x \Delta x = h$$



Only two electrons  
permitted in  
area  $\Delta A = h$





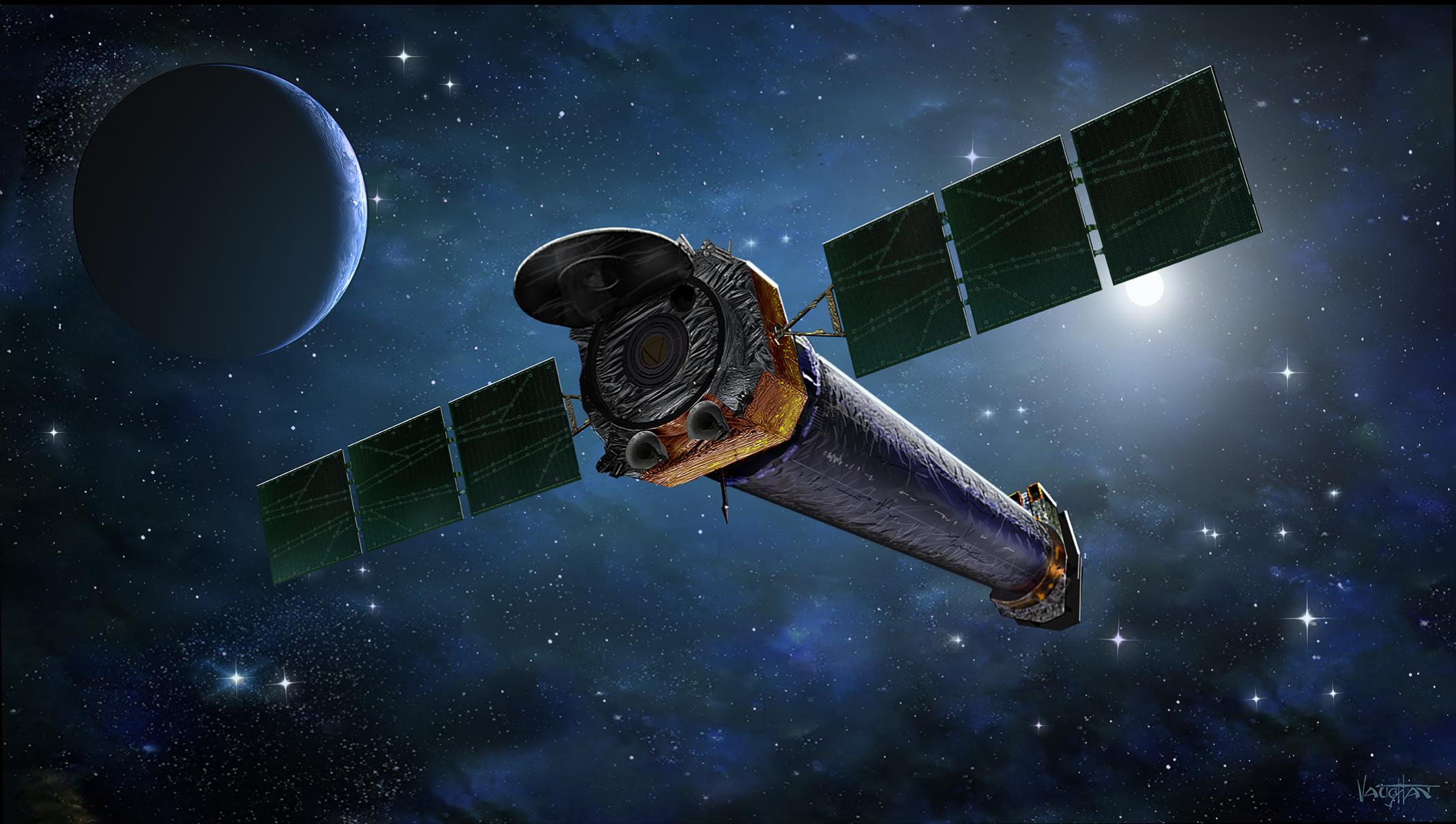




*Chandra X-ray Observatory*  
[chandra.harvard.edu](http://chandra.harvard.edu)



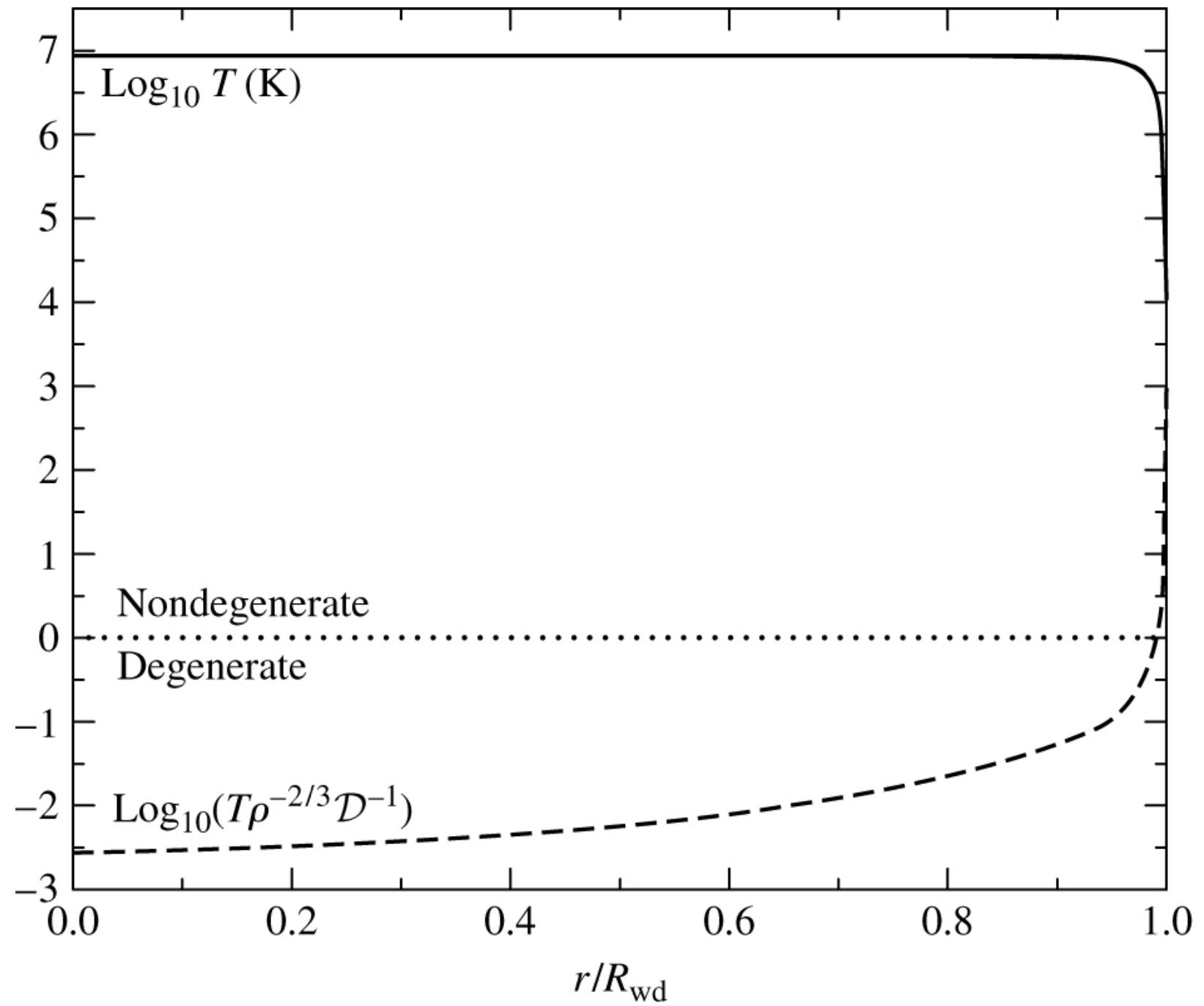
Sirius A & B  
NASA/SAO/CXC

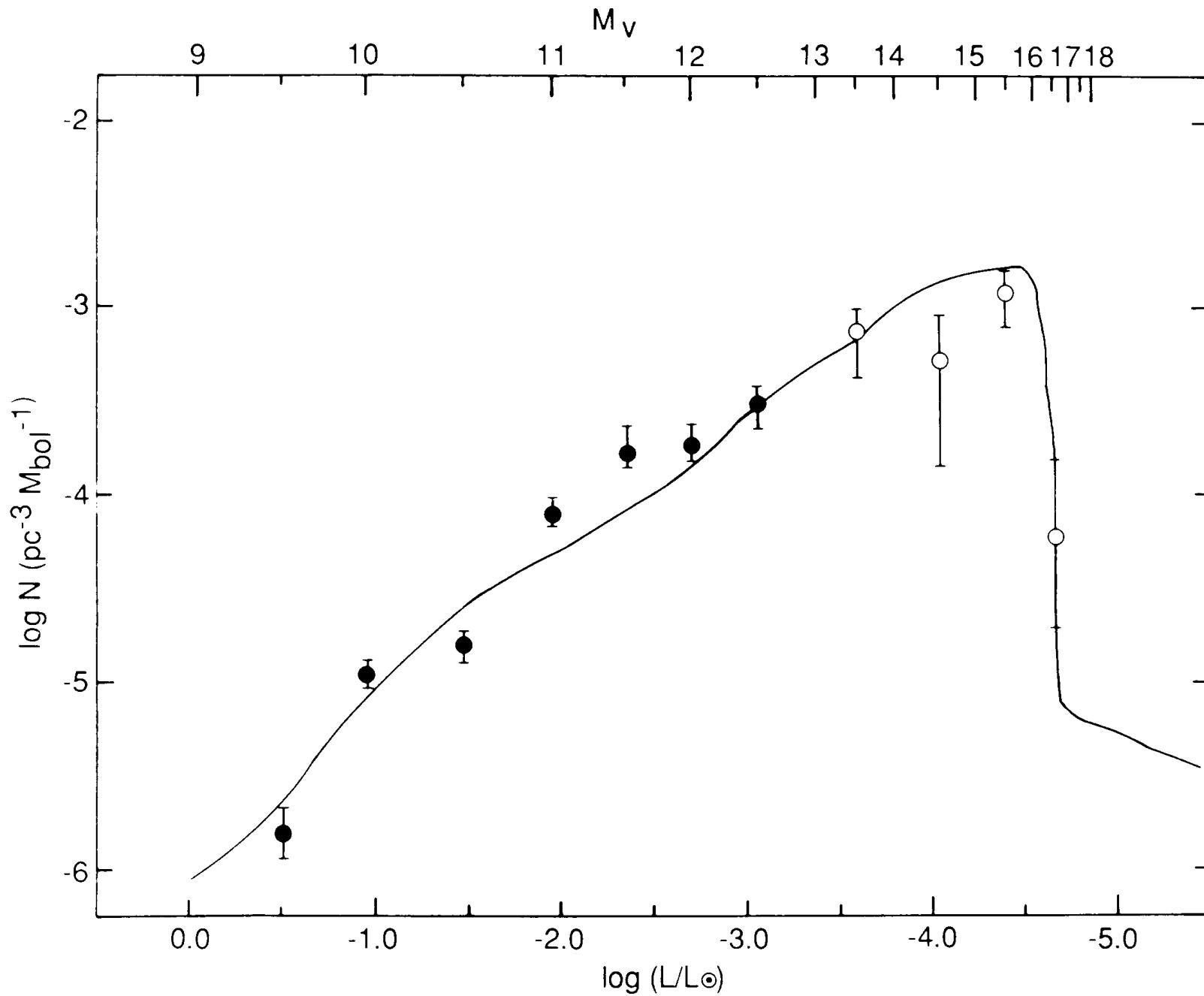












Winget et al. 1987

## *The Cosmic Microwave Background as seen by Planck and WMAP*

