



**Gaia Mission:
looking at the first data release**

Dr. Giorgia Busso
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Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release



Prof. Gerry Gilmore



Dr. Anna Hourihane



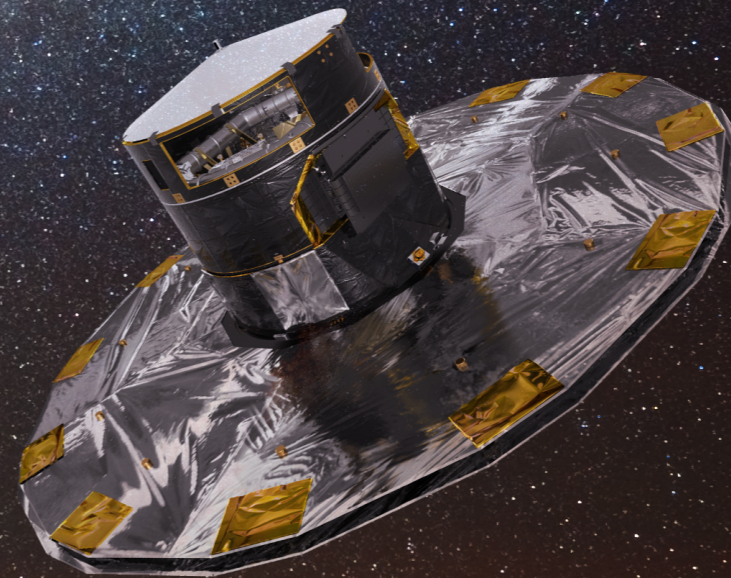
Gaia Team at IoA

Gaia: the billion star surveyor

ESA corner mission

1% the visible Milky Way

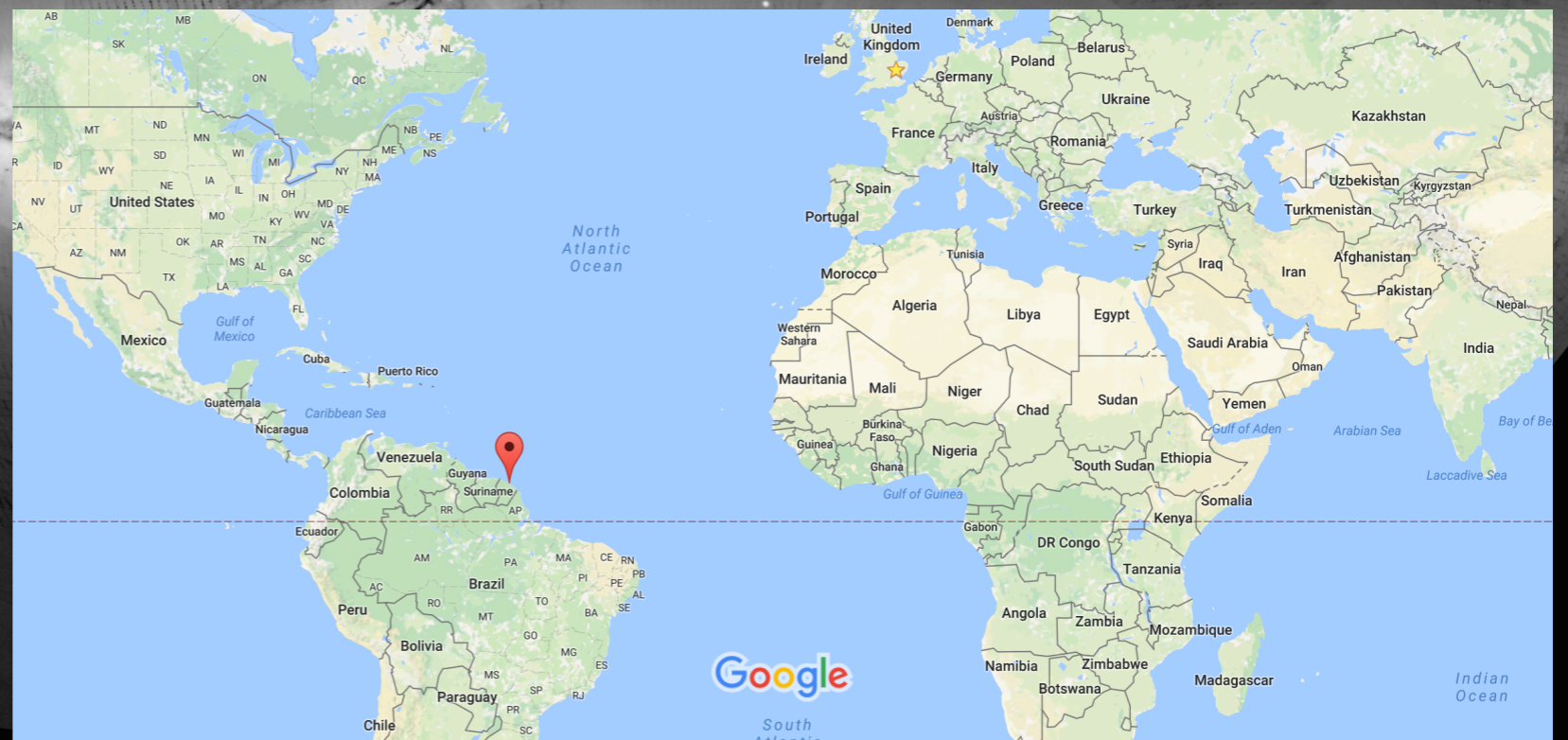
Unprecedented accuracy (μMag and mas)



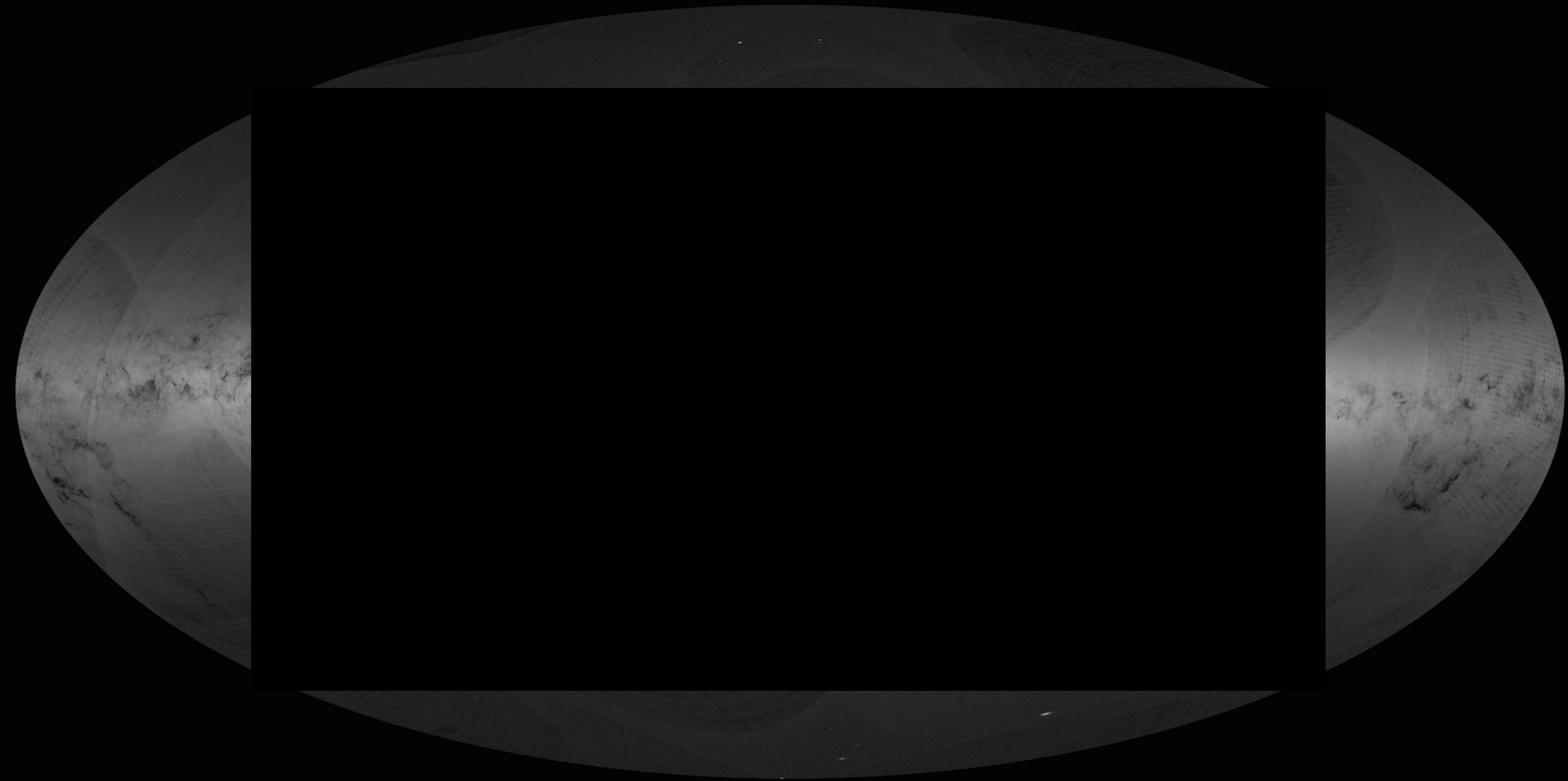
Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

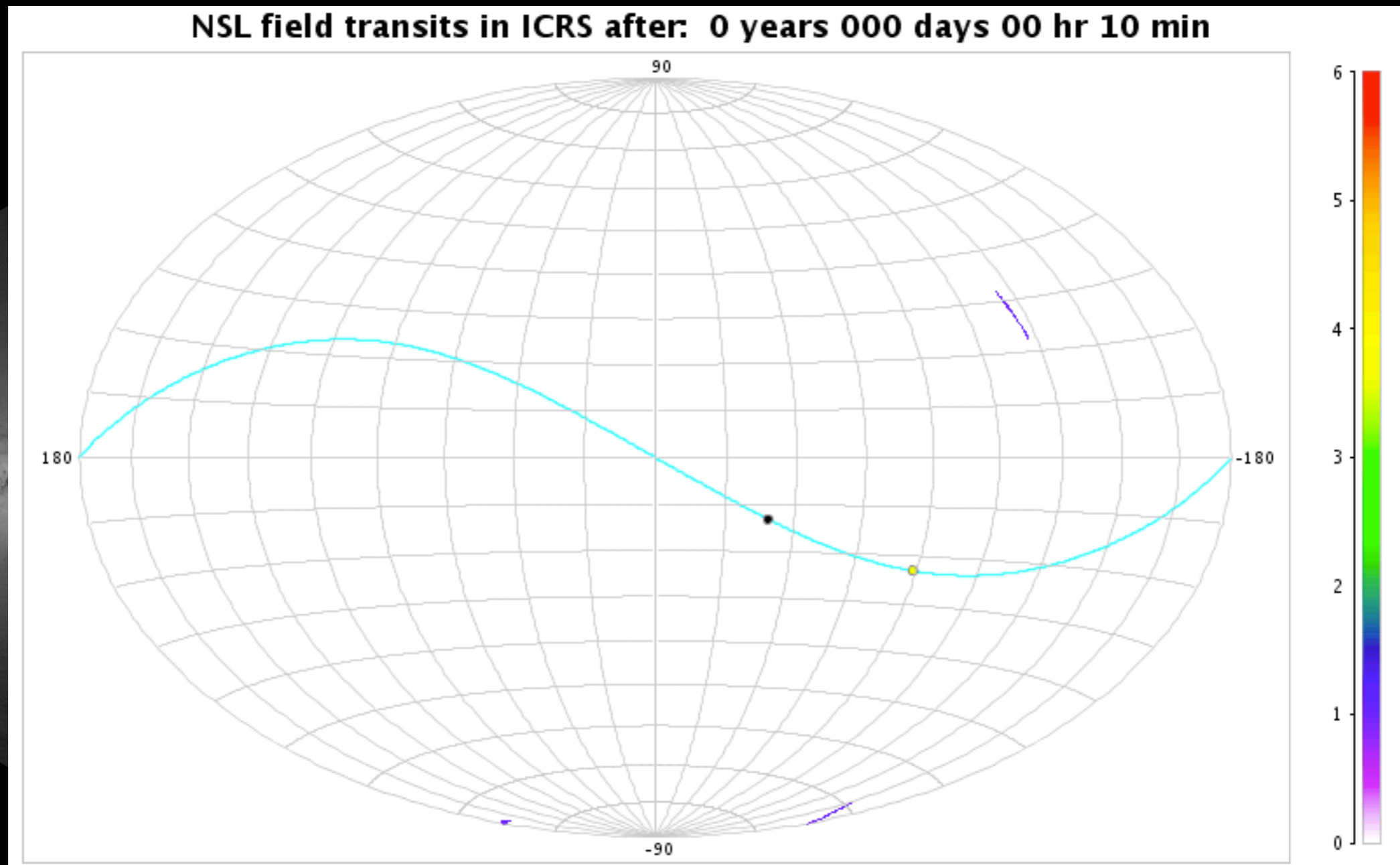
The Mission

**Launched on December 19th, 2013
at 09:12:19 UTC from Kourou
in French Guiana.**



The Mission





1 spin in 6 hours

Whole Sky coverage in ~6 months

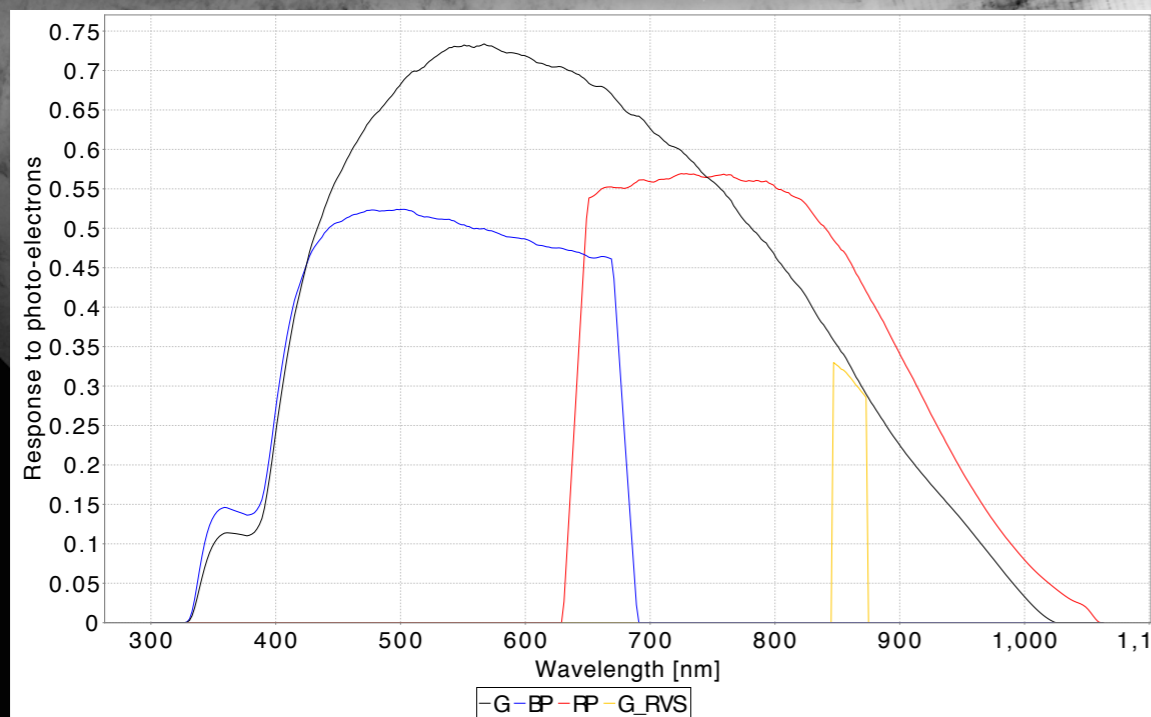
In average a star is observed ~80 times

Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

On board:

The Mission

- 2 telescopes with 1.45 x 0.5 m primary mirrors
- Astrometric Field (White Light)
- Blue And Red Photometers
- High-Res Spectrometer

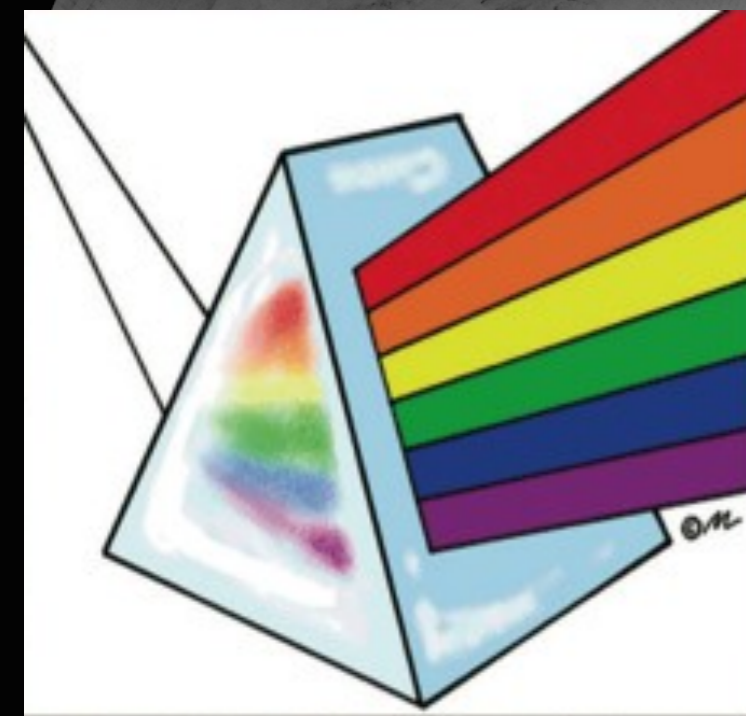


Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

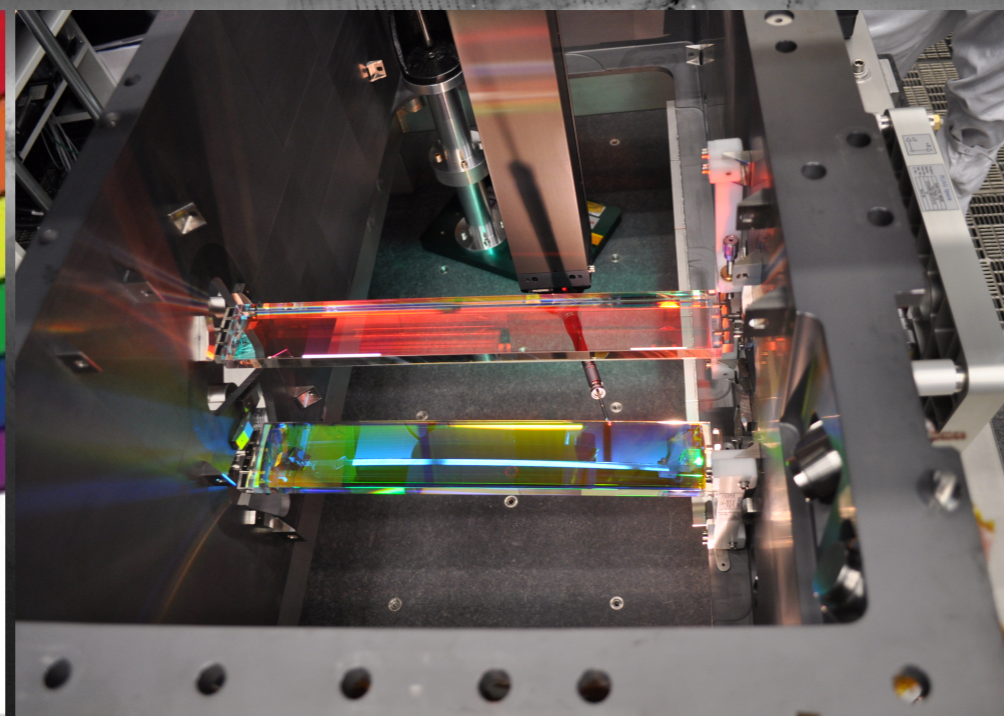
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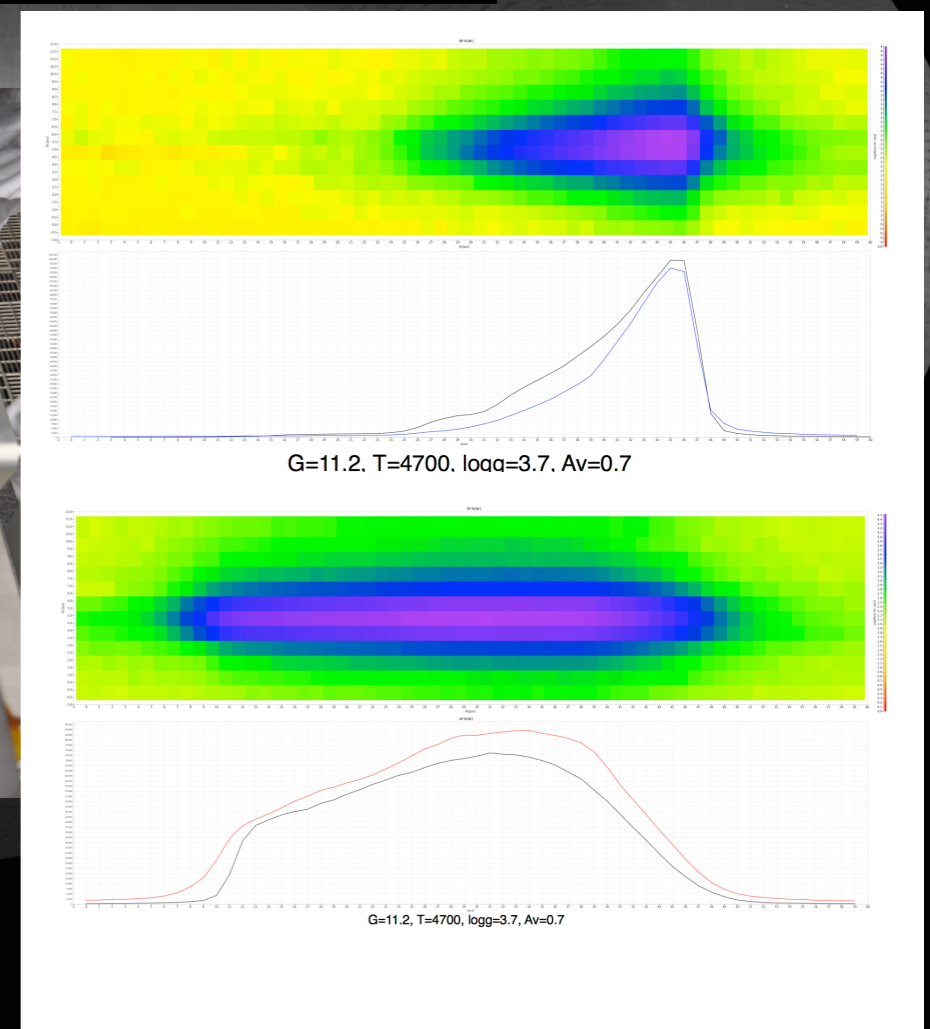
The Mission



Light dispersion



BP/RP

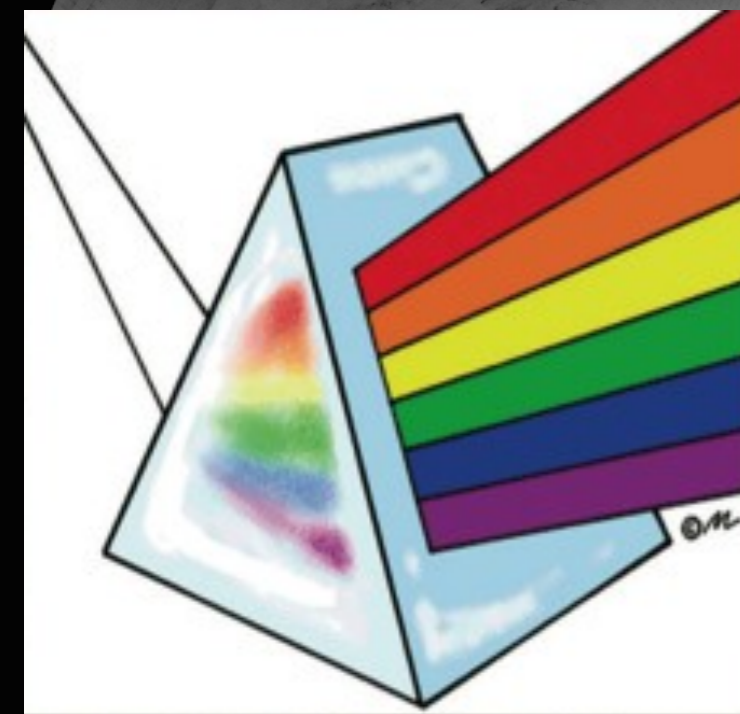


Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

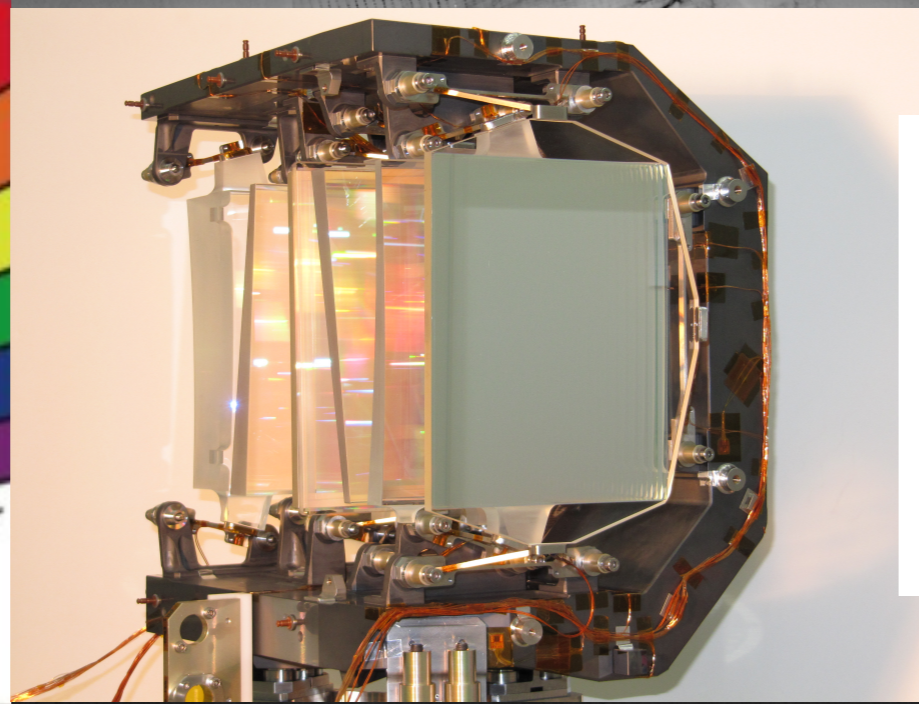
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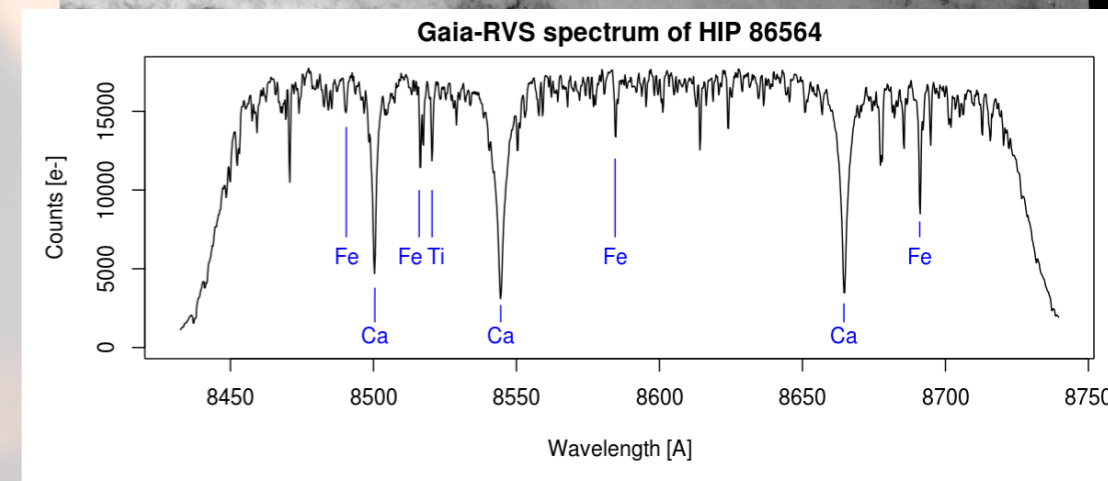
The Mission



**Light
dispersion**



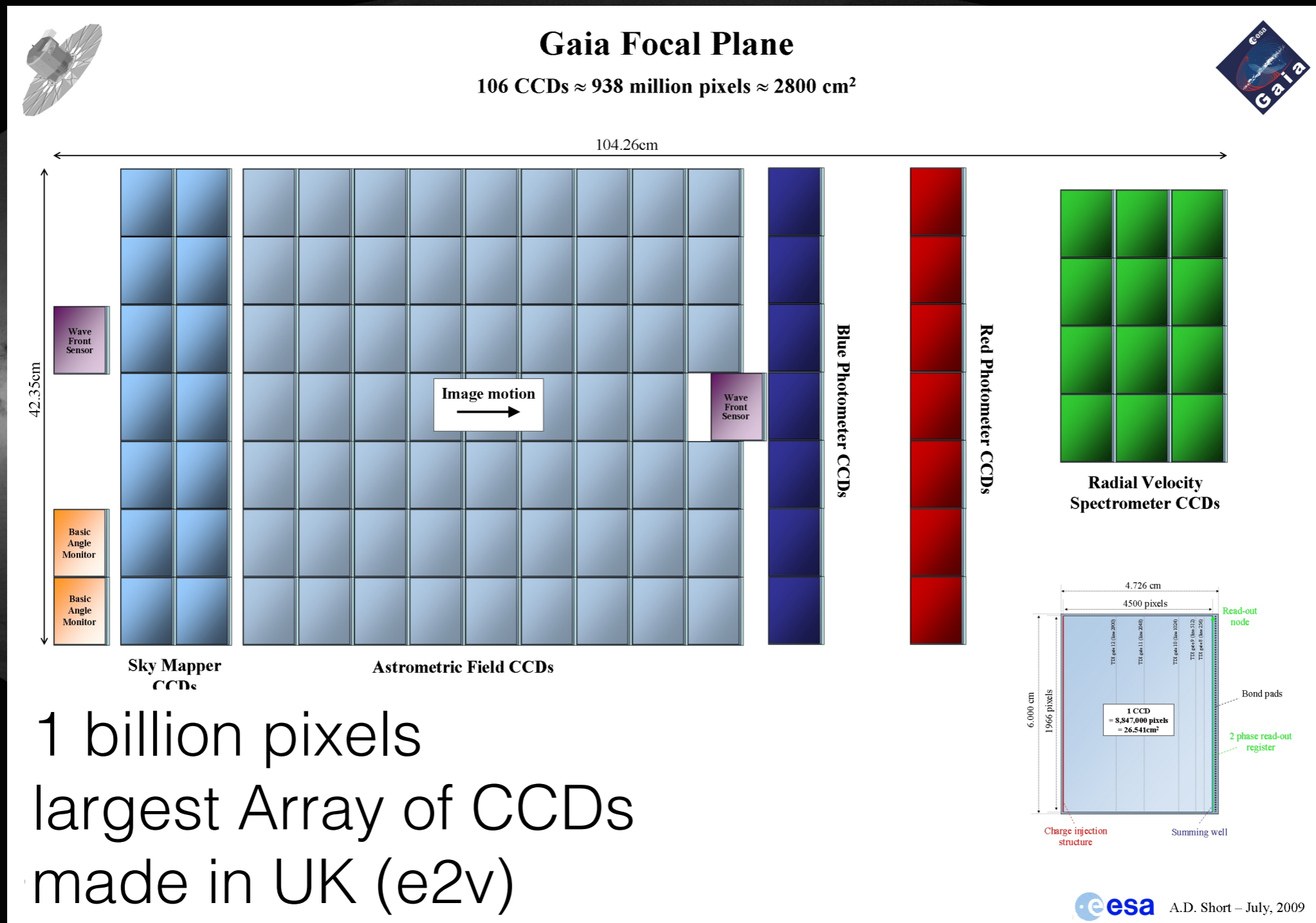
RVS



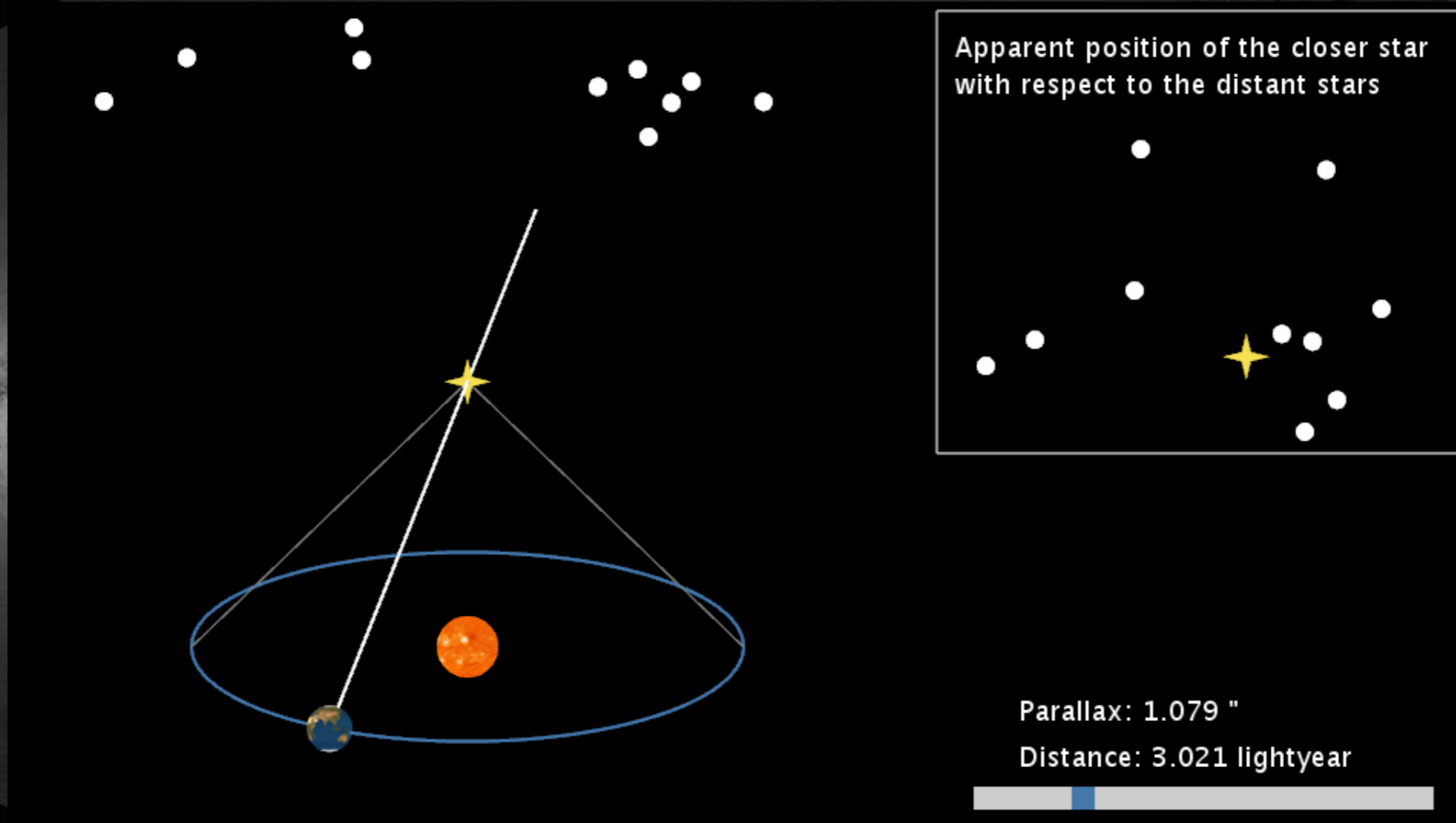
Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

On board:

The Mission



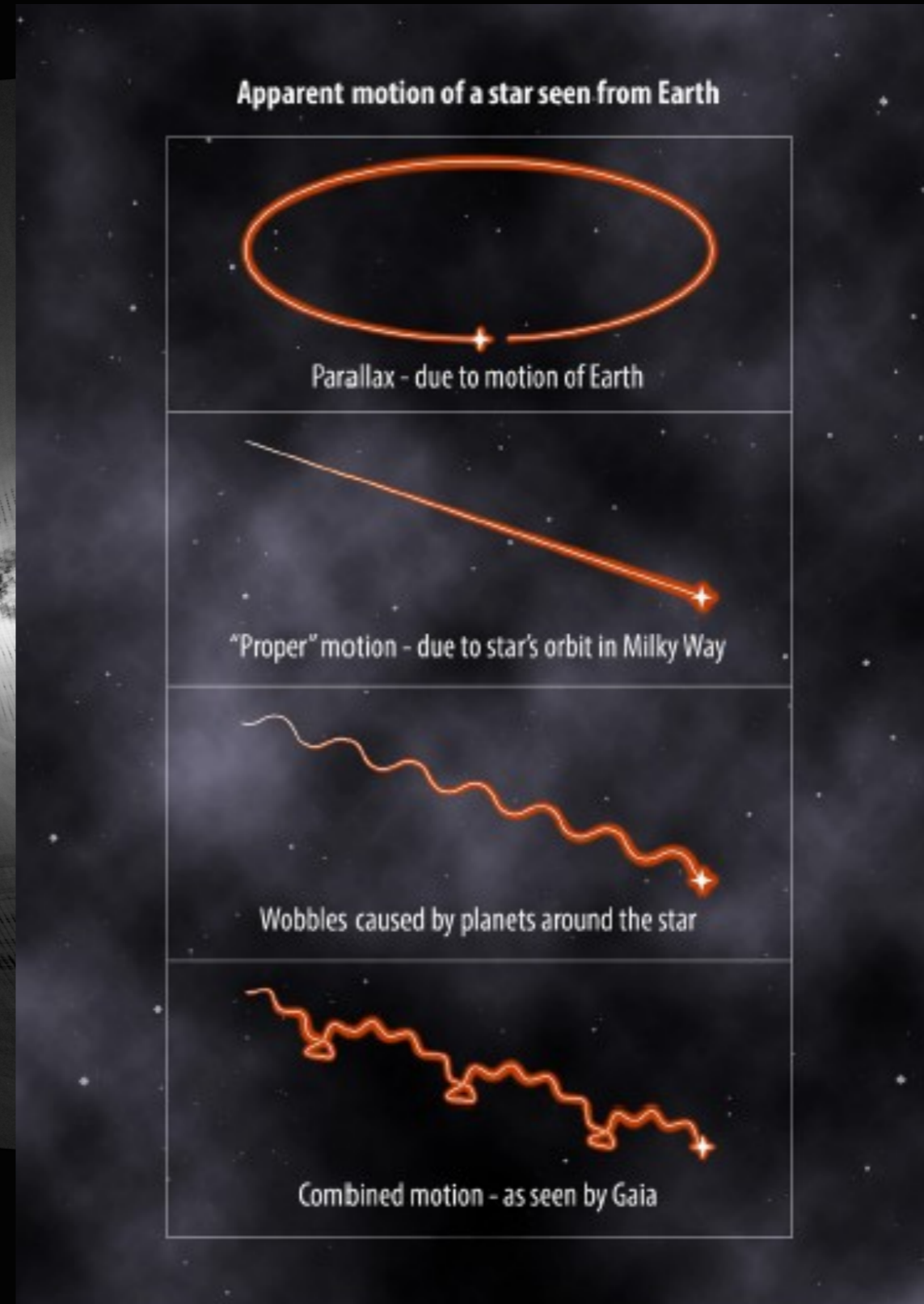
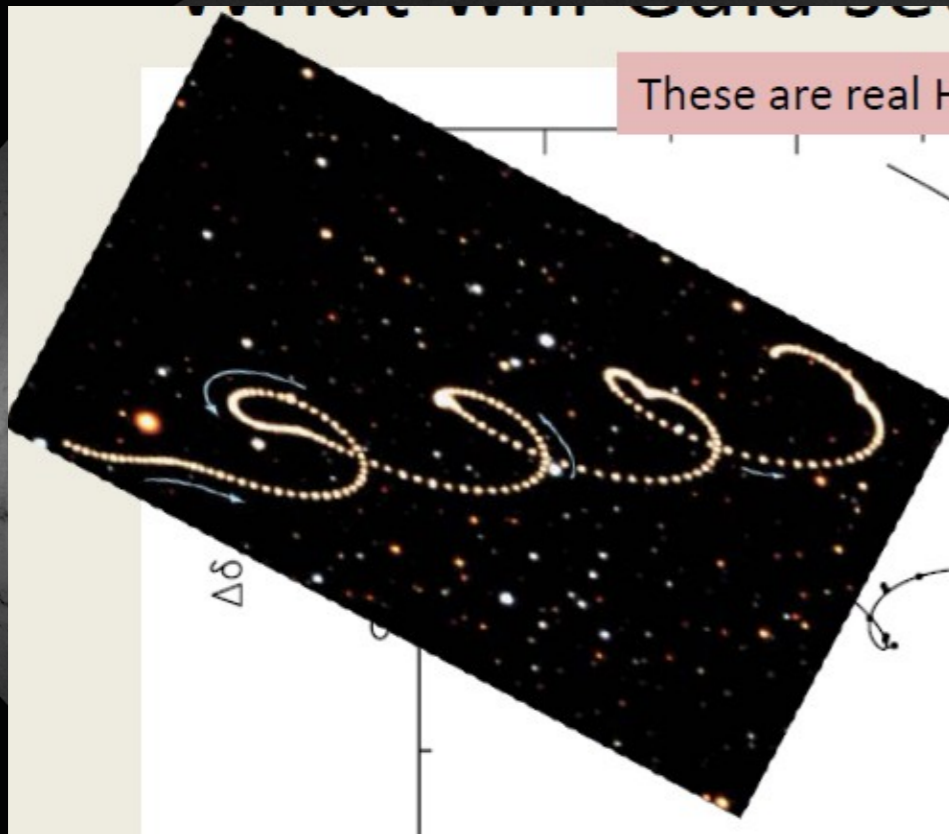
Measure Position and Parallax to get distances



Not only distances but also..

The Mission

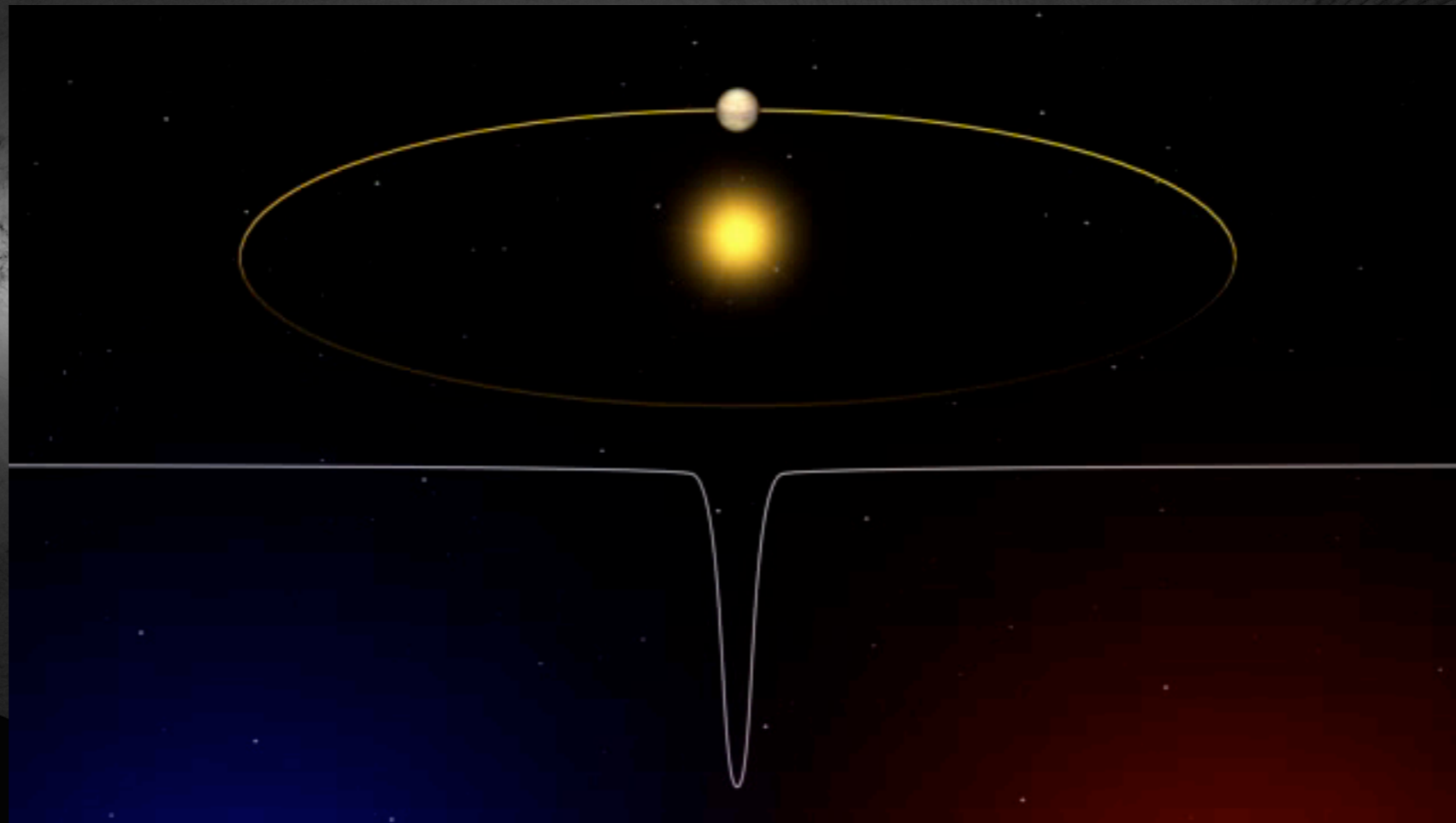
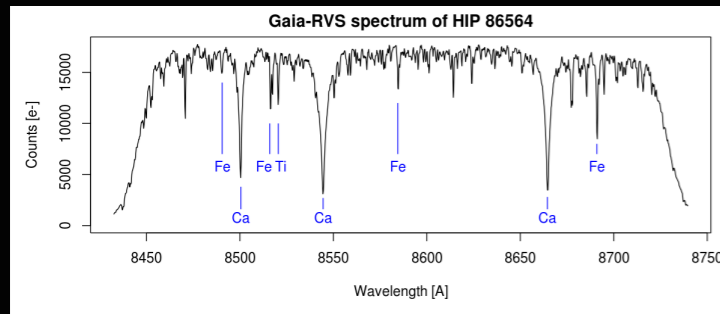
Proper Motions,



Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

The Mission

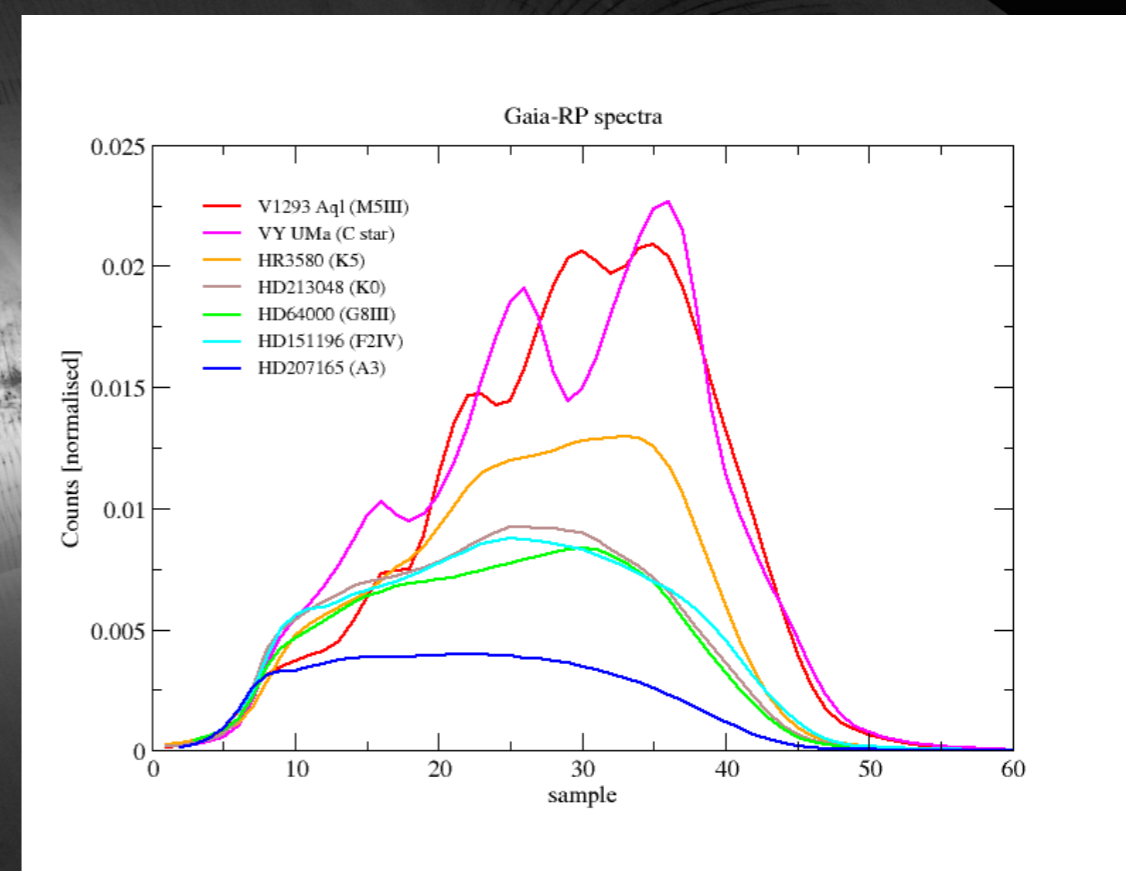
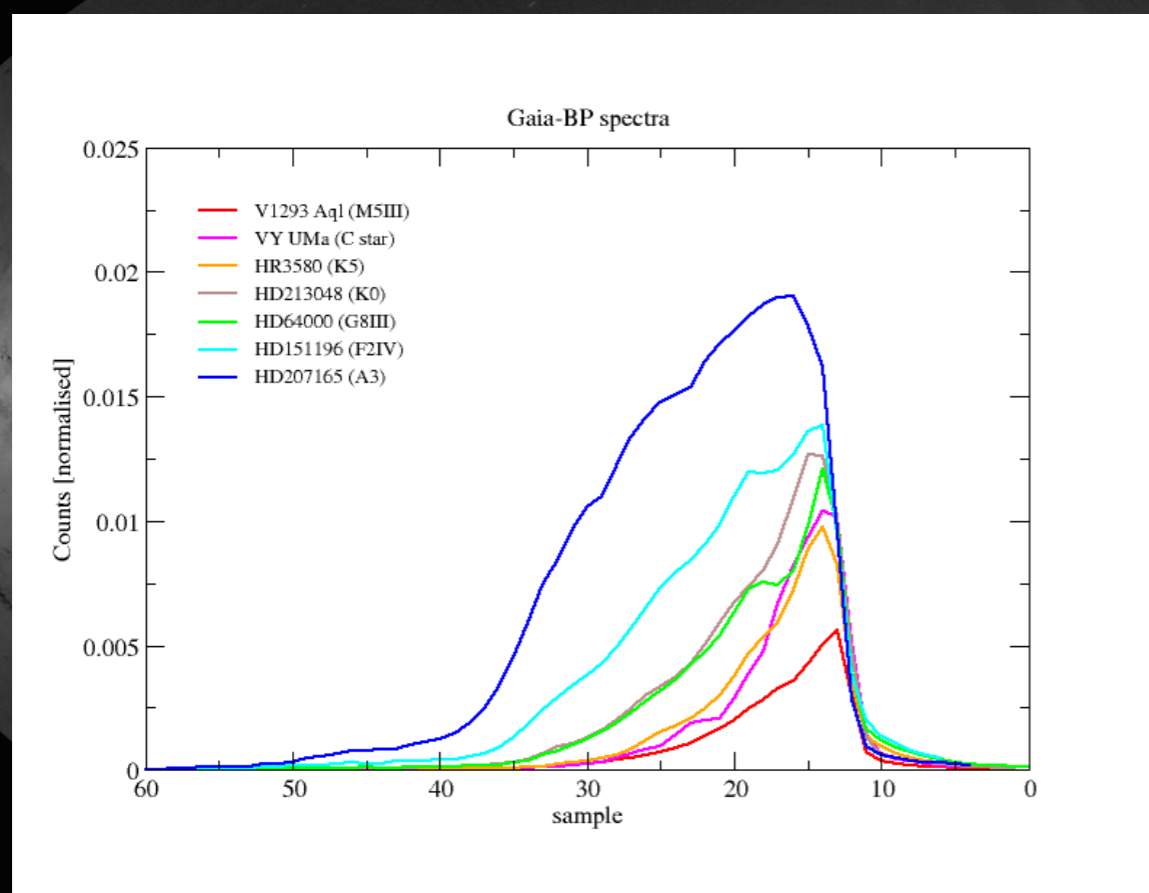
Radial Velocities,



Credit: ESO/H. Zodet

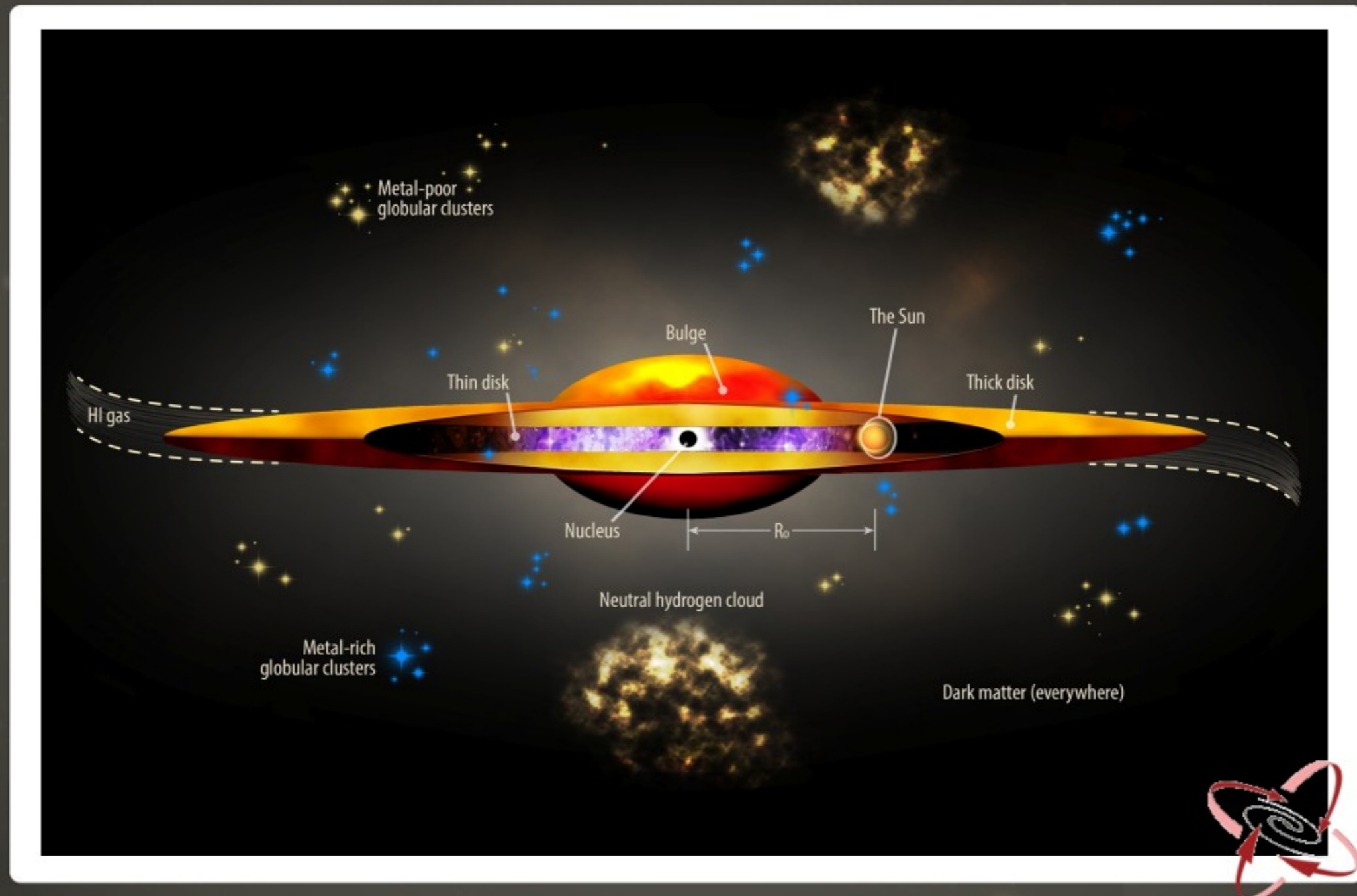
and Astrophysical Parameters!

Temperature, Chemical Composition, Surface Gravity



Putting it all together...

Taking the census of the Milky Way Galaxy



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The Mission



Gaia in UK



Gaia Data Analysis and Processing:

400 people in 6 processing Centres across Europe

The Cambridge team is responsible for processing the photometric data: 50 GB/day for 5+ years

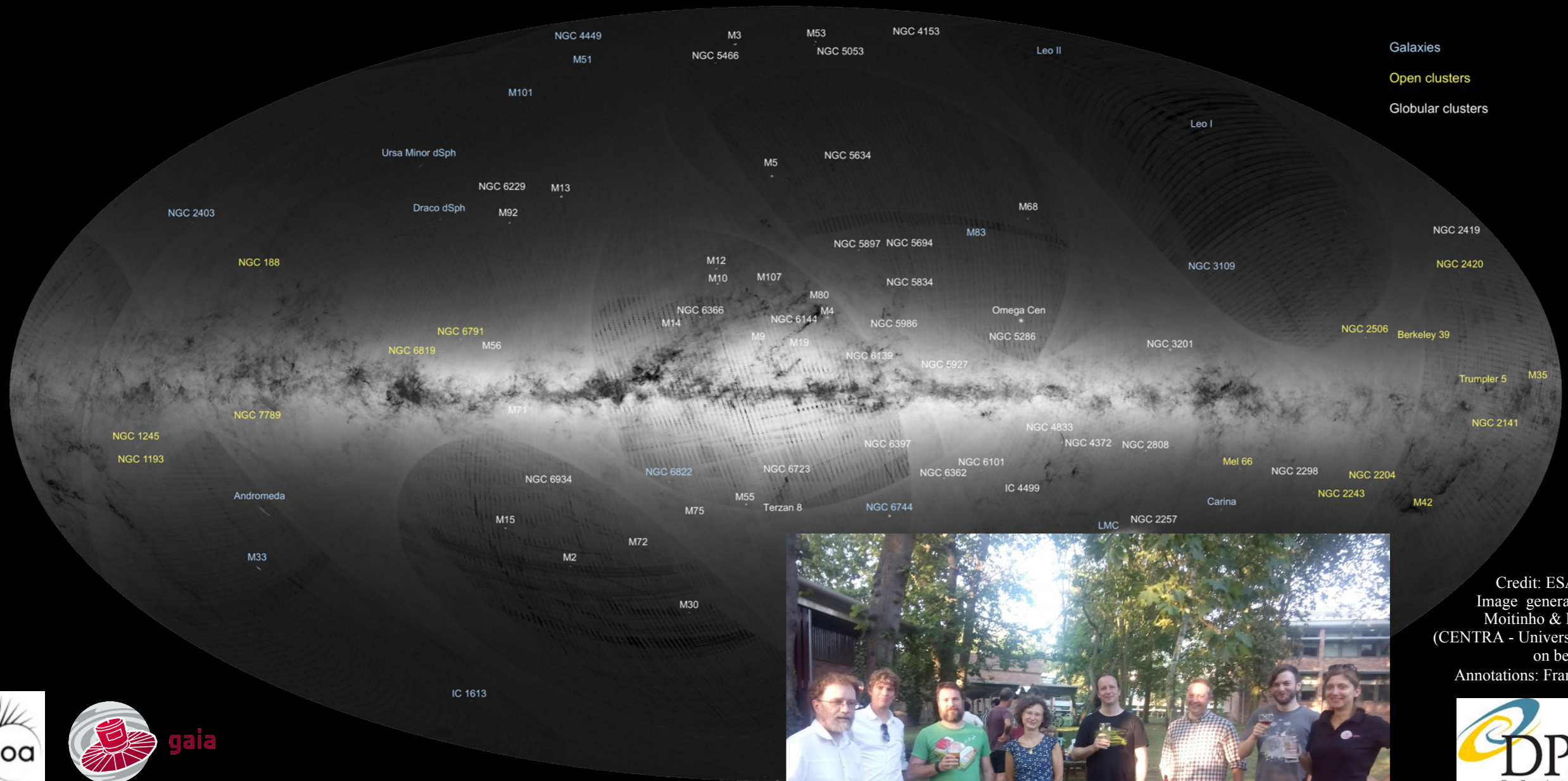
UK involvement:

- University of Cambridge
- University of Edinburgh
- Open University
- University College London
- Liverpool John Moore's
- University of Oxford
- University of St Andrews
- Cardiff University/Faulkes Telescope Project
- + educational and industrial partners (e2v, Airbus D&S)



September 14th, 2016

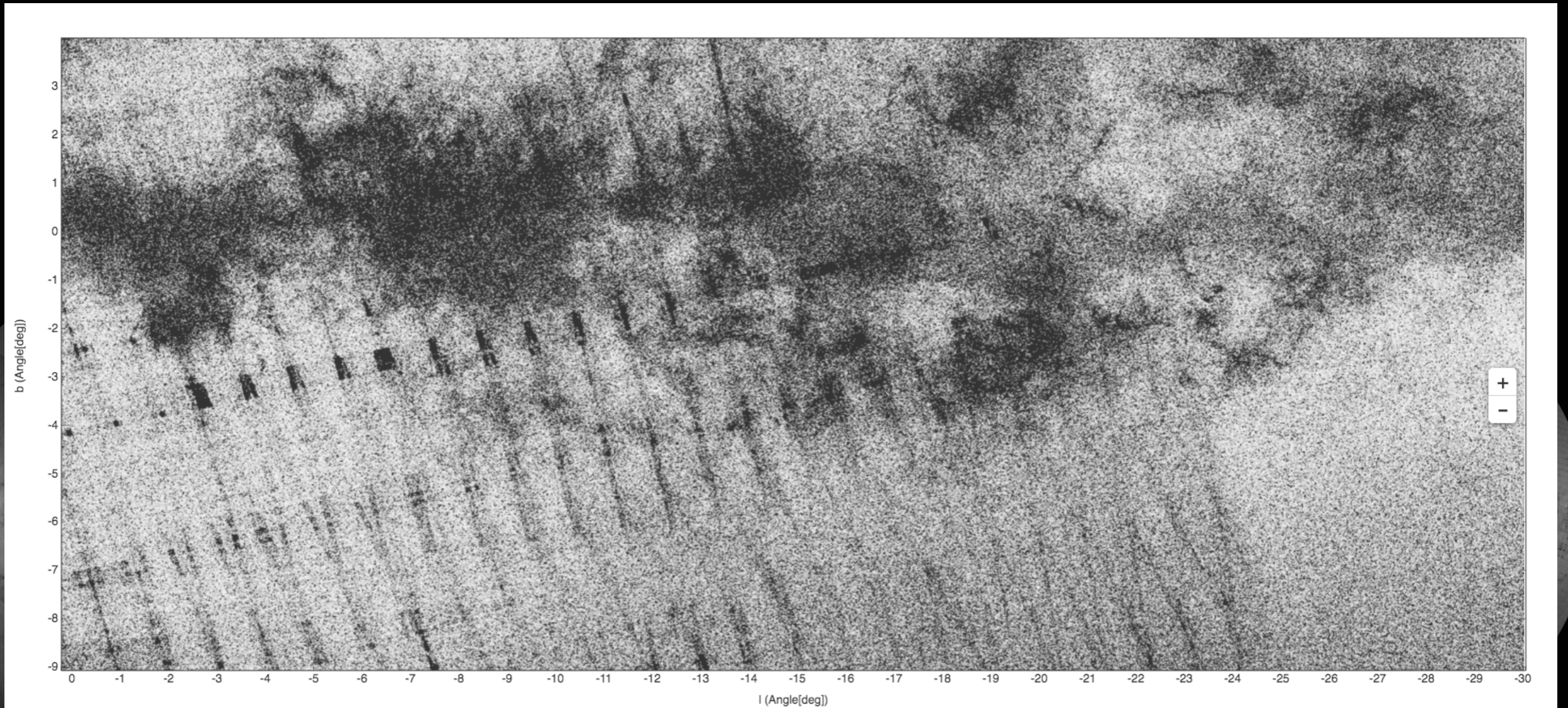
Gaia DR1 Sky: all sky high resolution image shows Gaia source densities



Credit: ESA/Gaia/DPAC
Image generated by: André Moitinho & Márcia Barros (CENTRA - University of Lisbon) on behalf of DPAC
Annotations: François Mignard (OCA, Nice)



Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release



Scanning pattern is visible

- dense regions
- areas with poor scanning law coverage
- filtering on number of observations

Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

→ GAIA DATA RELEASE 1

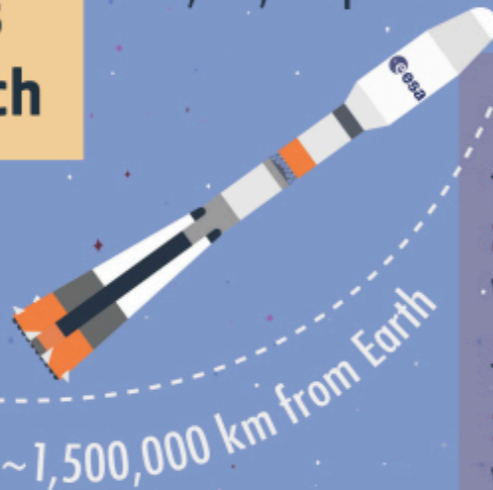
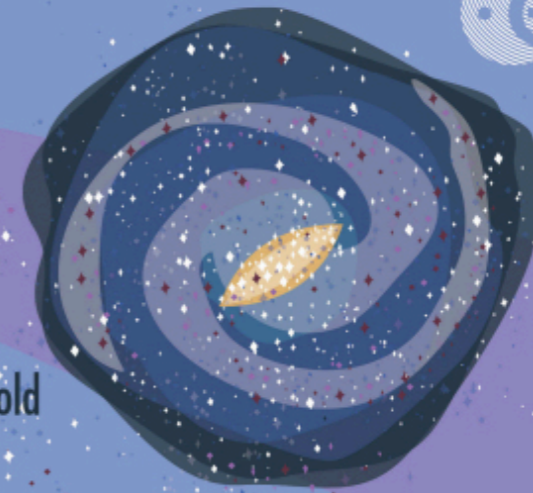


14
September 2016
1000 days
since launch

- 1 spacecraft
- 2 telescopes
- 10 mirrors
- 1 camera
- 106 CCDs
- 937,782,000 pixels



1 Milky Way
>100,000,000,000 stars
~13,000,000,000 years old



Content of the release

Total number of sources in primary astrometric data set:
2,057,050
with position, magnitude, parallax & proper motion

Total number of sources in secondary astrometric data set:
1,140,622,719
with position & magnitude

3194 Variable stars

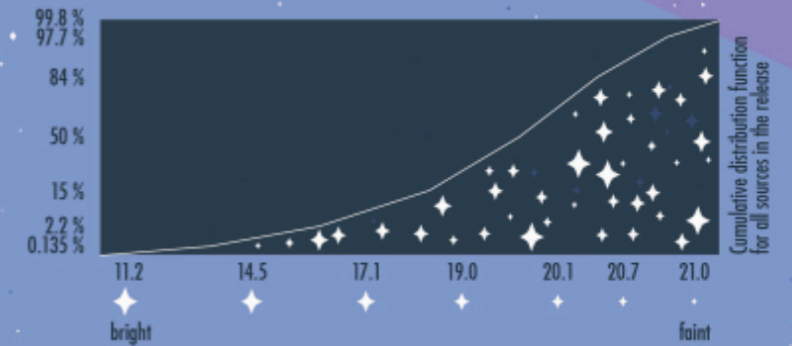
- 599 Cepheids (43 new discoveries)
- 2595 RR Lyrae (343 new discoveries)

2152 Quasars

with position & magnitude

Data collected over 14 months

Magnitude distribution



1 day on Gaia

- 637,000,000 astrometric measurements
- 155,000,000 photometric measurements
- 13,000,000 spectrometric measurements
- 70,000,000 celestial objects
- 40 GB of data downlinked to Earth

Data challenge so far

- >50 billion focal plane transits
- >110 billion photometric observations
- >9.4 billion spectroscopic observations
- ~120,000 hours of computing time to identify stars
- 6 data processing centres

www.esa.int

European Space Agency

Intermediate release -> Only positions and some proper motions
No Colors or Radial Velocities

Precisions: in mas (but will be in μmas at the end)

ASTROMETRIC UNCERTAINTY

TGAS - astrometric uncertainties

	All TGAS sources			Hipparcos subset		
	10%	50%	90%	10%	50%	90%
G magnitude	9.29	11.04	12.05	7.00	8.32	9.73
position (mas)	0.20	0.32	0.75	0.20	0.26	0.46
parallax (mas)	0.24	0.32	0.64	0.23	0.28	0.48
proper motion (mas yr^{-1})	0.72	1.32	3.19	0.04	0.07	0.14

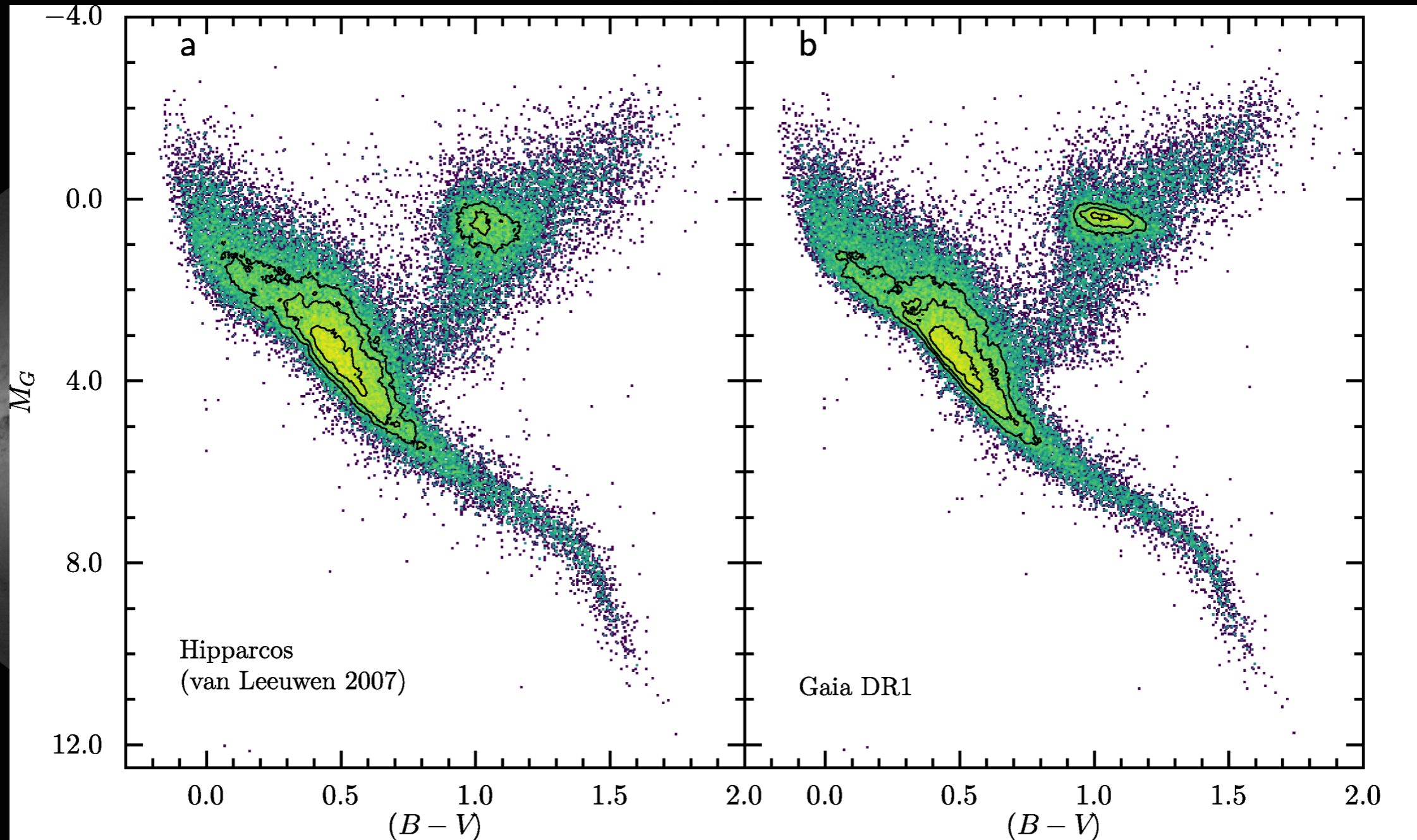
These are precisions. There is an additional systematic parallax error of ± 0.3 mas.

Secondary set - positional uncertainties

G mag	fraction	10%	50%	90%
< 16	7%	0.1	0.3	5.3
16-17	7%	0.2	0.5	12.1
17-18	12%	0.3	0.8	12.4
18-19	21%	0.5	1.5	13.7
19-20	30%	0.9	2.7	16.6
20-21	22%	1.9	2.4	21.5
All	100%	0.35	2.4	16.3

Quantile positional precisions in mas.

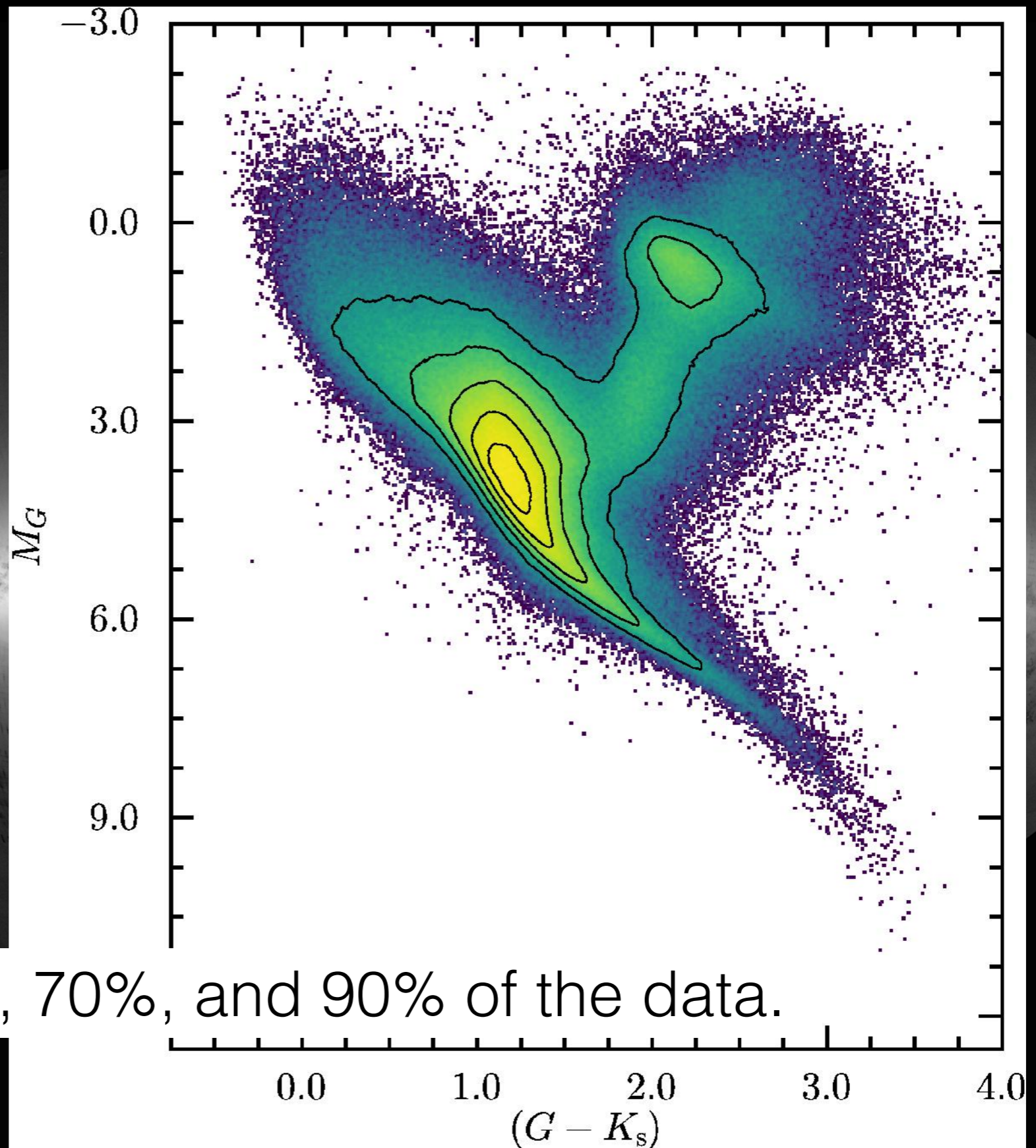
Comparison with Hipparcos



Gaia Collaboration et al. 2016

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Color Magnitude Diagram



10%, 30%, 50%, 70%, and 90% of the data.

Gaia Collaboration et al. 2016

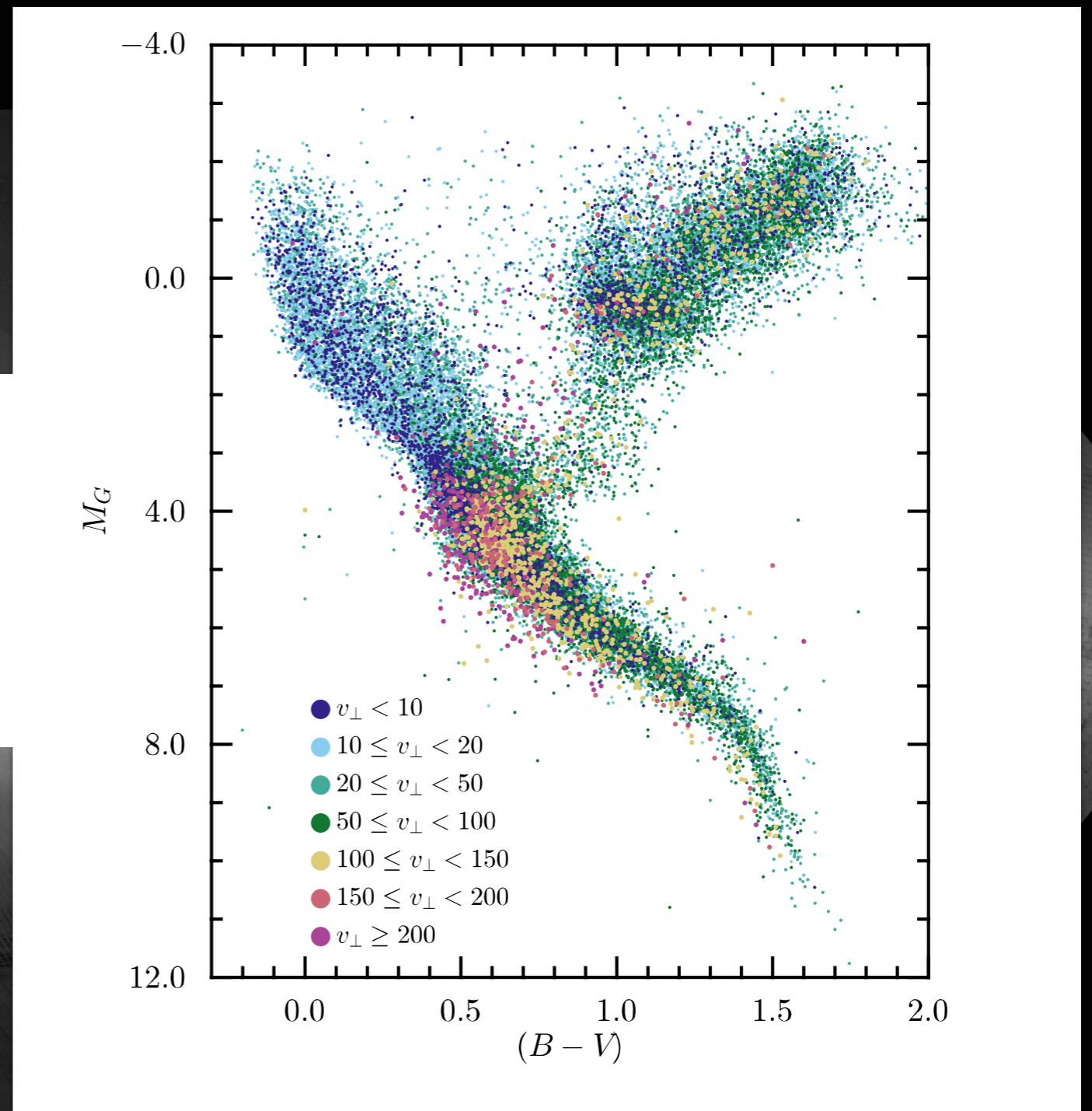
Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

Color Magnitude Diagram

Young disk

Old disk (metal rich)

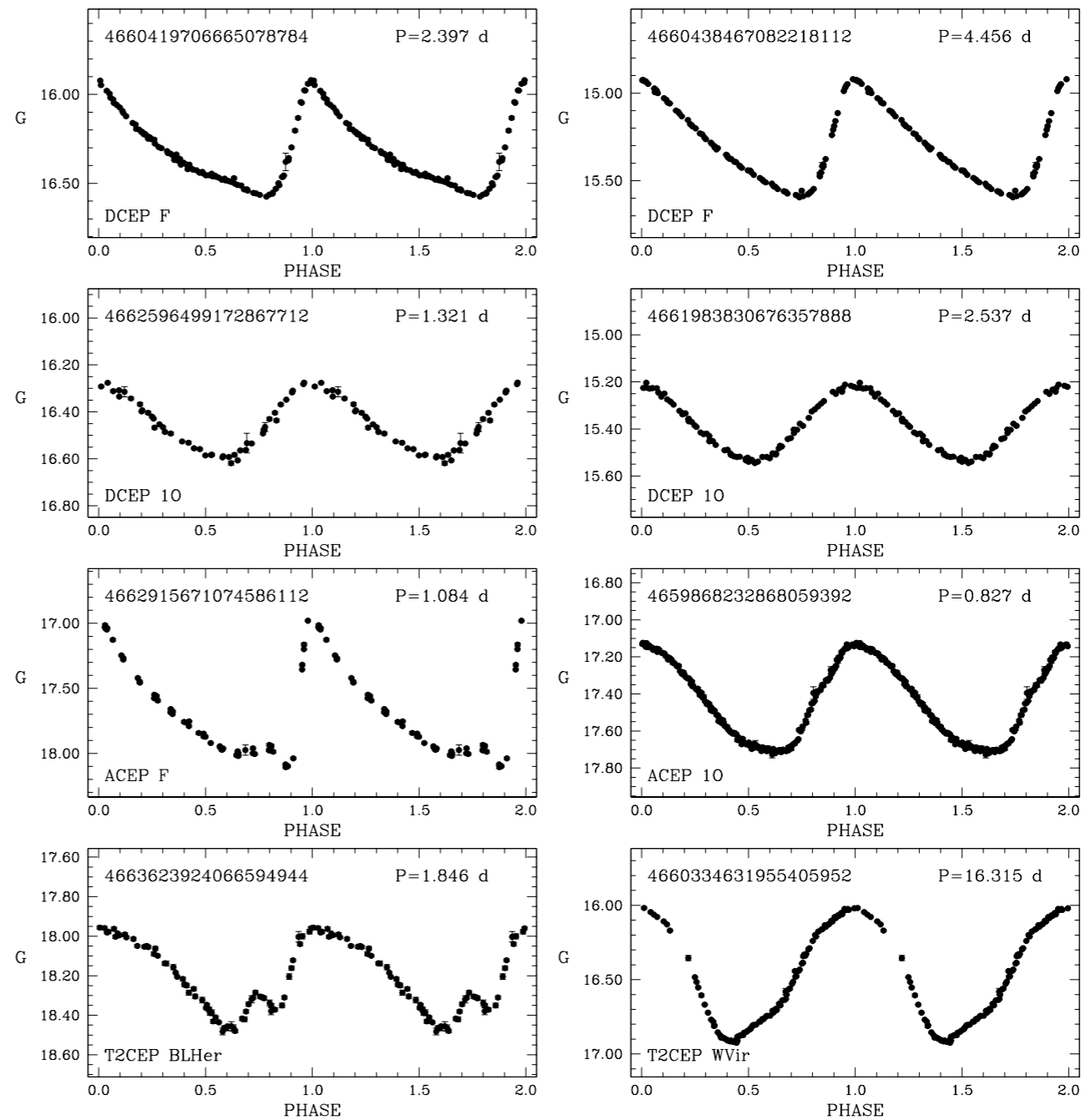
Halo (metal poor)



Gaia Collaboration et al. 2016

Variable stars Light Curves

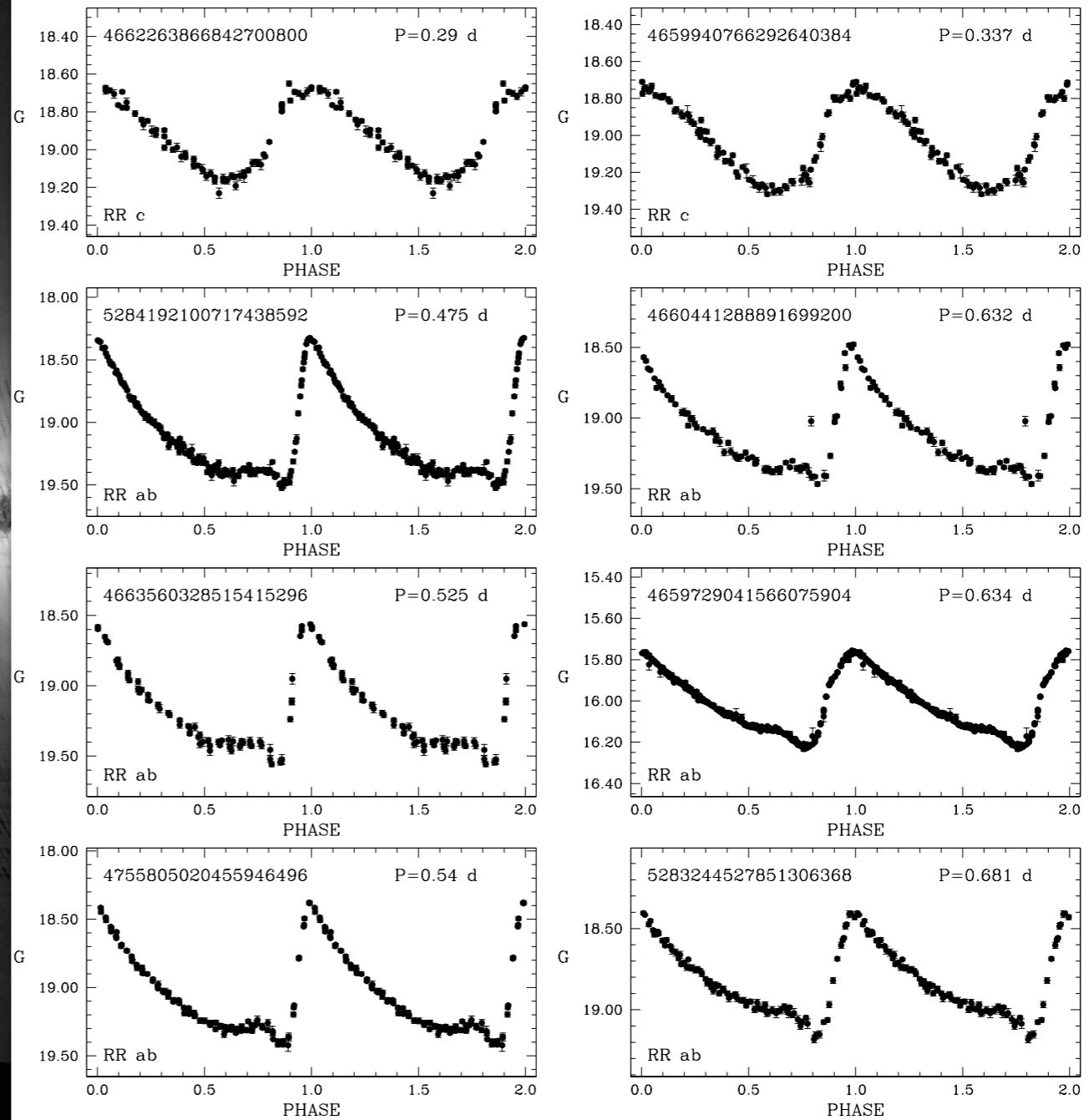
599 Cepheid
(43 new)



Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

Variable stars Light Curves

2595 RR-Lyrae
(343 new)



The very first paper after GDR1

APJ LETTERS, SUBMITTED, SEPTEMBER 14, 2016
Preprint typeset using L^AT_EX style emulateapj v. 5/2/11

FIRST GAIA LOCAL GROUP DYNAMICS: MAGELLANIC CLOUDS PROPER MOTION AND ROTATION

ROELAND P. VAN DER MAREL

Space Telescope Science Institute, 3700 San Martin Drive, Baltimore, MD 21218

JOHANNES SAHLMANN

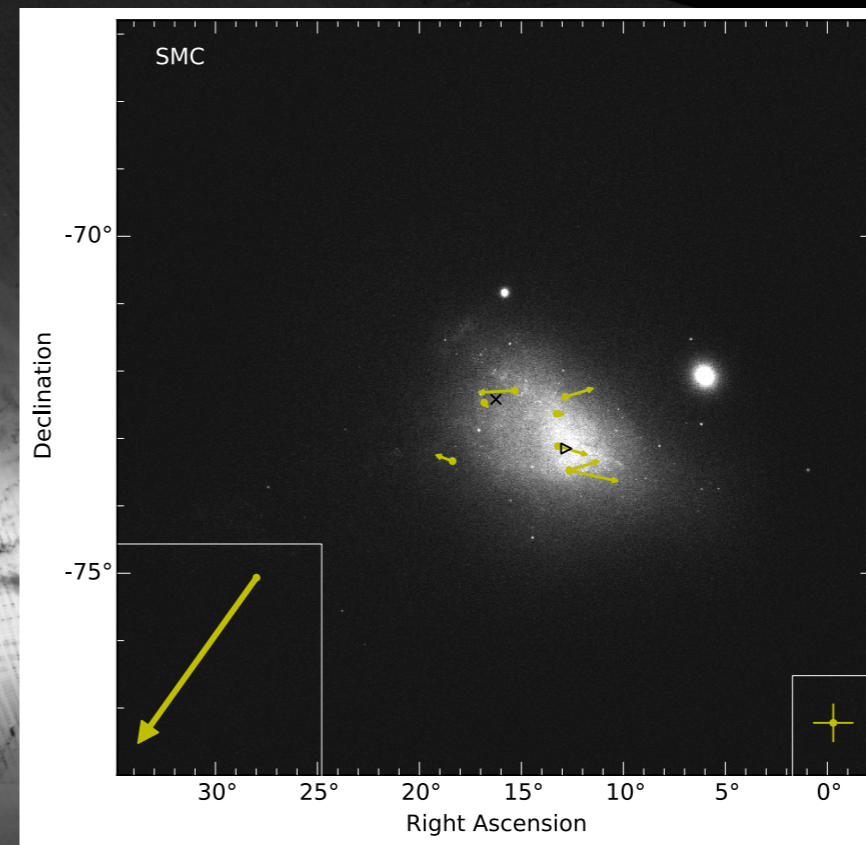
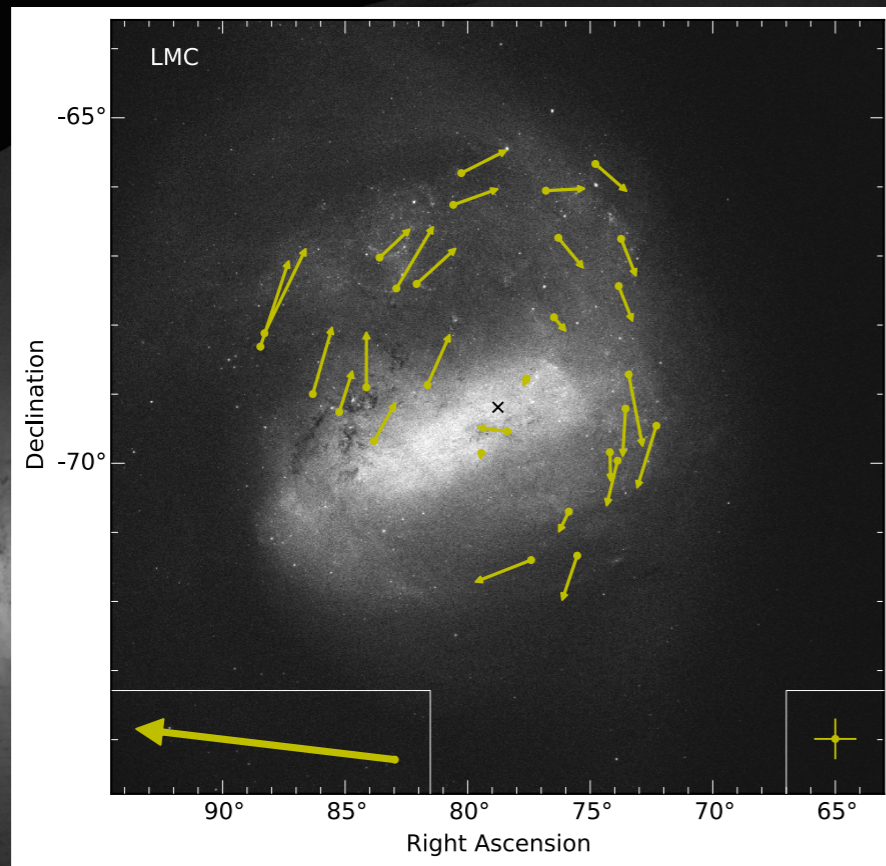
European Space Agency, Space Telescope Science Institute, 3700 San Martin Drive, Baltimore, MD 21218, USA

ApJ Letters, submitted, September 14, 2016

ABSTRACT

We use the *Gaia* data release 1 (DR1) to study the proper motion (PM) fields of the Large and Small Magellanic Clouds (LMC, SMC). This uses the *Tycho-Gaia* Astrometric Solution (TGAS) PMs for 29 *Hipparcos* stars in the LMC and 8 in the SMC. The LMC PM in the West and North directions is inferred to be $(\mu_W, \mu_N) = (-1.872 \pm 0.045, 0.224 \pm 0.054)$ mas yr⁻¹, and the SMC PM $(\mu_W, \mu_N) = (-0.874 \pm 0.066, -1.229 \pm 0.047)$ mas yr⁻¹. These results have similar accuracy and agree to within the uncertainties with existing Hubble Space Telescope (*HST*) PM measurements.

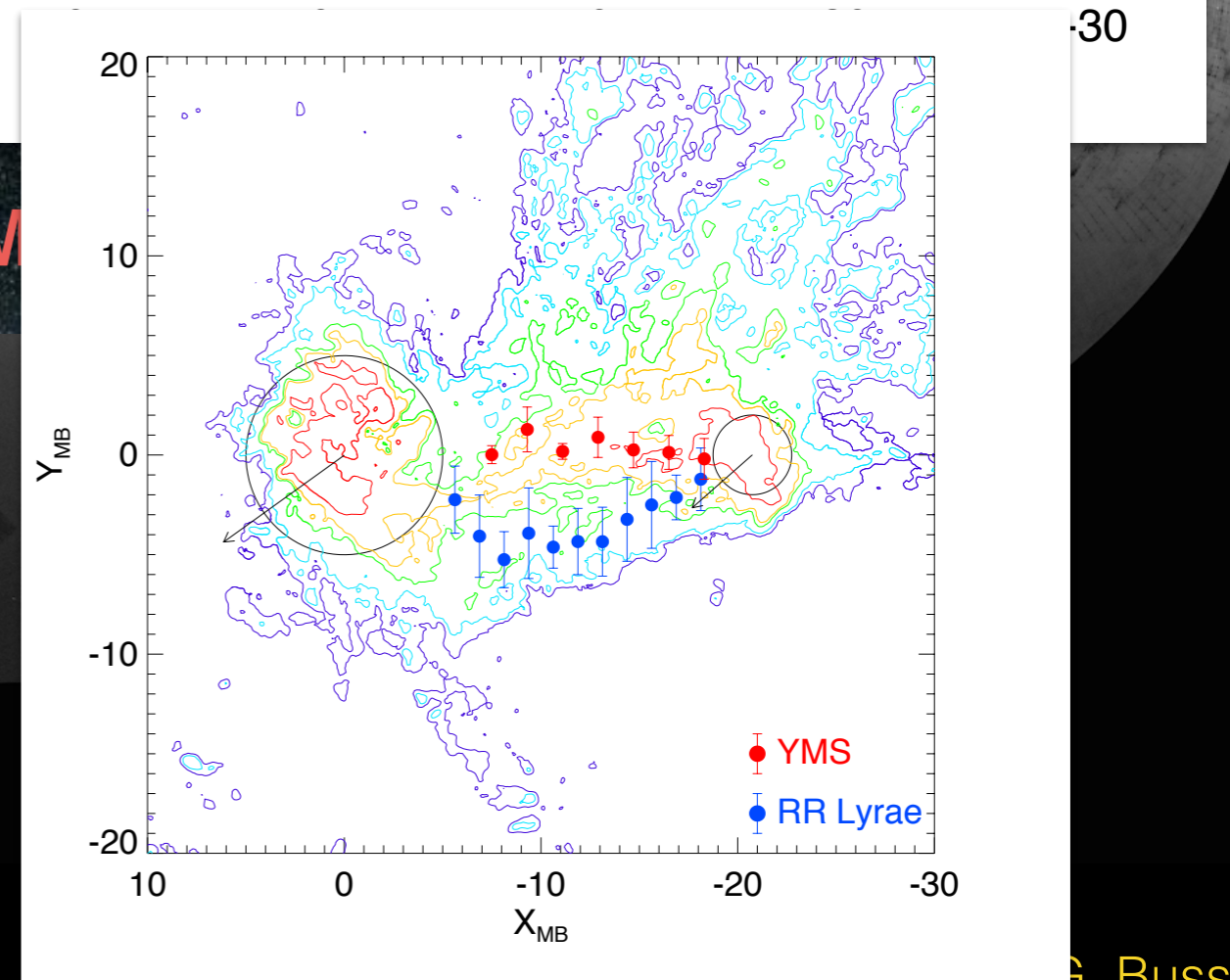
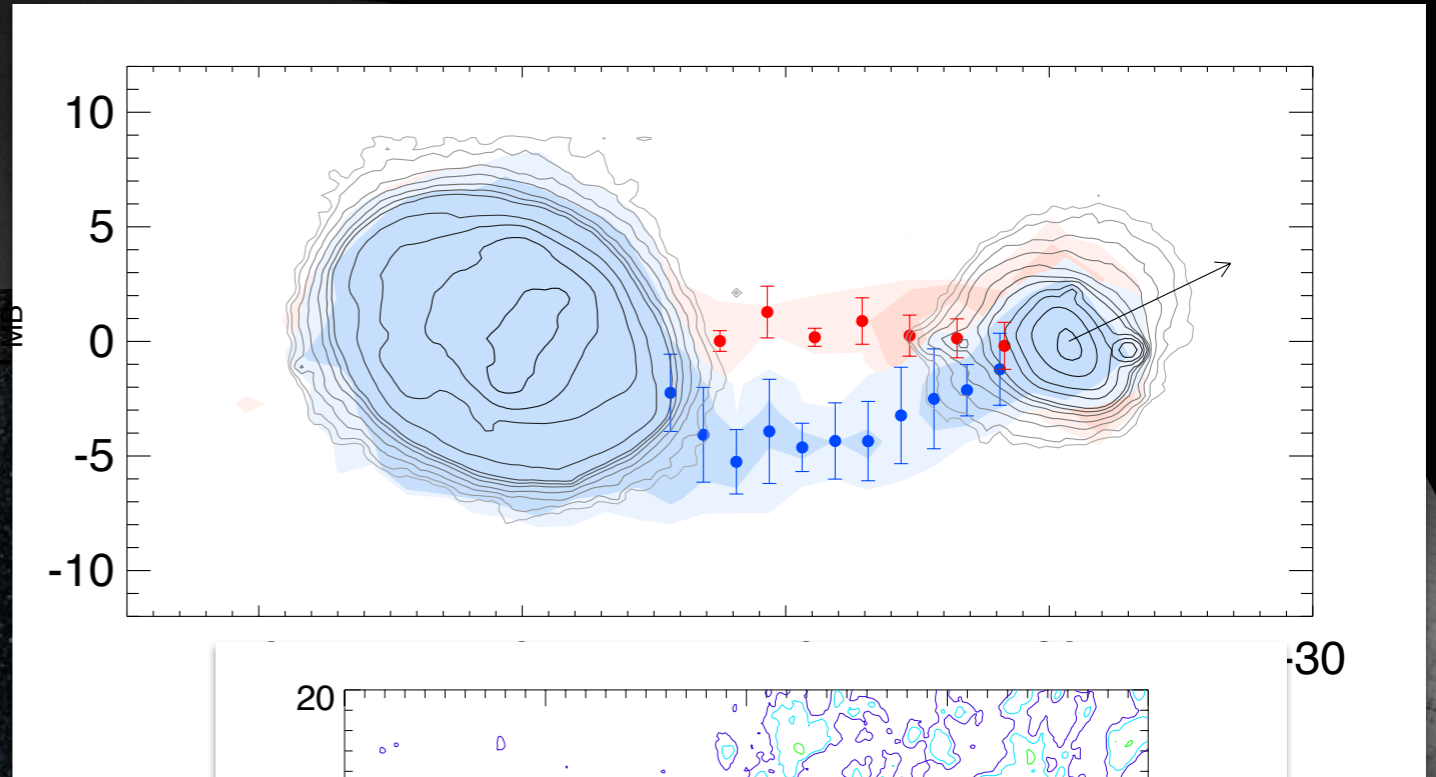
The very first paper after GDR1



Confirm of rotation of Large and Small Magellanic Clouds

Magellanic Clouds, Streams and Bridges

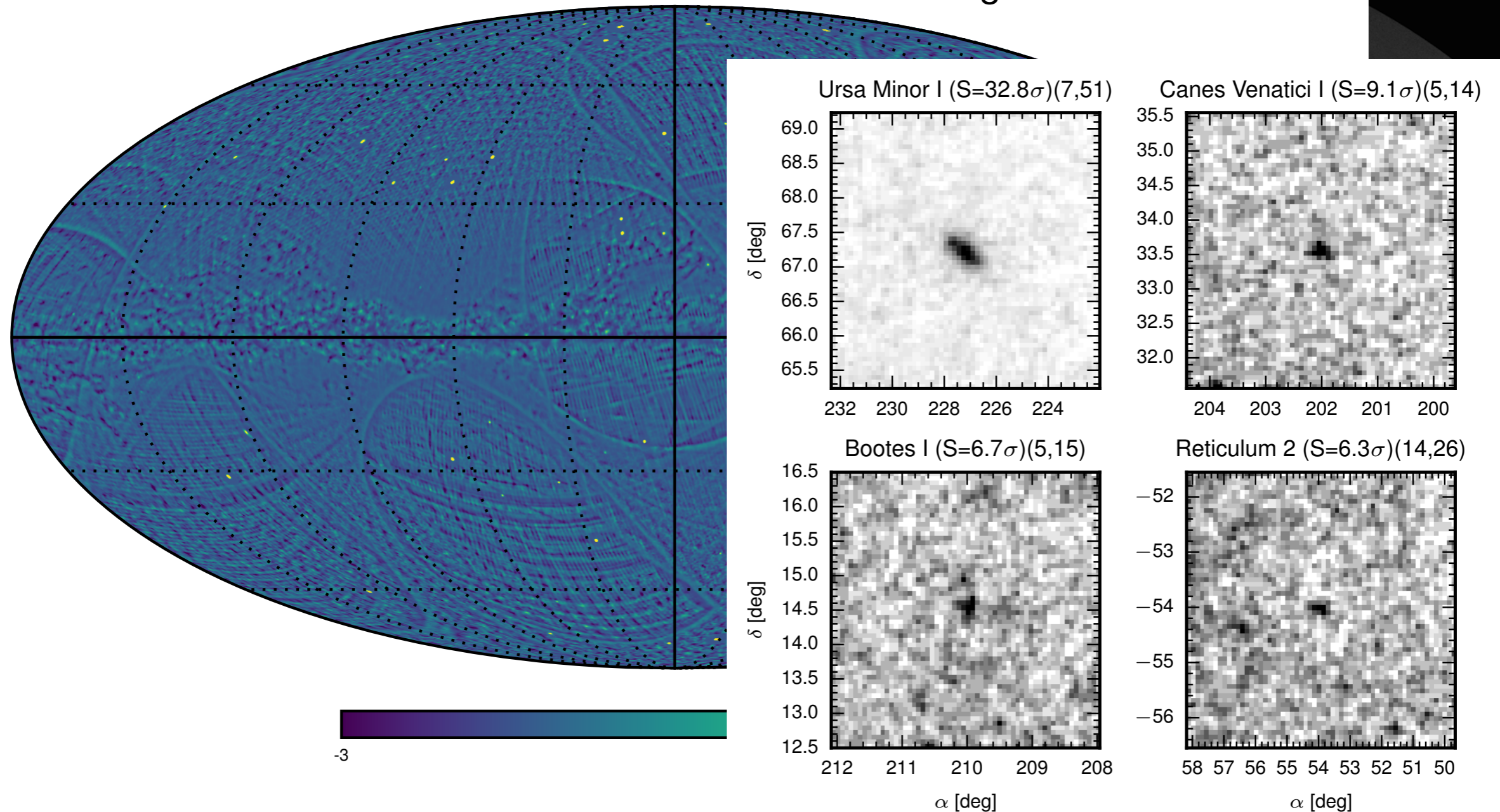
Known bridge
of neutral H



Two new star clusters!

(Koposov, Belokurov and Torrealba, IoA, Cambridge)

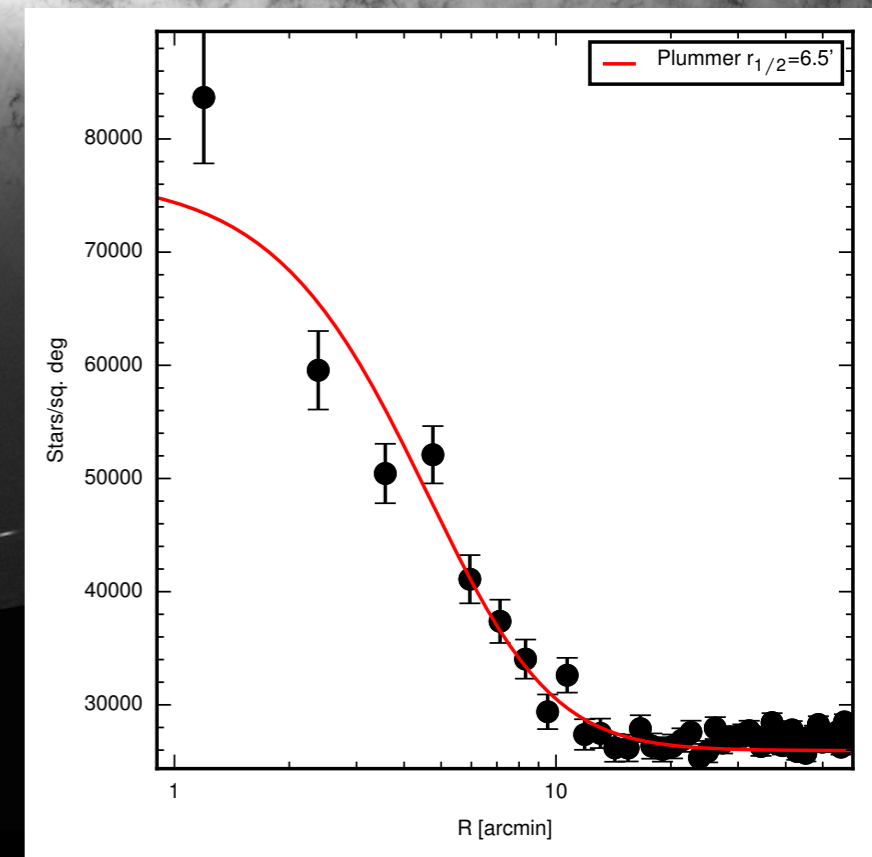
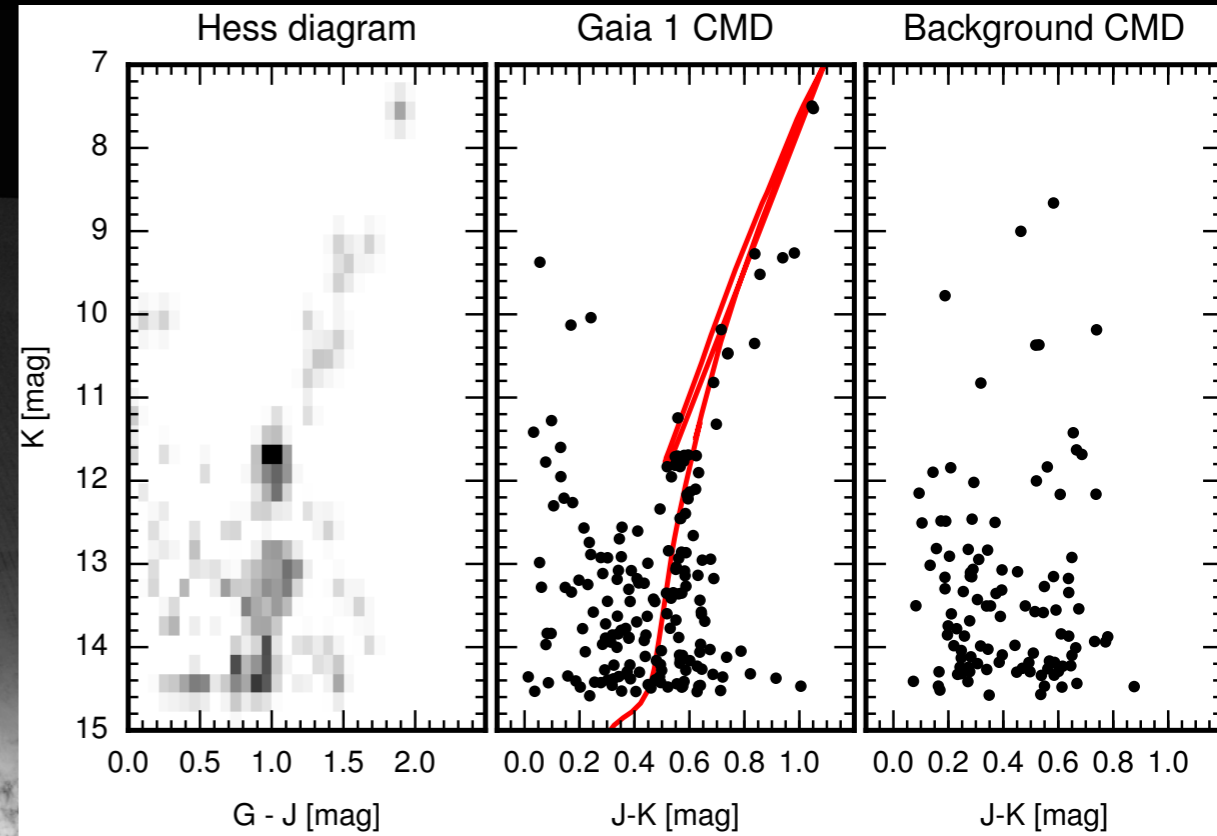
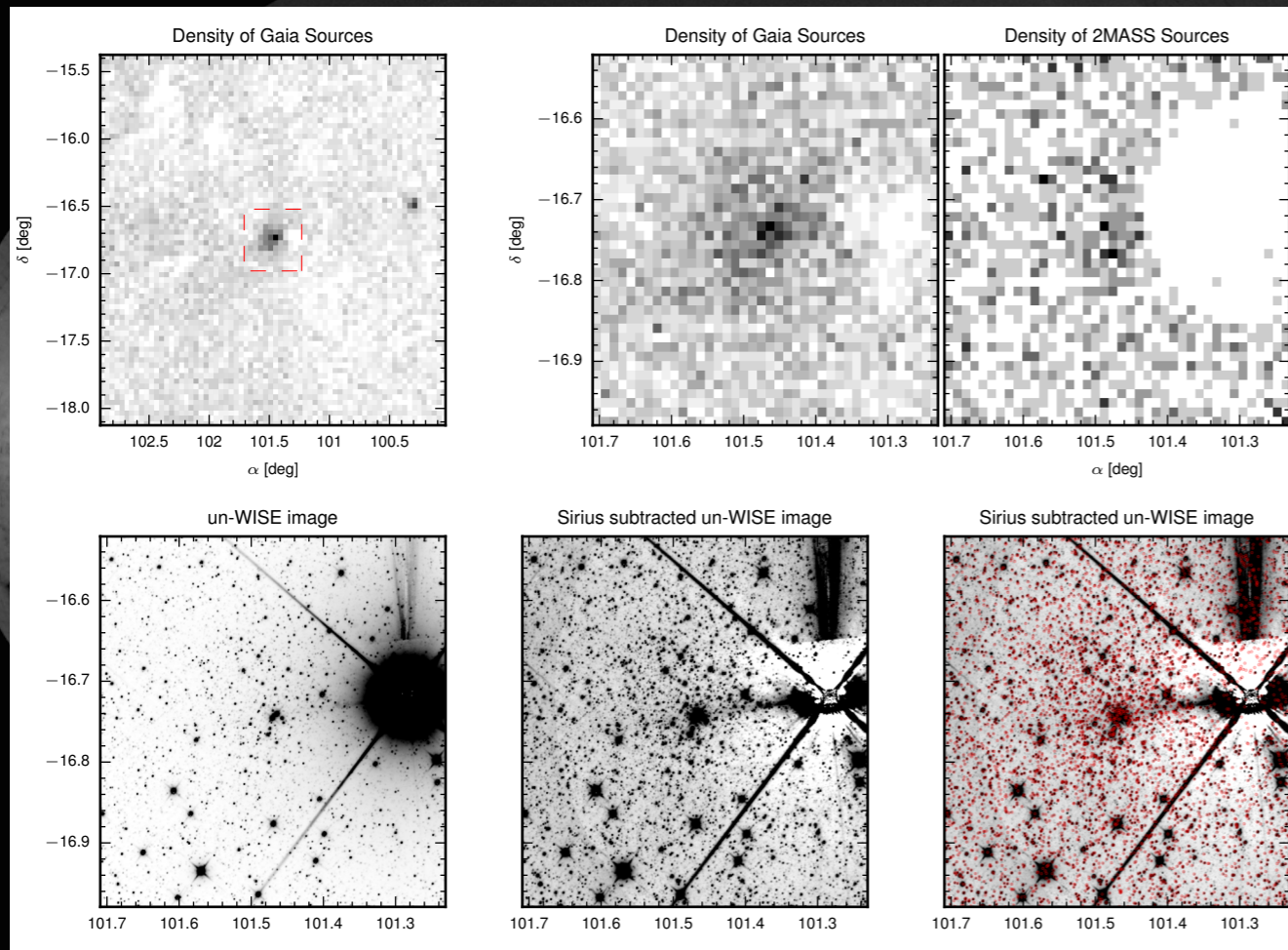
Looking at star overdensities



Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

Two new star clusters!

Gaia 1 (10σ) It can't be Sirius..

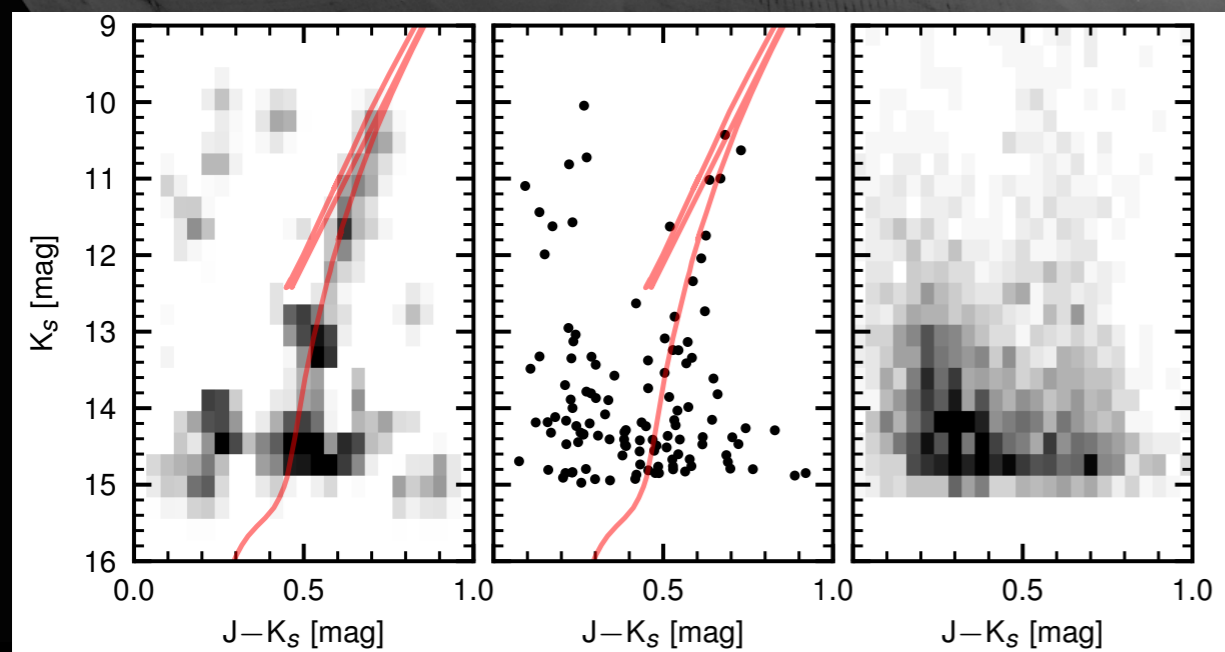
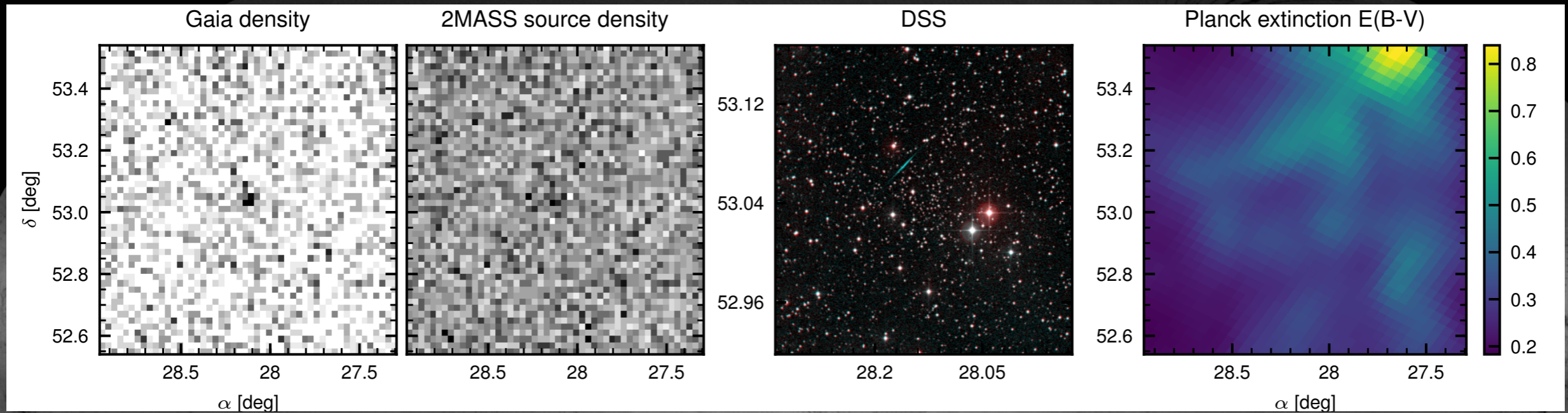


$d = 4.6 \text{ kpc} \pm 0.2 \text{ kpc}$
 Age = 6.3 Gyr
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -0.7$

Globular cluster
 or
 Old Open Cluster

Two new star clusters!

Gaia 2 (9σ)



$d = 5.5 \text{ kpc} \pm 0.2 \text{ kpc}$
Age = 10 Gyr
[Fe/H] = -1

Globular cluster
or
Old Open Cluster

Science Alerts

Promptness of publication

- Upstream processing delivers data **~24+ hours after observation**, roughly one run per day
- Alerts processing (light-curve assembly, calibration, transient detection and classification) takes up to **6 hours per run**
- Publication latency after alerts processing:
 - If classification & selection is automatic: ~ **minutes**
 - If classification & selection is manual: ~ **hours** to ~ **days**

Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

Science Alerts

<http://gsaweb.ast.cam.ac.uk/alerts/home>



Gaia Photometric Science Alerts

To browse the alerts published so far, please see the [Alert Index](#) tab. The table provides links to the per-source alert pages, including lightcurves and BP/RP spectra.

STATUS: Operational. Now you can receive alerts

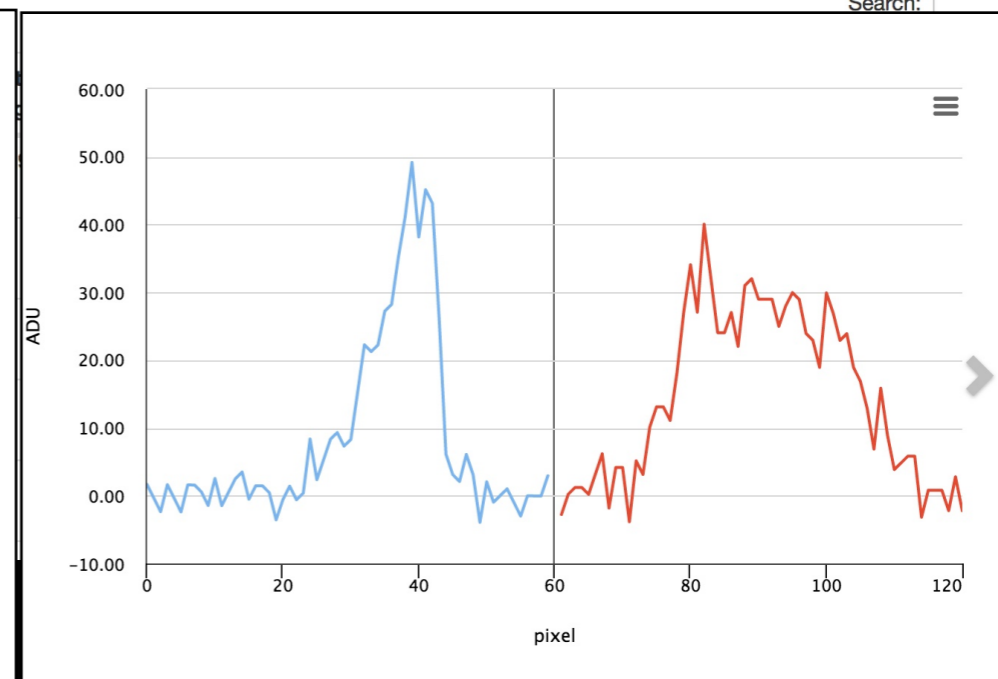
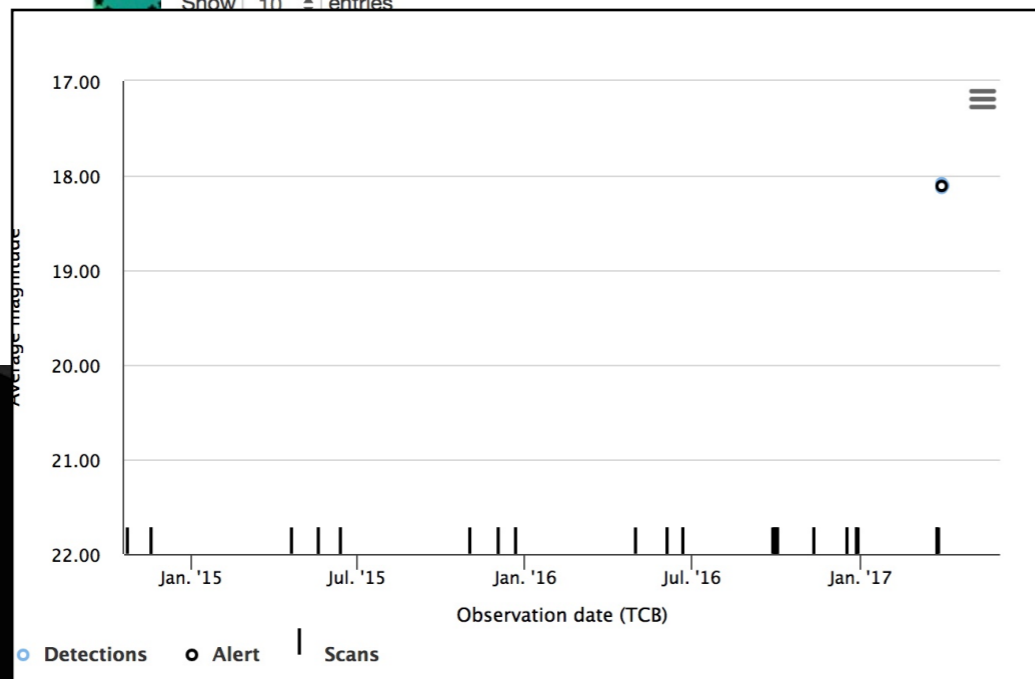
Index to Gaia Photometric Alerts

If you publish any results based on these Gaia discoveries, we would appreciate an acknowledgement along the lines of: *We acknowledge ESA Gaia, DPAC and the Photometric Science Alerts Team (<http://gsaweb.ast.cam.ac.uk/alerts>).*

These are all the alerts raised to date. You might wish to view or download these as a [table in CSV format](#) or using any of the tools described in [Tools](#) page.

See [here](#) for an explanation of the columns.

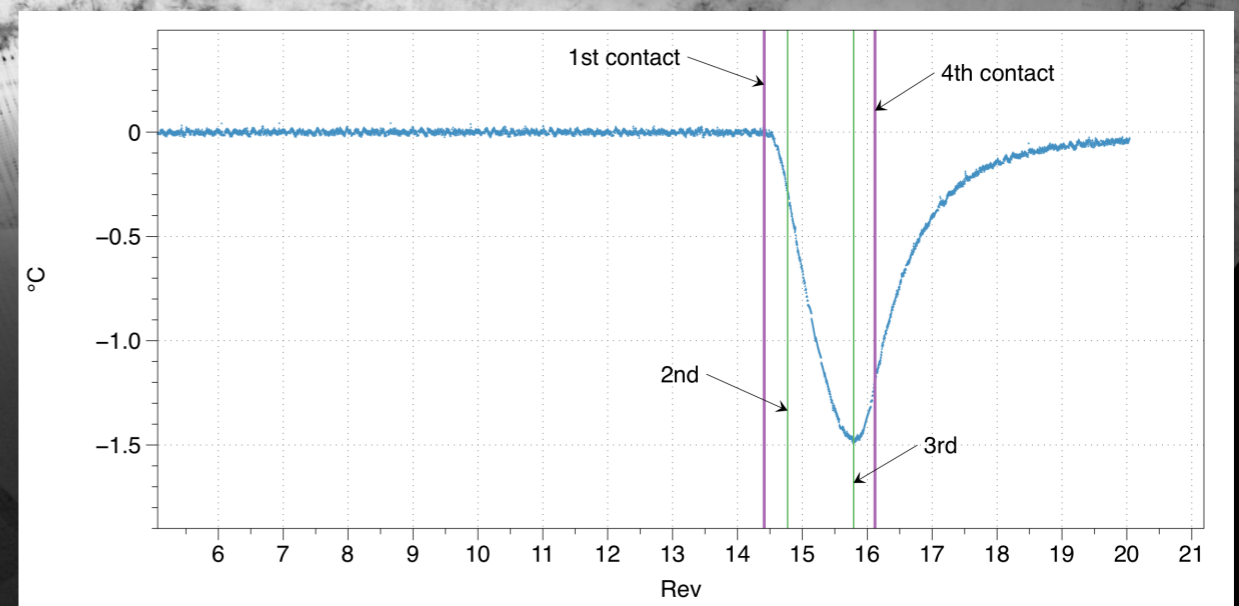
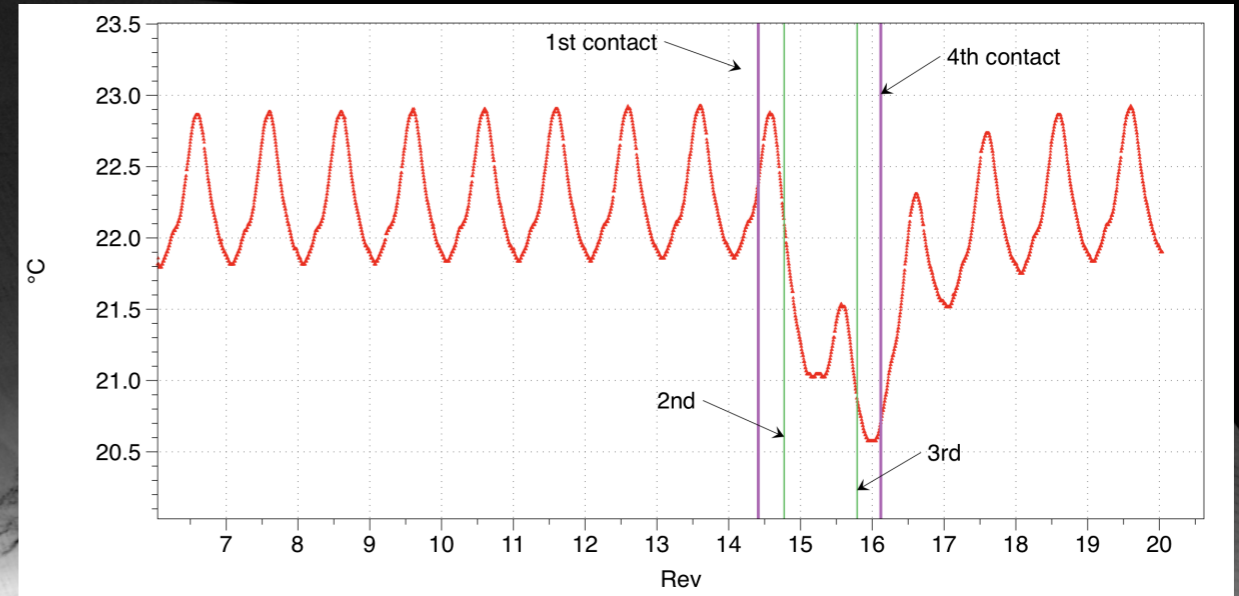
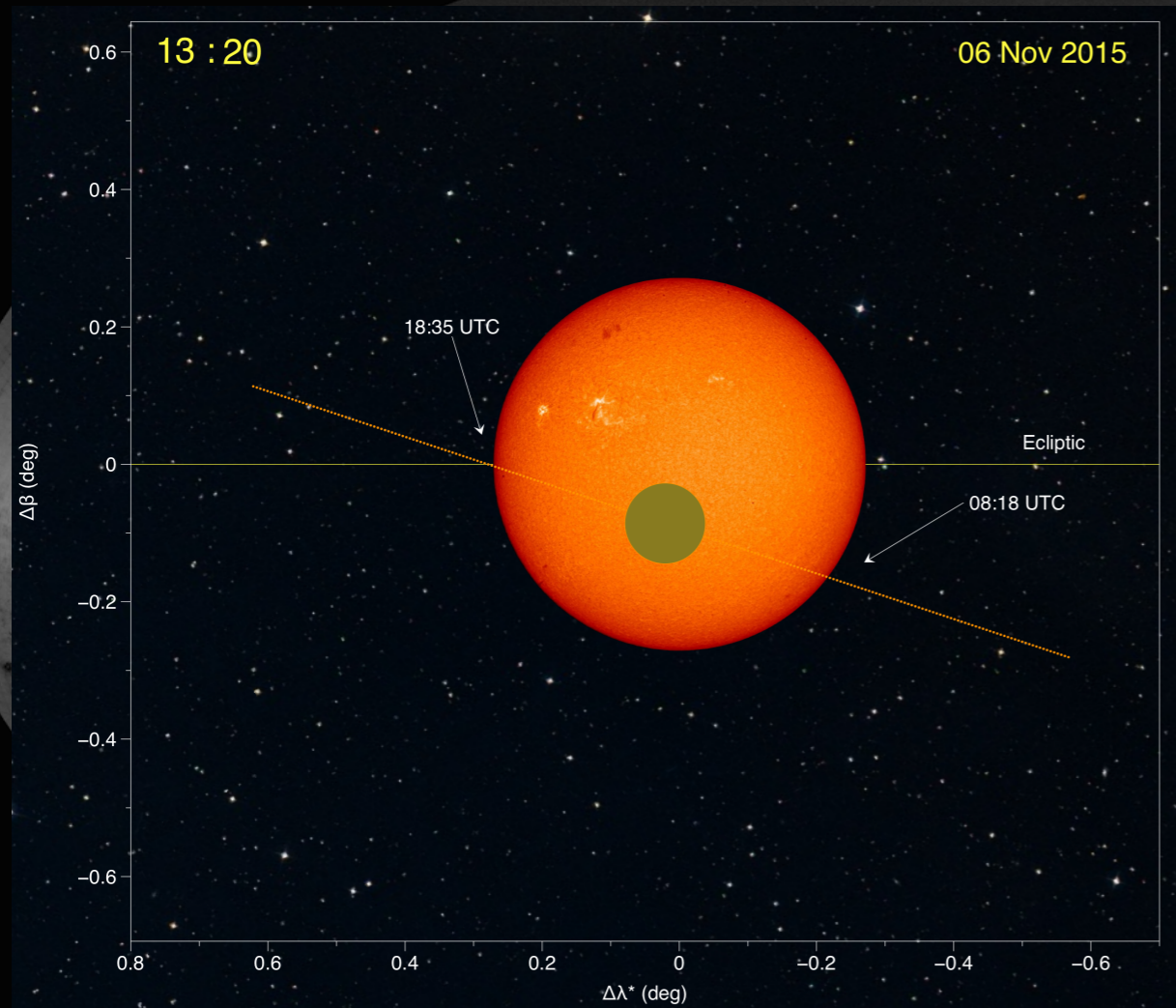
Show 10 entries



Search:

> 0.5 mag fainter
B+7059453
254514, GS-TEC
30018.4, GS-TEC
SDSS
la at t=2

Another way of looking at Moon Transits



Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

If you want to follow Gaia on your phone:

<https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/gaia/gaia-app>



Description
Gaia is a European Space Agency (ESA) satellite.
It's five year mission is to construct the largest and most precise 3D map of our galaxy, the Milky Way, this will
[Gaia Alerts Support](#) [...More](#)

Screenshots iPhone | iPad

View in iTunes

This app is designed for both iPhone and iPad

Free
Category: Education
Released: Sep 17, 2016
Version: 1.0
Size: 77.2 MB
Language: English
Seller: University of Cambridge
© G&G AstroEducation Ltd
Rated 4+

Compatibility: Requires iOS 8.1 or later. Compatible with iPhone, iPad, and iPod touch.

<https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/gaia-alerts/id1144470584>

Android soon on GooglePlay

[mt=8](#)

GDR2

- 5-parameter astrometric solutions for all sources (positions, parallax, proper motions);
- G and integrated GBP and GRP photometric fluxes and magnitudes for all sources. -> colors!
- Median radial velocities for sources brighter than GRVS=12 mag.
- For stars $G < 17$ mag T_{eff} and line-of-sight extinction
- Photometric data for a sample of variable stars.
- Epoch astrometry for a pre-selected list of $> 10,000$ asteroids

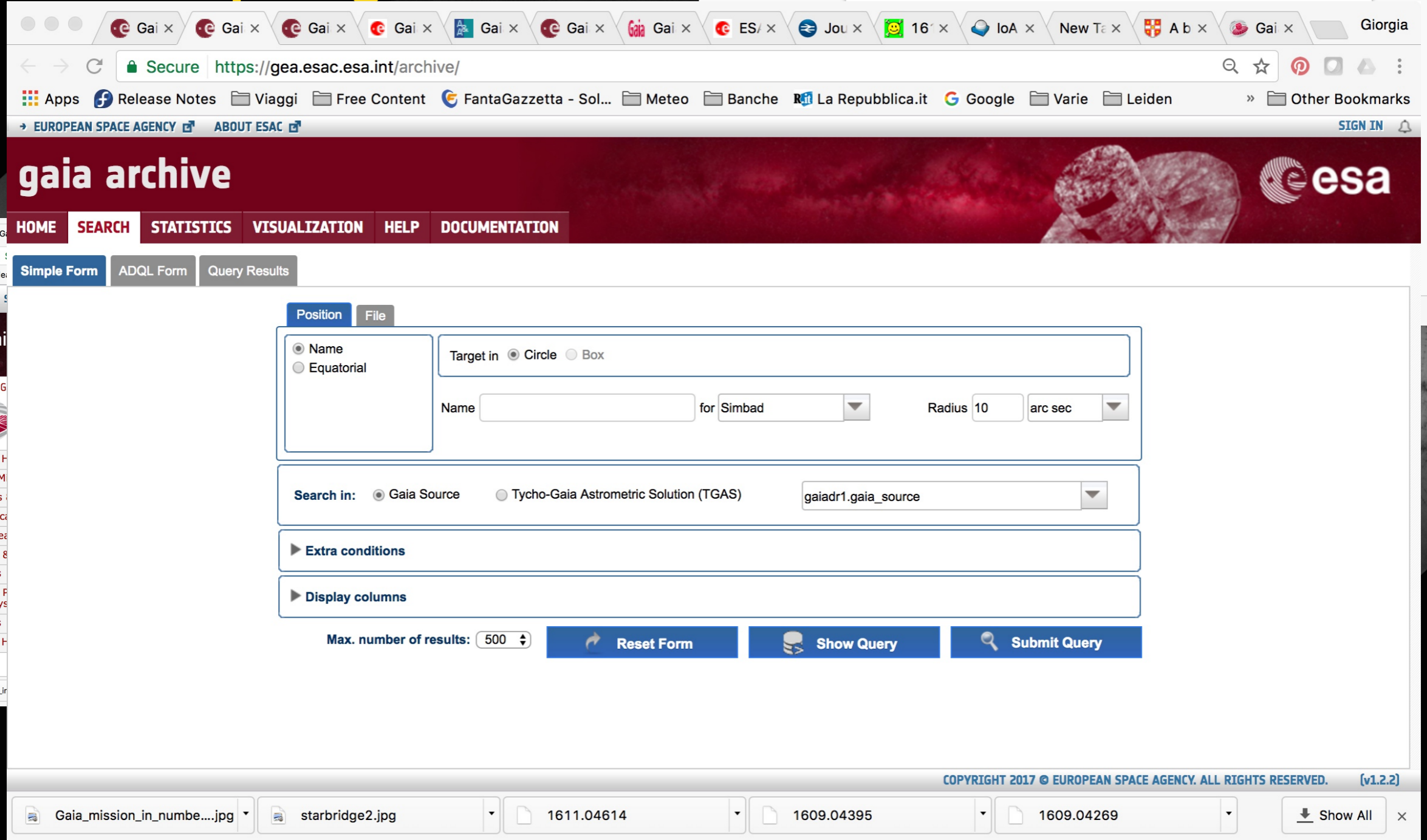
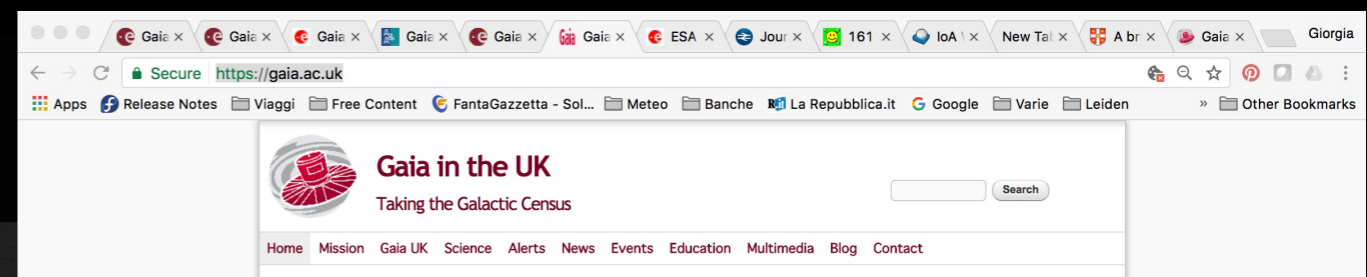
!!April 2018!!

stay tuned..

Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

Links

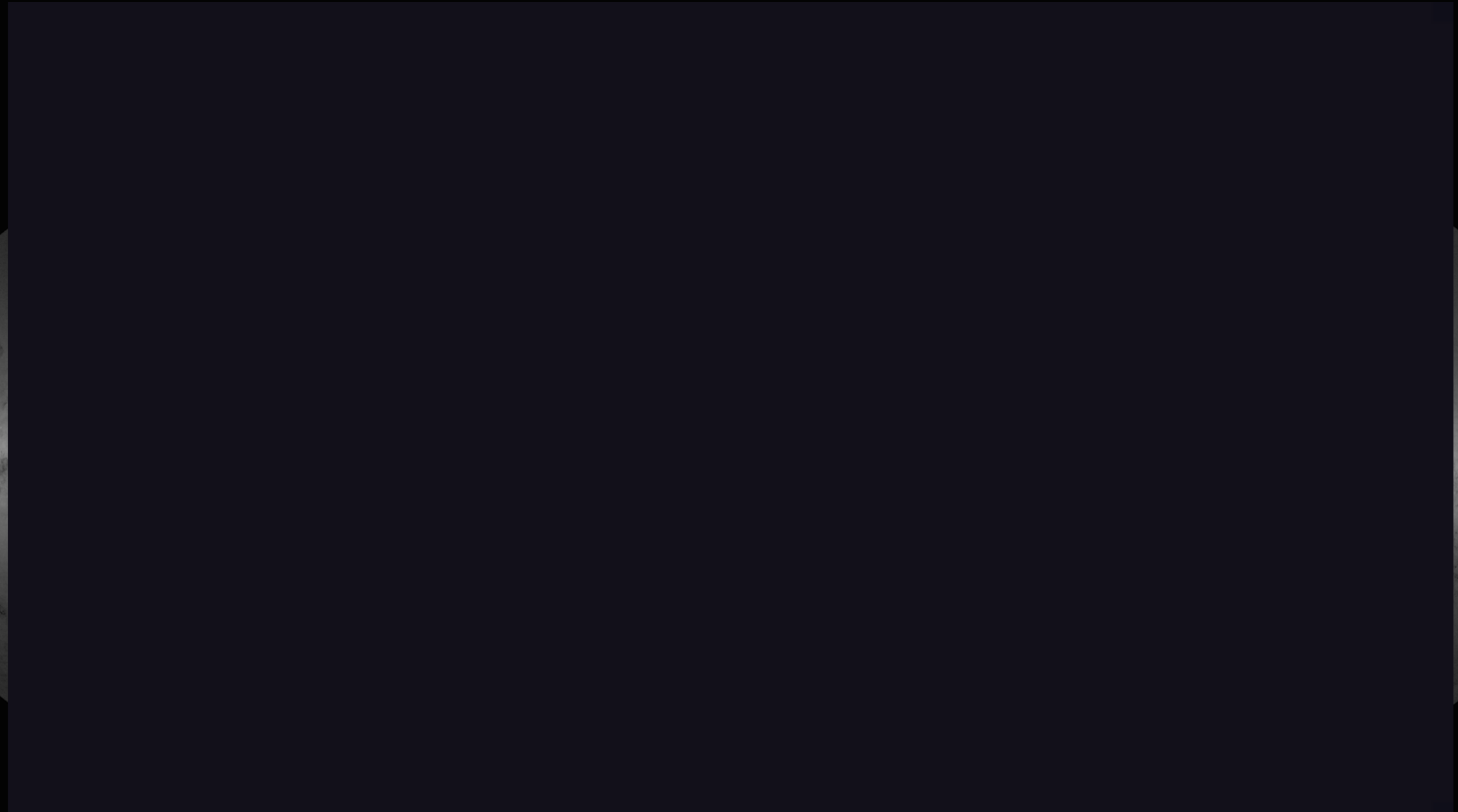
<https://gaia.ac.uk/>



<https://gea.esac.esa.int/archive/>

Gaia Mission: looking at the first data release

GaiaSky



<https://zah.uni-heidelberg.de/gaia/outreach/gaiasky/>